# **Patch Management Reference**

ZENworks<sub>8</sub> 11





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### About This Guide

This ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management Reference includes information to help you successfully install a Novell ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management system. The information in this guide is organized as follows:

- Chapter 1, "What's New in ZENworks 11 SP2," on page 9
- Chapter 2, "Getting Started with ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management," on page 13
- Chapter 3, "Patch Management Overview," on page 17
- Chapter 4, "Using Patch Management," on page 25
- Chapter 5, "Using the Patch Management Tab," on page 61
- Chapter 6, "Using the Deploy Remediation Wizard," on page 83
- Chapter 7, "Using Mandatory Baselines," on page 115
- Chapter 8, "Patch Management for a Device," on page 125
- Chapter 9, "Patch Management for a Device Group," on page 137
- Chapter 10, "License Behaviour of ZPM," on page 143
- Chapter 11, "ZENworks Reporting Reports," on page 147
- Chapter 12, "Best Practice with ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management," on page 149
- Appendix A, "Troubleshooting Patch Management," on page 153
- Appendix B, "Documentation Updates," on page 165

#### **Audience**

This guide is intended for ZENworks administrators.

#### **Feedback**

We want to hear your comments and suggestions about this manual and the other documentation included with this product. Please use the User Comments feature at the bottom of each page of the online documentation.

#### **Additional Documentation**

ZENworks 11 SP2 is supported by other documentation (in both PDF and HTML formats) that you can use to learn about and implement the product. See the ZENworks 11 SP2 documentation Web site (http://www.novell.com/documentation/zenworks112).

# **1** What's New in ZENworks 11 SP2

The following sections describe the new features and enhancement in Novell ZENworks 11 SP2:

- Section 1.1, "Subscription Download," on page 9
- Section 1.2, "Email Notification," on page 11
- Section 1.3, "Deployment Options," on page 11
- Section 1.4, "Patch Management License," on page 12

## 1.1 Subscription Download

The following sections provide more information on the new features in the subscription download page:

- Section 1.1.1, "Platform to Download," on page 9
- Section 1.1.2, "RPM Dependency," on page 9
- Section 1.1.3, "Download Location For Patch Content," on page 10
- Section 1.1.4, "Select Vendors To Use In The System," on page 10

#### 1.1.1 Platform to Download

A new platform has been added to the ZENworks 11 SP2 which is the Mac platform.

This new option will enable you to select the operating system platform for Mac which was not present in the previous version. Now you can select the *Mac* check box, for Mac patches to be downloaded, as shown in the following image:

Figure 1-1 Mac Checkbox

✓ Mac

#### 1.1.2 RPM Dependency

The RPM package manager (RPM) is a new feature which will only be enabled when you select the operating system platform for Linux. Now you can select the *Linux* check box, then you can select the Resolve all RPM Dependencies to download all the patches, as shown in the following image;

Figure 1-2 RPM Dependency



The check box should only be selected if you want to resolve all the root level dependency as it is very time consuming and performance intensive. It will download all the RPM that are required to patch the particular vulnerabilities.

This is an improvement compared to the previous version. By default it will only download the RPM files required at the top level unless you select the check box to resolve the RPM dependencies.

#### 1.1.3 Download Location For Patch Content

Another new feature that was added is the Download location for patch content. For Linux systems there is not always enough disk space allocated, now you can select the files to be downloaded to the Bundle content directory.

By default it will automatically use ZPM Directory but if you wish to download it to the Bundle content directory just select the radio button.

Figure 1-3 Download location for patch content



#### 1.1.4 Select Vendors To Use In The System

ZENworks 11 SP2 prompts the user to download only the necessary updates when doing a subscription update. Basically it will only download any new files that are available.

By default the selection is All, but if necessary you can select the particular vendor or bundles that you want to download by selecting the individual check boxes as shown in the following image:

Figure 1-4 Select vendors to use in the system

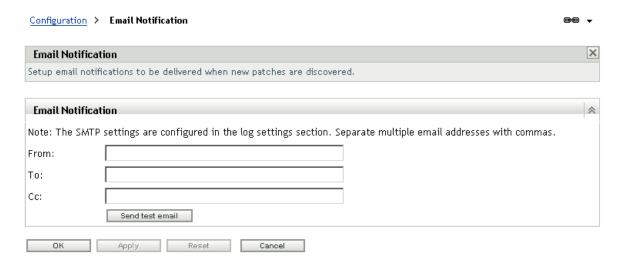
Select vendors to use in t	he system.			
Note: All new patches from	m vendors not selecte	d will be disabled.		
All				
Selected				
Adobe Systems, Inc	Apple	Citrix Systems, Inc	Macromedia	McAfee, Inc
Microsoft Corp.	Mozilla	Novell	PatchLink Corporation	RealNetworks, Inc
Skype	Sun Microsystems	Symantec Corporation	Trend Micro	☐ VMware
WinZip Computing Inc	2			

#### 1.2 Email Notification

ZENworks 11 SP2 has a new feature that allows the users to test if the email server has been configured correctly or not. The user can enter the email addresses to the required fields and then select the Send test email button, which will send a mail to the user.

