Novell Kerberos KDC

1.5 www.novell.com

April 8, 2008



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About This Guide

Kerberos is a standard protocol that provides a means of authenticating entities on a network and is based on a trusted third-party model. It involves shared secrets and uses symmetric key cryptography. Traditional Kerberos implementations store relevant Kerberos information pertaining to a realm in a database. Database propagation between KDCs are handled by vendor-specific protocols.

Novell[®] Kerberos KDC integrates Kerberos Authentication, Administration, and Password servers with eDirectory as data store. It moves Kerberos-specific data to eDirectory and provides Kerberos services using a KDC that accesses data stored in eDirectory. Novell[®] Kerberos KDC provides the ease of single point of management for deployments with both Kerberos and Novell eDirectoryTM, and gives the advantage of eDirectory replication and security capabilities.

This guide describes how to install and configure Novell Kerberos KDC.

- Chapter 1, "Installing Novell Kerberos KDC," on page 9
- Chapter 2, "Configuring Novell Kerberos KDC," on page 13
- Chapter 3, "Deconfiguring and Uninstalling Novell Kerberos KDC components," on page 19
- Appendix A, "Sample krb5.conf File," on page 23

Audience

The guide is intended for Novell eDirectory™ or Kerberos administrators.

Feedback

We want to hear your comments and suggestions about this manual and the other documentation included with this product. Please use the User Comments feature at the bottom of each page of the online documentation, or go to www.novell.com/documentation/feedback.html and enter your comments there.

Documentation Updates

For the most recent version of the Novell Kerberos KDC 1.5 Quick Start, visit http://www.novell.com/documentation/kdc15/index.html (http://www.novell.com/documentation/kdc15/index.html).

Additional Documentation

- Novell eDirectory 8.8 Documentation (http://www.novell.com/documentation/edir88/index.html)
- Kerberos Documentation (http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/www/)

Documentation Conventions

In Novell documentation, a greater-than symbol (>) is used to separate actions within a step and items in a cross-reference path.

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When a single pathname can be written with a backslash for some platforms or a forward slash for other platforms, the pathname is presented with a backslash. Users of platforms that require a forward slash, such as Linux* or UNIX*, should use forward slashes as required by your software.

Installing Novell Kerberos KDC

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Novell[®] Kerberos KDC is a network authentication protocol that uses the Key Distribution Center (KDC) to integrate the Kerberos Authentication, Administration, and Password servers with eDirectory[™]. Novell Kerberos KDC is derived from the MIT implementation of Kerberos (http://web.mit.edu/kerberos).

This section describes how to install Novell Kerberos KDC and has the following information:

- Section 1.1, "Prerequisites," on page 9
- Section 1.2, "Installing Novell Kerberos KDC by Using YaST," on page 9

1.1 Prerequisites

- ☐ Open Enterprise Server (OES) 2.0 on Linux.
- □ Novell eDirectory 8.8 SP2 or later on OES 2.0 or SUSE[®] Linux Enterprise Server (SLES) 10 SP1.

eDirectory and Novell Kerberos KDC can be installed on different machines.

- ☐ Root privileges to install Novell Kerberos KDC.
- ☐ Synchronized network server time

You must synchronize the time on eDirectory, KDC, Administration server, Password server, kerberized applications, and the client hosts.

For information on synchronizing network time, refer to the OES 2.0 documentation (http://www.novell.com/documentation/oes2/oes_implement_lx_nw/index.html?page=/documentation/oes2/oes_implement_lx_nw/data/time.html#time-implement).

To install iManager plug-ins:

□ iManager 2.7 installed.

For installation information, refer to the *Novell iManager 2.7 Installation Guide* (http://www.novell.com/documentation/imanager27/imanager_install_27/index.html?page=/documentation/imanager27/imanager_install_27/data/hk42s9ot.html).

