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GroupWise Software Developer Kit Overview

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About This Guide

This overview provides a summary of each GroupWise SDK component and explains how you can use them to customize GroupWise to fit your needs.

Communication is essential for an organization to succeed. In today's business world, information can be communicated in various ways: simple email, memos, and sticky notes; or large and complex documents, data, audio, graphics, and video files. But if the way information is captured makes it difficult to organize, preserve, and access, the information is of little value.

The GroupWise architecture enhances communication by treating any electronically captured information as a basic element—called a message—regardless of its format. With GroupWise, the way information is captured is not an issue. The key to making that information valuable lies in how it can be easily organized, shared, preserved, and accessed. That's why GroupWise is built on a messaging architecture. And that's why GroupWise is messaging.

This guide contains the following sections:

- ♦ [“GroupWise SDK Concepts” on page 7](#)
- ♦ [“GroupWise SDK Components” on page 11](#)

Audience

This guide is intended for developers who want to use the components of the GroupWise SDK.

Feedback

We want to hear your comments and suggestions about this manual and the other documentation included with this product. Please use the User Comments feature at the bottom of each page of the online documentation.

1 GroupWise SDK Concepts

The GroupWise SDK consists of various strategic components that work together to give you a complete and robust environment for extending GroupWise functionality.

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You might also be interested in Formativ, an Integrated Development Environment (IDE) for GroupWise, which abstracts the GroupWise APIs and makes customizing and enhancing GroupWise even easier. Formativ's IDE is integrated directly into GroupWise and appears as a natural extension of the GroupWise client. It gives you the power to develop a wide range of applications, enhancements, and utilities for GroupWise with less coding and less effort than before. For more information on OpenText's long-time partners and their Formativ product, see the [Advansys Web site \(http://www.advansyscorp.com/formativ.htm\)](http://www.advansyscorp.com/formativ.htm).

This section describes the GroupWise architecture and explains GroupWise terminology that may be unfamiliar to new users, including the following:

- ♦ “Terminology” on page 7
- ♦ “Administration and Management” on page 8
- ♦ “Directory Replication and Synchronization” on page 9

Terminology

You can better understand GroupWise if you understand the terms used within the architecture.

Administration and Management is responsible for directory and system administration tools to maintain the GroupWise Address Book and configuration information about your GroupWise installation.

The *message store system* is a series of *post offices* on the network. It securely houses your information in the form of calendars, messages, documents, indexes, and folders.

The *message transfer system* is composed of *message transfer agents* (MTAs) which route messages between the post offices, gateways, and directory agents.

The *client* provides the user interface to the services in GroupWise.

Third-party interfaces consist of GroupWise implementations of industry standard APIs and GroupWise-specific APIs to support developers who extend the functionality of your GroupWise system.

Administration and Management

GroupWise administration has changed over the years. In GroupWise 8 and 12, GroupWise used NetIQ eDirectory as its master directory for administration through ConsoleOne. In GroupWise 14, we introduced the GroupWise Admin Console for administration and now allow you to connect to either eDirectory or Microsoft Active Directory for user information.

A simple GroupWise system is a collection of data storage areas and agent programs. Understanding GroupWise data storage and agent relationships is important to understanding how a GroupWise system is administered.

Data Storage

User data is generated when a user creates a message (email, calendar, notes) or document and is stored at a GroupWise post office and moved through the system by the message transport subsystem. *Administrator data* defines the system's organizational structure, its users, and various grouping and naming objects. Configuration information for agent programs is also found in the administrator data.

The GroupWise *Directory* refers to all administrator data in a GroupWise system. A copy of the administrator data is stored at each post office and domain in the system.

Agents

GroupWise has a set of processes, called *agents*, that manipulate the system's data so it can be properly stored and accessed. There are three distinct types of agents: the Post Office Agent (POA), the Message Transfer Agent (MTA), and the Internet Agent (GWIA).

Object Classes

The administration of GroupWise requires the ability to manipulate objects in the system. Each major object class in GroupWise is described below.

Object Class	Description
domain	A directory object that contains a set of post offices, agents, and connectivity agents, and information about the way they link (pass data) to other domains in the system. A domain is the topmost object in the GroupWise object hierarchy. An important attribute of the domain is the path to the location of the administrator data file.
post office	The location where user data is stored and accessed. An attribute of the post office object is the path to the location of the message databases and subdirectories. Another attribute identifies the users who access their data at the post office.
user	A person who is authorized to use the GroupWise system. Each user object has a distinguished directory name and a GroupWise address which consists of the domain and post office the user belongs to and the user's name.

Object Class	Description
resource	A non-user object which can be scheduled. Meeting rooms and equipment are examples of resource objects.
distribution list	A list of users and/or resources which receive any message addressed to the distribution list.
library	A storage location for documents with an associated access list and profile attribute set. An attribute defines the locations where the documents will be stored.
agent	A process that works on a specific set of GroupWise data. The Post Office Agent delivers messages to the user data store. The Message Transfer Agent transports messages between domains and post offices.
connectivity agent	An agent that provides conversion from GroupWise to another message or communication protocol. The Internet Agent transfers messages two and from Internet email systems.

Directory Replication and Synchronization

Administrator data is stored in the GroupWise primary domain's directory database and is propagated to the system's other domain and post office databases. User information is pulled from NetIQ eDirectory or Microsoft Active Directory and stored in the domain and post office databases.