This new feature will help prevent patch subscription failure. There was previously no option to test whether the email had been configured correctly. The notification process is shown below:

Figure 1-5 Send Test Email



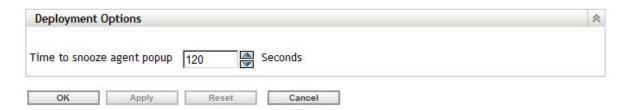
This email notification page allows you to configure the email notification options when the patch management server detects a new patch. The next time the patch management server detects a new patch, the recipients will receive an email informing them of the same.

# 1.3 Deployment Options

ZENworks 11 SP2 has a new feature that allows the users to see a message that appears when a it needs to reboot or install.

The administrator can specify the amount of time to allocate to users after this pop-up, before the system will reboot or install, as shown in the following image:

Figure 1-6 Deployment Options



A message will pop up in the bottom right hand corner of the screen.

The following table describes the action of each button on the page:

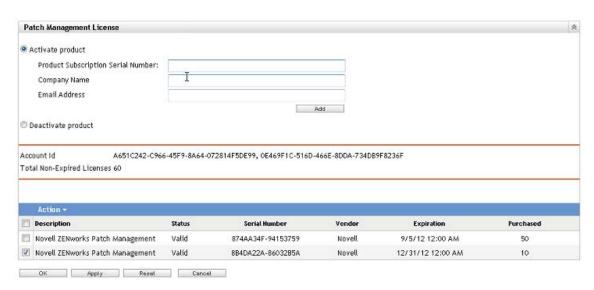
Button	Action
OK	Enables you to go back to the Configuration page.
Apply	Enables you to save the changes made to the page.
Reset	Enables you to reset the selected options.
Cancel	Enables you to cancel the last action performed.

# 1.4 Patch Management License

ZENworks 11 SP2 now allows the users to add 5 new serial numbers whereas the previous version allowed the user to add only 1 Serial number.

In the image below we can see there are 2 serial numbers that have been added:

Figure 1-7 Multiple patch management license



The user cannot add an invalid serial number and expect it to show up. Only a valid serial number will show up on this page.

If you enter an invalid serial number then you will only be able to enter 3 serial numbers every 10 minutes, as shown in the following image:

Figure 1-8 Entering invalid serial number will allow you to try 3 licenses every 10 minutes.



Error: Only 3 licenses can be entered within a 10 minute period.

# 2 Getting Started with ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management

Patch Management is a fully integrated feature of Novell ZENworks 11 SP1 that provides the same agent-based patch, vulnerability patch, and compliance management solution that was used in prior versions.

The ZENworks Server schedules a Discover Applicable Updates (DAU) task for all ZENworks managed devices (servers and workstations) and compiles information on the operating system, hardware, and software.

The results of the scan are sent to the ZENworks Server and can be viewed anytime in the Patches section under the *Patch Management* tab or in the *Devices* tab even if a workstation is disconnected from your network.

Based on the above information, it is determined whether the patches are applicable for each device. If applicable, the ZENworks Adaptive Agent performs another scan by using the patch fingerprints incorporated into each patch to determine the device's patch status (Patched or Not Patched) in relation to that patch. The results of the scan are posted under the *Patch Management* tab of the ZENworks Control Center, for review by an administrator.

After patch status is established, the ZENworks administrator can deploy the desired patch to each applicable device on the network.

The following features are included in ZENworks 11 SP1 Patch Management:

- Section 2.1, "Downloading Patches," on page 13
- Section 2.2, "Deploying a Patch," on page 13
- Section 2.3, "Setting a Baseline," on page 14
- Section 2.4, "Dashboard," on page 14
- Section 2.5, "Patch Download Status," on page 15
- Section 2.6, "Patch Wizard," on page 15

## 2.1 Downloading Patches

Before you start downloading a patch, configure the downloading options in the *Configuration* tab. For more information, see Section 4.5, "Configuring Subscription Download Details," on page 42.

# 2.2 Deploying a Patch

To deploy a patch, you can use the Deploy Remediation Wizard. For more information, see Chapter 6, "Using the Deploy Remediation Wizard," on page 83.