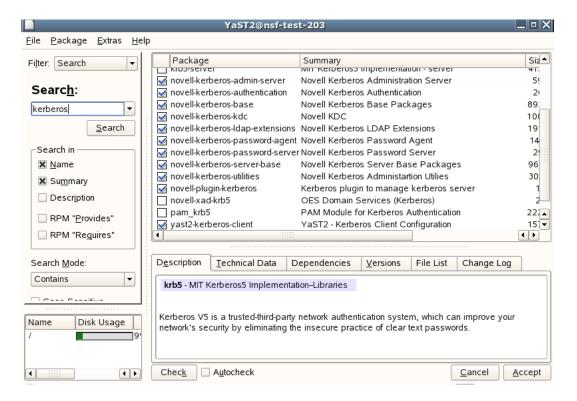
☐ Trusted root certificate imported into the keystore.

For more information, refer to the *Novell iManager 2.7 Administration Guide* (http://www.novell.com/documentation/imanager27/imanager_admin_27/index.html?page=/documentation/imanager27/imanager_admin_27/data/hk42s9ot.html).

1.2 Installing Novell Kerberos KDC by Using YaST

- **1** Start *yast2*.
- **2** Click software > software management.
- **3** Filter for Kerberos packages, then select the following packages:

Package	Description
NKDC	
novell-kerberos-base	The base package necessary for both servers and clients.
novell-kerberos-server-base	The base package necessary for KDC, the Administration server, and the Password server.
novell-kerberos-kdc	Contains the KDC server, which stores all the principal and realm information in eDirectory.
novell-kerberos-admin-server	Contains the Administration server. This is the server component of the Kerberos Administration solution for maintaining Kerberos principals, policies, and service key tables (keytabs).
novell-kerberos-password-server	Contains the server component of the Kerberos Password utility for changing passwords of Kerberos principals.
novell-kerberos-utilities	Contains the Kerberos utilities, such as: • kdb5_ldap_util • kadmin.local
Kerberos LDAP Extension and Password Agent	
novell-kerberos-ldap-extensions	Contains the Kerberos LDAP extensions, which services requests for storing and retrieving various Kerberos-specific keys from eDirectory.
novell-kerberos-password-agent	Contains the Kerberos Password Agent, which synchronizes the Kerberos passwords or keys with a universal password.



You can install KDC, the Administration server, the Password server, and eDirectory on different machines.

The Kerberos LDAP Extension must be installed on all the eDirectory servers that will be accessed by the Kerberos services.

The Kerberos Password Agent must be installed on all the eDirectory servers (with writable replicas) that the users will be using for changing their passwords.

If you have installed iManager, the Kerberos plug-in is installed by default. If the Kerberos plug-in is not installed, select the novell-plugin-kerberos package to install it.

4 Click *Accept* to install Novell Key Distribution Center.

Configuring Novell Kerberos KDC

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After installing Novell® Kerberos KDC, you need to configure it. This section has the following information:

- Section 2.1, "Prerequisites," on page 13
- Section 2.2, "Configuring eDirectory for Novell Kerberos KDC," on page 13
- Section 2.3, "Modifying the Novell Kerberos KDC Configuration File," on page 14
- Section 2.4, "Configuring Novell Kerberos KDC Services," on page 15
- Section 2.5, "Starting the Servers," on page 16
- Section 2.6, "Viewing the Log Files," on page 16

2.1 Prerequisites

Before you proceed with the configuration, make sure of the following:

- The eDirectory server is running on the same machine or on any other machine on the same network.
- All packages for Novell Kerberos KDC are installed.
- The Kerberos LDAP Extension and Kerberos Password Agent (KPA) on the eDirectory™ server are installed.
- The Novell C LDAP SDK is installed on the host. The packages, novell-NLDAPsdk and novell-NLDAPbase are available in OES2.0.
- The Novell Kerberos KDC configuration file exists in the /etc directory. If the file is does not exist, then copy the sample krb5.conf file from /opt/novell/kerberos to the /etc directory.
- The Novell Kerberos KDC is compatible with the MIT Kerberos and you can use the client utilities of MIT Kerberos with the Novell Kerberos KDC.