A GroupWise domain can be a primary, secondary, external, or foreign domain. The domain's type determines how it participates in the replication of directory data. The domain types are described below.

Domain Type	Description
Primary	There is only one primary domain in a GroupWise system. All directory updates must pass through this domain. Every change is sent to the primary domain from the originating domain. The primary domain then propagates the change to the rest of the system.
Secondary	A secondary domain participates fully in the replication of administrator data, but all changes made at the secondary domain are sent to the primary domain for propagation.
External	An external domain is considered a separate GroupWise system, and by default, receives no Administration data but can be configured to participate in a system's directory synchronization. The GroupWise administrator specifies which objects to replicate from the external domain, and the administrator of the external domain specifies which objects can be replicated.
Foreign	A foreign domain is an external system that is not GroupWise. GroupWise does not replicate foreign domains because directory format is unknown. Many foreign domains can participate in directory information exchange through a gateway to GroupWise. Foreign domains are provided so addresses from outside systems can be published in the GroupWise Address Book.

2 GroupWise SDK Components

GroupWise opens up advanced workgroup computing interfaces and access methods through its various APIs. Because these components and services are delivered as part of the GroupWise product, you can access them smoothly and easily. Features such as the rich message store, document store, and message transport capabilities are available through the GroupWise engine. You can access these components and services using various standard tools and access methods including COM, OLE Automation, OCX/ActiveX, C/C++, Java, and DDE.

The table below gives a comparative list of GroupWise components, tools, and access methods.

Component	COM	OLE Automation	OCX/ActiveX	C/C++	Java	DDE
C3PO	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
IMAP						
Object API	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Tokens	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes
WebAccess Customization	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	
Web Services						

NOTE: GroupWise 2014 added a number of code optimizations and new features, including improved support for applications using the GroupWise SOAP interface, iCalendar support and click-to-call integrations.

- ◆ [“Admin REST API” on page 12](#)
- ◆ [“Custom Third-Party Objects \(C3POs\)” on page 12](#)
- ◆ [“IMAP” on page 12](#)
- ◆ [“Object API” on page 12](#)
- ◆ [“Tokens” on page 12](#)
- ◆ [“Web Services” on page 13](#)

IMPORTANT: Unless otherwise marked, the features in the GroupWise components will work with GroupWise 8 and later versions.

Admin REST API

The GroupWise Administrative Service provides access to GroupWise administrative data and functionality through a REST API. Use custom scripts or applications to perform administrative operations from anywhere.

See the [GroupWise SDK: Administration REST API Guide](#).

Custom Third-Party Objects (C3POs)

GroupWise C3PO lets you add menu and toolbar items to trigger applications and capture commands. It works with C++, Delphi*, or Visual Basic*. For example, you can modify the GroupWise client toolbar or define new record types in the GroupWise information store. Now the OnReady, OnDelivery, and OnShutDown events can all be handled in a C3PO and you can, for example, replace the current interface for a message type, such as GW.MESSAGE.NOTE.

See the [GroupWise SDK: Custom Third-Party Object \(C3PO\)](#).

IMAP

IMAP is a protocol that provides access to and manipulation of electronic mail messages that are stored on a server. IMAP includes operations for creating, deleting, and renaming mailboxes, checking for new messages; permanently removing messages; setting and clearing flags; and searching and filtering message attributes and texts. Support for the GroupWise implementation of IMAP is based on RFC 2060, version 4rev1 and RFC 3501.

See the [GroupWise IMAP SDK](#).

Object API

The Object API lets you see, use, and manipulate the GroupWise information store from outside GroupWise. With the Object API, you can create your own client application. It provides access to the GroupWise Address Book, documents, mail messages, appointments, tasks, notes, phone messages and workflow items. It supports OLE Automation, which is an industry standard for interfacing applications. It is simple to use with languages such as Delphi and Visual Basic, and can also be used with C/C++ languages.

See the [GroupWise SDK: Object API](#) and the [GroupWise SDK: Object Event Notification](#).

Tokens

Tokens assign names to low-level events, such as "save a file" and "send mail," and allow you to use tokens to operate as programs. While a C3PO lets you extend GroupWise objects, and the Object API lets you see and manipulate the GroupWise information store from outside GroupWise, tokens let

your solution command the GroupWise client from DLLs and DDE scripts using the Third-Party Handler. You can also use tokens to create Visual Basic executables that users can run from the client interface.

See the [GroupWise Tokens SDK](#).

Web Services

GroupWise Web Services provides developers with server-side access to user mailboxes. This programmatic access allows you to read and write directly to users' mailboxes by using industry standards such as XML, SOAP, and HTTP. GroupWise Web Services communicates directly with a user's post office agent (POA), and GroupWise schemas define the methods and structures that are used in the conversation with the GroupWise POA.

In addition to GroupWise Web Services, GroupWise gives you access to events or actions that occur on a GroupWise user's mailbox. This extension to GroupWise Web Services is called GroupWise Events. GroupWise Events is a Web service that allows you to programmatically configure and retrieve specific GroupWise events that have occurred on a user's mailbox.

See the [GroupWise SDK: Web Services \(SOAP\)](#) and the [GroupWise SDK: Web Services Events](#) guides.