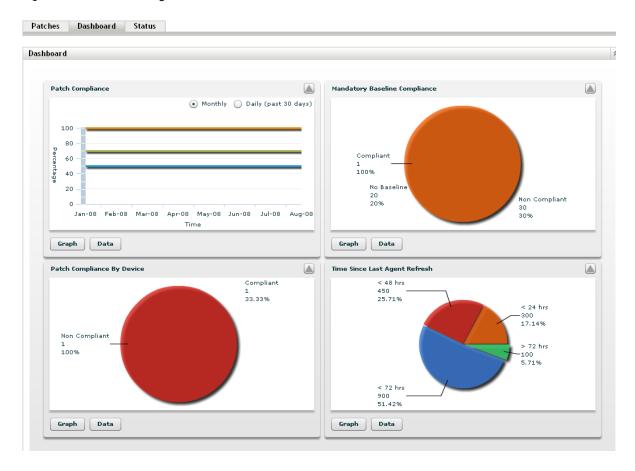
# 2.3 Setting a Baseline

To set a baseline, you must ensure that a group of devices is protected and that all the devices in the group are patched consistently. For more information, see Chapter 7, "Using Mandatory Baselines," on page 115.

#### 2.4 Dashboard

The Dashboard tab contains graphs that allow users a direct overview of the devices in the network. For more information, see Section 5.2, "Dashboard," on page 62.

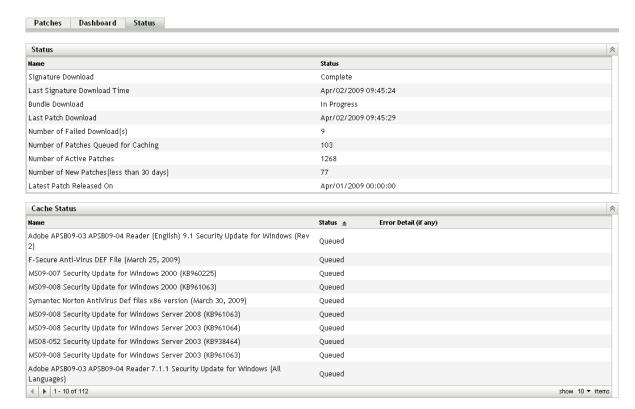
Figure 2-1 Dashboard Page



#### 2.5 Patch Download Status

The Status page consists of the system and cache statuses, which show the overall patch information. For more information, see Section 5.3, "Status," on page 65.

Figure 2-2 Status Page



# 2.6 Patch Wizard

The Patch Wizard allows you to create custom patches and add them to the Patch Management System. For more information, see "Patch Creation" on page 72

# 3 Patch Management Overview

Novell ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management is a part of the ZENworks 11 SP2 product line that provides a fully integrated version of leading patch and patch management solutions for medium and large enterprise networks. Patch Management enables customers to easily translate their organizational security patch policies into automated and continuous protection against more than 90% of vulnerabilities that threaten today's enterprise networks. By providing the most accurate and timely vulnerability assessment and patch management available, Patch Management ensures that policy measurement and security audits are a true representation of network security status.

- Section 3.1, "Product Overview," on page 17
- Section 3.2, "Patch Management Process," on page 18
- Section 3.3, "Features of Patch Management," on page 19
- Section 3.4, "Supported ZENworks Server and Agent Environments," on page 20

#### 3.1 Product Overview

Patch Management is a fully integrated feature of the ZENworks 11 SP1 suite that provides the same agent-based patch, vulnerability patch, and compliance management solution that was used in prior stand-alone versions such as ZENworks Patch Management 6.4.

Patch Management provides rapid patch remediation, allowing you to proactively manage threats by automating the collection, analysis, and delivery of patches throughout your heterogeneous enterprise to secure end points.

The ZENworks Server has a Web-based management user interface known as ZENworks Control Center. Its Patch Management feature allows you to monitor and maintain patch compliance throughout the entire enterprise. The ZENworks 11 SP1 Primary Server can deploy a ZENworks Adaptive Agent on every client system in the target network, ensuring that all systems are protected with the latest security patches, software updates, and service packs.

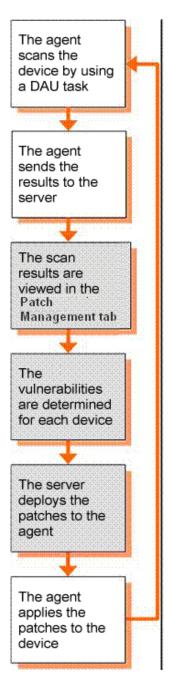
The Patch Management feature stays current with the latest patches and fixes by regular communication with the ZENworks Patch Subscription Network through a secure connection. After the initial 60-day free trial period, the Patch Management feature requires a paid subscription to continue its daily download of the latest patch and vulnerability information.