2.2 Configuring eDirectory for Novell Kerberos KDC

- 1 Export the trusted root certificate to /opt/novell/kerberos/Trustedroot.der
- 2 Extend the eDirectory schema by extending the /opt/novell/kerberos/schema/kerberos.ldif file as follows:

```
/opt/novell/eDirectory/bin/ldapmodify -D admin\_dn -W -H ldapuri -f /opt/novell/kerberos/schema/kerberos.ldif -e trusted\_root\_certificate -c
```

For example:

```
/opt/novell/eDirectory/bin/ldapmodify -D cn=admin,o=mit -W -H
ldaps://kerberos.mit.edu -f /opt/novell/kerberos/schema/
kerberos.ldif -e
/opt/novell/kerberos/Trustedroot.der -c
```

You can also extend the schema through Novell iManager <u>as follows</u>:

- **2a** In Novell iManager, click the *Roles and Tasks* button
- **2b** Select *Kerberos Management > Extend Schema*.
- **2c** Click *OK* to extend the schema.
- **3** Configure Kerberos LDAP extensions on the eDirectory server.
 - **3a** Make sure that the Kerberos LDAP extensions are installed on the machine where eDirectory is installed.

The Kerberos LDAP extensions library libkrbpwd.so is installed in /opt/novell/eDirectory/lib/nds-modules.

3b Add the Kerberos LDAP extensions to eDirectory as follows:

For example:

```
kdb5_ldap_util -D cn=admin,o=mit -w novell -H ldaps://
kerberos.mit.edu -t /opt/novell/kerberos/Trustedroot.der
ldapxtn info -add
```

Make sure that you run this command on the machine where Kerberos client package (novell-kerberos-utilities) is installed.

3c Unload nldap:

```
/opt/novell/eDirectory/sbin/nldap -u
```

3d Load nldap:

```
/opt/novell/eDirectory/sbin/nldap -l
```

4 Configure the Kerberos Password Agent on the eDirectory server:

You need to configure the Kerberos Password Agent if you want to integrate universal password with Novell Kerberos KDC.

- **4a** Make sure that the Password Agent package is installed on the machine where eDirectory is running.
- **4b** Start the Kerberos Password Agent as follows:

```
/opt/novell/kerberos/sbin/kpa -l
```

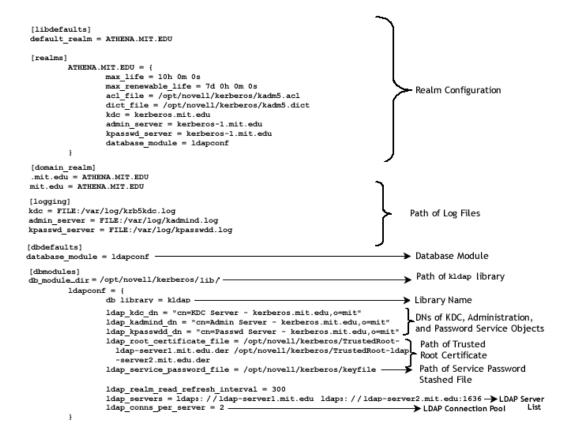
2.3 Modifying the Novell Kerberos KDC Configuration File

We have provided you with a sample krb5.conf file. To use it, copy it from the /opt/novell/krberos directory to the /etc directory.

When you configure Novell Kerberos KDC, if you do not specify a mandatory parameter, it is taken from the krb5.conf file.

Modify the /etc/krb5.conf file to include the following information:

Figure 2-1 Sample Configuration file



2.4 Configuring Novell Kerberos KDC Services

Configure the KDC server as follows:

1 Create a realm. From the /opt/novell/kerberos/sbin/directory, enter the following:

```
kdb5 ldap util -D admin dn -H ldapuri create -subtrees subtree
```

For example:

kdb5_ldap_util -D cn=admin,o=mit -H ldaps://kerberos.mit.edu create
-subtrees o=mit

You can also create a realm through iManager as follows:

- **1a** In Novell iManager, click the *Roles and Tasks* button
- **1b** Select *Kerberos Management > New Realm*.

For more information, refer to the online help available in iManager.

The realm is created under the cn=kerberos,cn=security container by default.