When a new patch is released into the ZENworks Patch Subscription Network, it is downloaded automatically to the ZENworks Server and an e-mail is sent to the administrator. When the administrator logs in to the ZENworks Control Center, the list of devices and the new patches that require deployment can easily be viewed along with the description and business impact. At this time, the administrator can choose to deploy the patch to a device or disregard the patch.

# 3.2 Patch Management Process

The following process map demonstrates how patch information is communicated between the ZENworks Server and the ZENworks Adaptive Agent:

Figure 3-1 Process Map



The patch detection cycle begins each day at the ZENworks Server where a Discover Applicable Updates (DAU) task is scheduled for all ZENworks managed devices (servers and workstations).

For all patches in the DAU task, the ZENworks Adaptive Agent performs patch detection by using the patch fingerprints incorporated into each individual patch, which determines the status (Patched, Not Patched, or Not Applicable) of that patch.

The results of the patch detection scan are sent to the ZENworks Server and can be viewed anytime in the Patches section under the *Patch Management* tab or in the *Devices* tab, even if a workstation is disconnected from your network.

After completion of the patch detection cycle, the ZENworks administrator can deploy the desired patches to each applicable device on the network.

## 3.3 Features of Patch Management

Patch Management has the world's largest repository of automated patches, including patches for all major operating systems and various third-party applications. Patch Management features an agent-based architecture, patch package pre-testing, highly scalable software, and easy-to-use features that allow customers to patch 13 times faster than the industry average.

Its patented Digital Fingerprinting Technology provides a highly accurate process for patch and vulnerability assessment, remediation and monitoring—leaving no systems open to attack. Remediation is fast and accurate with wizard-based patch deployments, support for phased rollouts, rapid verification of patch installations, and more. Patch Management continuously monitors end points to ensure that they achieve patch compliance quickly and then stay patched over time.

With Patch Management, you can be sure that your systems are effectively patched and compliant for successful IT and regulatory audits. Patch Management creates a Patch Fingerprint Profile that includes all missing patches for that machine, ensuring the continued compliance of each end point. Each end point is then continually monitored to make sure it stays patched. Administrators can also establish a mandatory baseline to automatically remediate end points that do not meet defined patch levels, which is a key aspect of regulatory compliance. In addition, because many organizations need to demonstrate patch compliance, Patch Management provides standard reports that document changes and demonstrate progress toward internal and external audit and compliance requirements.

The following table describes the important features of Patch Management:

Table 3-1 Patch Management Features

Feature	Description
Patented multi-platform patch management	Enables security of all operating systems and applications within heterogeneous networks, including Windows (32-bit and 64-bit) and Linux distributions. US Pat #6999660.
World's largest automated patch repository	Provides the largest repository of tested patches to support all major operating systems and applications used in the enterprise.
Extensive pre-testing	Reduces the amount of development and testing required prior to patch deployment.
Agent-based architecture	Protects laptop and mobile devices that are often disconnected from the network, and reduces network bandwidth usage.
Automatic notifications	Distributes e-mail alerts directly to administrators for proactive security and administrative management.
Patch fingerprint accuracy	Ensures the highest level of accuracy in the detection of security patches.

Feature	Description
reature	Description
Multi-patch deployments	Delivers multiple patches to multiple computers in one distribution to increase IT productivity.
Flexible application reporting	Audits and reports on the status of the organization's security.
Policy-based administration	Ensures that all systems meet a mandatory baseline policy, which is a key aspect of regulatory compliance.

# 3.4 Supported ZENworks Server and Agent Environments

Patch Management supports the following environments in which you can install the ZENworks Primary Server and Satellite Server software:

 Table 3-2
 Supported Primary Server and Satellite Server Environments

Platform	Version
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES)	SLES 10 SP2 x86
	SLES 10 SP2 x86_64
	SLES 10 SP3 x86
	SLES 10 SP3 x86_64
	SLES 11 x86
	SLES 11 x86_64
	SLES 11 SP1 x86
	SLES 11 SP1 x86_64
Novell Open Enterprise Server Linux (OES-Linux)	OES 2 SP2 x86
	OES 2 SP2 x86_64
	OES 2 SP3 x86
	OES 2 SP3 x86_64
Microsoft Windows Server	Windows Server 2003 SP2 Standard x86
	Windows Server 2003 SP2 Standard x86_64
	Windows Server 2003 SP2 Enterprise x86
	Windows Server 2003 SP2 Enterprise x86_64
	Windows Server 2008 SP1 Standard x86
	Windows Server 2008 SP1 Standard x86_64
	Windows Server 2008 SP1 Enterprise x86
	Windows Server 2008 SP1 Enterprise x86_64
	Windows Server 2008 SP2 Standard x86

Platform	Version
	Windows Server 2008 SP2 Standard x86_64
	Windows Server 2008 SP2 Enterprise x86
	Windows Server 2008 SP2 Enterprise x86_64
	Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard x86
	Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard x86_64
	Windows Server 2008 R2 Enterprise x86
	Windows Server 2008 R2 Enterprise x86_64
Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL)	RHEL 5.3 x86
	RHEL 5.3 x86_64
	RHEL 5.4 x86
	RHEL 5.4 x86_64
	RHEL 5.5 x86
	RHEL 5.5 x86_64

 Table 3-3
 Supported ZENworks Satellite Server Environments

Platform	Version
Microsoft Windows	Windows XP SP2 x86
	Windows XP SP3 x86
	Embedded XP SP3
	Windows XP Tablet PC Edition (SP2)
	Windows Vista x86 Enterprise
	Windows Vista x86_64 Enterprise
	Windows Vista x86 Business
	Windows Vista x86_64 Business
	Windows Vista x86 Ultimate
	Windows Vista x86_64 Ultimate
	Embedded Vista
	Windows Vista SP1 x86 Enterprise
	Windows Vista SP1 x86_64 Enterprise
	Windows Vista SP1 x86 Business
	Windows Vista SP1 x86_64 Business
	Windows Vista SP1 x86 Ultimate
	Windows Vista SP1 x86_64 Ultimate

Platform	Version
	Embedded Vista SP1
	Windows Vista SP2 x86 Enterprise
	Windows Vista SP2 x86_64 Enterprise
	Windows Vista SP2 x86 Business
	Windows Vista SP2 x86_64 Business
	Windows Vista SP2 x86 Ultimate
	Windows Vista SP2 x86_64 Ultimate
	Embedded Vista SP2
	Windows 7 x86 Enterprise
	Windows 7 x86_64 Enterprise
	Windows 7 x86 Professional
	Windows 7 x86_64 Professional
	Windows 7 x86 Ultimate
	Windows 7 x86_64 Ultimate

The following environments support installation of the ZENworks agent:

Table 3-4 Supported Agent Environments

Platform	Version
Microsoft Windows Server	Windows Server 2003 SP2 Standard x86
	Windows Server 2003 SP2 Standard x86_64
	Windows Server 2003 SP2 Enterprise x86
	Windows Server 2003 SP2 Enterprise x86_64
	Windows Server 2008 SP1 Standard x86
	Windows Server 2008 SP1 Standard x86_64
	Windows Server 2008 SP1 Enterprise x86
	Windows Server 2008 SP1 Enterprise x86_64
	Windows Server 2008 SP2 Standard x86
	Windows Server 2008 SP2 Standard x86_64
	Windows Server 2008 SP2 Enterprise x86
	Windows Server 2008 SP2 Enterprise x86_64
	Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard x86
	Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard x86_64
	Windows Server 2008 R2 Enterprise x86

Platform	Version
	Windows Server 2008 R2 Enterprise x86_64
Microsoft Windows	Windows XP SP2 x86
	Windows XP SP3 x86
	Embedded XP SP3
	Windows XP Tablet PC Edition (SP2)
	Embedded Vista
	Windows Vista SP1 x86 Enterprise
	Windows Vista SP1 x86_64 Enterprise
	Windows Vista SP1 x86 Business
	Windows Vista SP1 x86_64 Business
	Windows Vista SP1 x86 Ultimate
	Windows Vista SP1 x86_64 Ultimate
	Embedded Vista SP1
	Windows Vista SP2 x86 Enterprise
	Windows Vista SP2 x86_64 Enterprise
	Windows Vista SP2 x86 Business
	Windows Vista SP2 x86_64 Business
	Windows Vista SP2 x86 Ultimate
	Windows Vista SP2 x86_64 Ultimate
	Embedded Vista SP2
	Windows 7 x86 Enterprise
	Windows 7 x86_64 Enterprise
	Windows 7 x86 Professional
	Windows 7 x86_64 Professional
	Windows 7 x86 Ultimate
	Windows 7 x86_64 Ultimate
SUSE Linux Enterprise Desktop (SLED)	SLED 10 x86
	SLED 10 x86_64
	SLED 11 x86
	SLED 11 x86_64
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES)	SLES 10 SP2 x86
	SLES 10 SP2 x86_64
	SLES 10 SP3 x86

Platform	Version
	SLES 10 SP3 x86_64
	SLES 11 x86
	SLES 11 x86_64
	SLES 11 SP1 x86
	SLES 11 SP1 x86_64
Novell Open Enterprise Server Linux (OES-Linux)	OES 2 SP2 x86
	OES 2 SP2 x86_64
	OES 2 SP3 x86
	OES 2 SP3 x86_64
Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL)	RHEL 4.6 x86
	RHEL 4.6 x86_64
	RHEL 4.7 x86
	RHEL 4.7 x86_64
	RHEL 5.3 x86
	RHEL 5.3 x86_64
	RHEL 5.4 x86
	RHEL 5.4 x86_64
	RHEL 5.5 x86
	RHEL 5.5 x86_64

4

# **Using Patch Management**

Novell ZENworks 11 SP1 Patch Management provides current information about your subscription status and allows you to activate and configure your subscription.