2 Create the KDC, Administration, and Password service objects in eDirectory by using the kdb5_ldap_util utility. The kdb5_ldap_util utility is present in the /opt/novell/kerberos/sbin/directory:

```
kdb5_ldap_util -D admin_dn create_service {-kdc | -admin | -pwd} -
realm realm list [-randpw|-fileonly] -f filename servicedn
```

The keyfile name for all the services should be the same. It also needs to match the value of the ldap service password file parameter in the /etc/krb5.conf file.

For example, to create a KDC server object:

```
kdb5_ldap_util -D cn=admin,o=mit create_service -kdc -realm
ATHENA.MIT.EDU
-randpw -f /opt/novell/kerberos/keyfile "cn=kdc-service,o=mit"
```

Similarly, create the Administration and Password service objects.

If you are creating the service objects with iManager, you must run kdb5_ldap_util to set the passwords as follows:

```
kdb5_ldap_util -D admin_dn setsrvpw [-randpw|-fileonly] [-f
filename] service dn
```

For example, to set the password of the service objects:

```
kdb5_ldap_util -D cn=admin,o=mit setsrvpw -randpw -f /opt/novell/
kerberos/keyfile "cn=kdc-server,o=mit"
```

The service passwords are encrypted with NICI keys, so the keyfile cannot be moved to other hosts and used from there. Because the encryption keys are specific to the hosts and are not accessible from browsers, iManager does not provide an option to cache the service passwords.

3 Create the kadm5.acl file in /opt/novell/kerberos/kadm5.acl with "* *" as its content.

Administrative privileges for the Kerberos data are stored in the kadm5.acl file.

IMPORTANT: By using "* *" in the file, you give all privileges to all principals. After creating a principal, you must update this file with appropriate administrative privileges for that principal. For details, refer to the *Novell Kerberos KDC Administration Guide* (http://www.novell.com/documentation/).

2.5 Starting the Servers

1 Start the KDC server:

```
/etc/init.d/krb5kdc start
```

2 Start the Administration server:

```
/etc/init.d/kadmind start
```

3 Start the Password server:

/etc/init.d/kpasswdd start

2.6 Viewing the Log Files

The messages from the KDC, Administration, and Password servers are logged into the following log files, by default:

 Table 2-1
 Log File Paths

Services	Log File Name
KDC	/var/log/krb5kdc.log
Administration	/var/log/kadmind.log
Password	/var/log/kpasswdd.log

You can change the path of the log files by specifying the new path in the krb5.conf file. For more information, see Section 2.3, "Modifying the Novell Kerberos KDC Configuration File," on page 14.

Deconfiguring and Uninstalling Novell Kerberos KDC components

To deconfigure and uninstall the Novell® Kerberos KDC components, complete the tasks below:

- Section 3.1, "Destroying the Kerberos Services," on page 19
- Section 3.2, "Destroying the Realm," on page 19
- Section 3.3, "Unloading the Kerberos Password Agent," on page 19
- Section 3.4, "Clearing LDAP Kerberos Extension Information," on page 20
- Section 3.5, "Uninstalling Kerberos Components by Using YaST," on page 20

3.1 Destroying the Kerberos Services

Destroy the Kerberos services (KDC, Administration server, and Password server).

- 1 Stop the daemon (krb5kdc, kadmind, or kpasswdd)
- **2** Destroy the service object as follows:

```
kdb5_ldap_util [-D user_dn] [-H ldapuri] [-t trusted_cert]
destroy_service [-f stashfilename] service_dn
For example:
kdb5_ldap_util -D cn=admin,o=mit destroy_service -f /opt/novell/kerberos/keyfile cn=kdc-service,o=mit
```

IMPORTANT: If you destroy a Kerberos service without stopping the daemon, the service continues to serve the incoming requests because it has an active connection with the LDAP server.