The following sections further introduce you to the capabilities of Patch Management:

- Section 4.1, "Viewing Subscription Service Information," on page 25
- Section 4.2, "Configuring the Schedule for Discover Applicable Update Bundles," on page 28
- Section 4.3, "DAU Schedule: Set DAU at Folder Level," on page 37
- Section 4.4, "Configuring HTTP Proxy Detail," on page 39
- Section 4.5, "Configuring Subscription Download Details," on page 42
- Section 4.6, "Configuring Patch Subscription Credentials," on page 45
- Section 4.7, "Configuring Mandatory Baseline Settings," on page 49
- Section 4.8, "Configuring Email Notification Details," on page 51
- Section 4.9, "Configuring Patch Dashboard and Trending Behavior," on page 53
- Section 4.10, "Patch Management Licensing," on page 57

# 4.1 Viewing Subscription Service Information



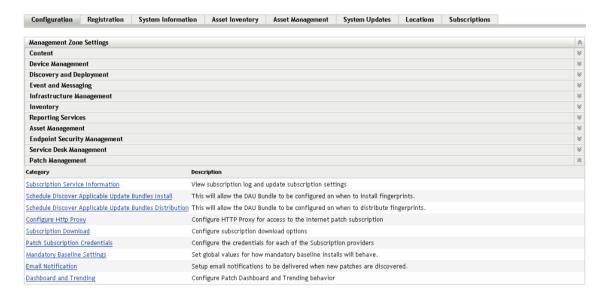
1 Click the Config uratio n tab in the left panel. The Config

uratio

n page appears as shown in the following figure:

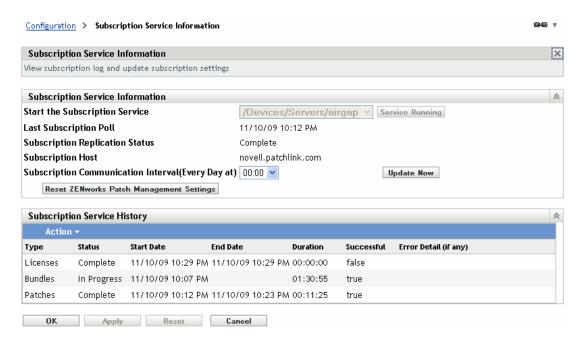
2 Click Patch Management.

Eight links—Subscription Service Information, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles Install, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles Distribution, Configure HTTP Proxy, Subscription Download, Patch Subscription Credentials, Mandatory Baseline Settings, Email Notification, Dashboard and Trending, and Deployment Options—are displayed:



3 Click the Subscription Service Information link.

The Subscription Service Information page appears, as shown in the following figure:



The Subscription Service Information page displays all the information about your subscription, including the status. You can also update your subscription settings on this page.

You can refresh the subscription information by clicking the *Action* drop-down list on the Subscription Information page and selecting the *Refresh* option, as shown in the following figure:



The following table describes each status item featured on the Subscription Service Information page:

Status Item	Definition
Start the Subscription Service	Enables you to select a server from multiple servers in your management zone. You select a server from the drop-down list and click the <i>Start</i> button to start the subscription service.
	<ul> <li>After the subscription service starts running, the Start button reads Service Running.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If there are multiple ZENworks Servers in your management zone, you can select any one of them to be the Patch Management Server.</li> </ul>
	The Patch Management Server selected will download new patches and updates daily, so it should have good connectivity to the Internet.
	<b>NOTE:</b> Selecting the Patch Management Server can be done only once per zone in this release.
Last Subscription Poll	The date and time of the last successful update.
Subscription Replication Status	The latest status of the process of patch subscription replication.
Subscription Host	The DNS name of the Patch Management licensing server (http://novell.patchlink.com).
Subscription Communication Interval (Every Day at)	The time at which the ZENworks Server will communicate with the ZENworks Patch Subscription Network to retrieve new patches and updates.
Reset ZENworks Patch Management Settings	Enables you to set all Patch Management settings, including deployments, back to the default state.

The following table describes the action of each button on the page:

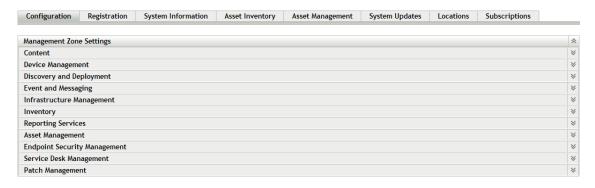
Button	Action
ОК	Enables you to go back to the Configuration page.
Apply	Enables you to save the changes made to the Subscription Communication Interval.
Reset	Enables you to reset the replication status and initiate a complete replication with the ZENworks Patch Subscription Network.
Update Now	Initiates replication of the ZENworks Server with the ZENworks Patch Subscription Network and forces an immediate download of the patch subscription.
Cancel	Enables you to cancel the last action performed.

The *Subscription Service History* section displays the activity log of the subscription activities. The following table describes each item featured in this section.

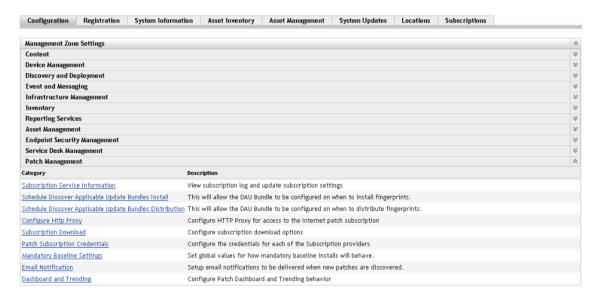
Item	Definition
Туре	Subscription type defined for your account: Patches (Subscription Replication), Bundles (Subscription Replication), and Licenses.
Status	Status of the replication. When replication begins, the status reads <i>In Progress</i> . When replication ends, the status reads <i>Complete</i> .
	<b>NOTE:</b> If the replication process is interrupted, the status reads <i>Resetting</i> . This indicates that the replication process has continued from the point where it was interrupted.
Start Date	The date and time when replication started.
End Date	The date and time when replication ended.
Duration	The length of time the replication has been going on.
Successful	Indicates whether the replication was successful or not. <i>True</i> indicates successful replication and <i>False</i> indicates incomplete or failed replication.
Error Detail (if any)	Details of any error encountered during the patch download process.

# 4.2 Configuring the Schedule for Discover Applicable Update Bundles

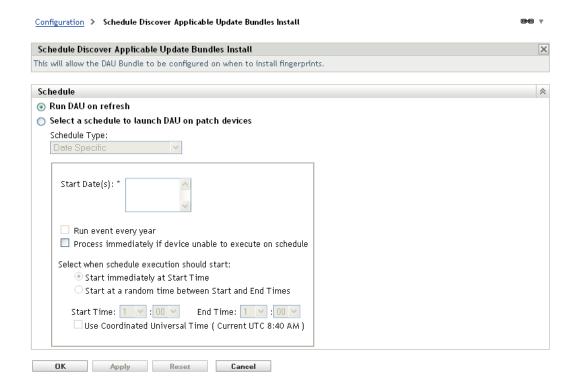
1 Click the *Configuration* tab in the left panel to display the Configuration page:

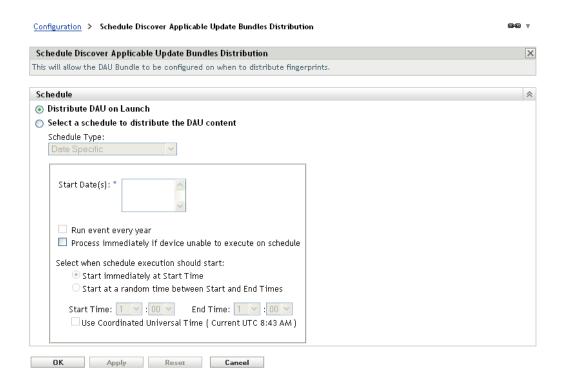


2 Click Patch Management to display the eight links (Subscription Service Information, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles, Configure HTTP Proxy, Subscription Download, Patch Subscription Credentials, Mandatory Baseline Settings, Email Notification, and Dashboard and Trending):



3 Click the Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles link. The Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles page appears:





The Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles page enables you to configure DAU schedules for the devices in your network. You can decide when to run the DAU on network devices as well as specify when to distribute bundle content through the DAU.

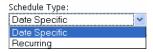
The following table describes the main options on the Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles page:

Item	Description
Run DAU on refresh	Lets you initiate DAU action when the Agents on the managed devices are refreshed.
Select a schedule to launch DAU on patch devices	Lets you specify a schedule when the DAU will run.
Distribute DAU on launch	Lets you deploy bundle content immediately.
Select a schedule to distribute the DAU content	Lets you specify a schedule when DAU bundles will be distributed to devices.