3.2 Destroying the Realm

1 Destroy the realm by using kdb5_ldap_util as follows:

```
kdb5_ldap_util [-D user_dn] [-H ldapuri] [-t trusted_cert]
destroy [-f] [-r realm]

For example:
kdb5 ldap util -D cn=admin,o=mit destroy -r ATHENA.MIT.EDU
```

3.3 Unloading the Kerberos Password Agent

1 Unload the Kerberos Password Agent as follows:

```
/opt/novell/kerberos/sbin/kpa -u
```

3.4 Clearing LDAP Kerberos Extension Information

Clear LDAP Kerberos Extension information from the LDAP server object:

1 Clear the extensionInfo by using kdb5_ldap_util

```
kdb5_ldap_util [-D user_dn] [-H ldapuri] [-t trusted_cert] ldapxtn_info -clear
```

For example:

kdb5_ldap_util -D cn=admin,o=mit ldapxtn_info -clear

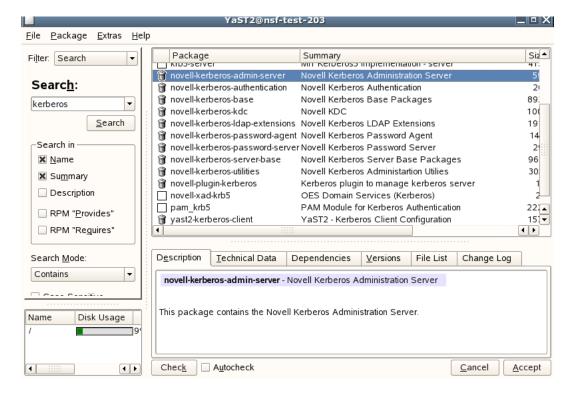
2 Restart the nldap server as follows:

```
/opt/novell/eDirectory/sbin/nldap -u
/opt/novell/eDirectory/sbin/nldap -l
```

3.5 Uninstalling Kerberos Components by Using YaST

You must stop the eDirectory server before uninstalling the LDAP extension and the Password Agent package

- **1** Start *yast2*.
- **2** Click software > software management.
- **3** Select *Search* from the *Filter* drop-down list, specify Kerberos in the *Search Text* box, and click *Search*.



4	4 Right-click the package you want to delete, click <i>Delete</i> , then click <i>Accept</i> to uninstall. For more information see, Chapter 1, "Installing Novell Kerberos KDC," on page 9.				

Sample krb5.conf File



A sample krb5.conf file is provided in the /opt/novell/kerberos/directory. You can use the /etc/krb5.conf configuration file to set the default values. While managing Novell® Kerberos KDC, if you do not specify any of the mandatory parameters, the values specified in /etc/krb5.conf file are used. This file looks similar to the following:

```
[libdefaults]
      default realm = ATHENA.MIT.EDU
[realms]
        ATHENA.MIT.EDU = {
                \max life = 10h 0m 0s
                \max renewable life = 7d 0h 0m 0s
                acl file = /opt/novell/kerberos/kadm5.acl
                dict file = /opt/novell/kerberos/kadm5.dict
                kdc = kerberos.mit.edu
                admin server = kerberos-1.mit.edu
                kpasswd server = kerberos-1.mit.edu
                database module = ldapconf
[domain realm]
      .mit.edu = ATHENA.MIT.EDU
      mit.edu = ATHENA.MIT.EDU
[logging]
      kdc = FILE:/var/log/krb5kdc.log
      admin server = FILE:/var/log/kadmind.log
      kpasswd server = FILE:/var/log/kpasswdd.log
[dbdefaults]
      database module = ldapconf
[dbmodules]
db module dir=/opt/novell/kerberos/lib/
        ldapconf = {
                db library = kldap
                ldap kdc dn = "cn=KDC Server - kerberos.mit.edu,o=mit"
                ldap kadmind dn = "cn=Admin Server -
kerberos.mit.edu,o=mit"
                ldap kpasswdd dn = "cn=Passwd Server -
kerberos.mit.edu,o=mit"
                ldap root certificate file = /opt/novell/kerberos/
Trustedroot.der
                ldap service password file = /opt/novell/kerberos/
keyfile
                realm read refresh interval = 300
                ldap servers = ldaps://ldap-server1.mit.edu ldaps://
ldap-server2.mit.edu:1636
```

```
ldap_conns_per_server = 2
}
```