The following table describes the action of each button on the page:

Button	Action
ОК	Enables you to go back to the Configuration page.
Apply	Enables you to save the data entered in the text fields.
Reset	Enables you to reset the data entered in the text fields.
Cancel	Enables you to cancel the last action performed.

If you decide to set a schedule for running the DAU and distributing bundle content, you will need to select a schedule type as follows:



Patch Management offers two types of schedules to determine when a DAU is run and bundle content is distributed.

- Select Date Specific to schedule the deployment to your selected devices according to the selected date.
- Select Recurring to start the deployment on the selected day at a selected time, repeat the deployment every day/week/month, and if defined, end on a specific date.

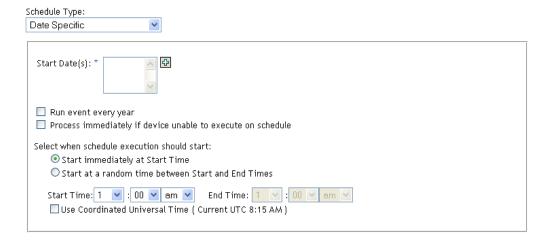
The following sections provide more information on schedule types:

- Section 4.2.1, "DAU Schedule: Date Specific," on page 31
- Section 4.2.2, "DAU Schedule: Recurring," on page 32

#### 4.2.1 DAU Schedule: Date Specific

When you select *Date Specific*, the selected DAU Schedule section appears as shown in the following figure:

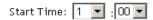
Figure 4-1 DAU Schedule Section for the Date Specific Schedule Type



Use this page to set the following options:

- Start Date: Enables you to pick the date when you need to start the desired action. To do so, click the ☐ icon to open the calendar and pick the date. To remove the selected date, click the ☐ icon.
- Run event every year: Ensures that the desired action starts on a selected date at a selected time, repeats every year, and if defined, ends on a specific date.
- Process immediately if device unable to execute on schedule: Ensures that the desired action starts immediately if the device could not execute on the selected schedule.

- Select when schedule execution should start: There are two options to enable you to select the start time of the schedule execution namely:
  - Start immediately at Start Time: Deactivates the End Time panel and starts the action at the start time specified. In this option, you must set the start time in the Start Time panel:



• Start at a random time between Start Time and End Times: Activates the End Time panel next to the Start Time panel. You can specify the end time and the start time so that the action occurs at a random time between them. The End Time panel appears as follows:



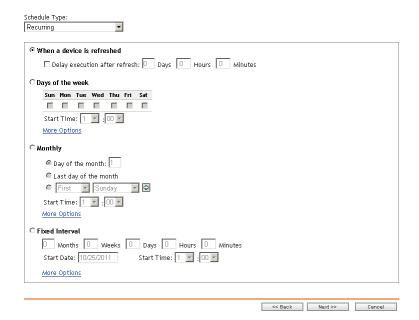
In both time panels, the first drop-down list enables you to select the hour, the second drop-down list enables you to select the minute, and the third drop-down list enables you to select *am* and *pm*.

Selecting the *Use Coordinated Universal Time* check box enables you to schedule the desired action at the same time, regardless of time zone differences. Coordinated Universal Time (UTC), also known as World Time, Z Time, or Zulu Time, is a standardized measurement of time that is not dependent upon the local time zone. Deselecting UTC schedules the distribution at the local time.

### 4.2.2 DAU Schedule: Recurring

When you select *Recurring*, the selected DAU Schedule section appears as shown in the following figure:

Figure 4-2 DAU Schedule Section for the Recurring Schedule Type



In this page, you can set the following options for a recurring deployment:

- "When a Device Is Refreshed" on page 33
- "Days of the Week" on page 34
- "Monthly" on page 35
- "Fixed Interval" on page 36

#### When a Device Is Refreshed

This option enables you to schedule a recurring deployment whenever the device is refreshed. In this option, you can choose to delay the next deployment until after a specific time.

To set the delay, select the *Delay execution after refresh* check box as shown in the following image, and specify the days, hours, and minutes of the time to delay the deployment:

Figure 4-3 Delay Execution After Refresh Check Box



**NOTE:** The device is refreshed based on the settings in the *Device Management* tab under the *Configuration* tab. Click the *Device Refresh Schedule* link under the *Device Management* tab to open the page displaying the option for either a *Manual Refresh* or *Timed Refresh*. Alternatively, you can refresh the device by selecting a device under the *Devices* tab and clicking the *Refresh Device* option under the *Quick Tasks* menu.

#### Days of the Week

This option enables you to schedule the deployment on selected days of the week:

Figure 4-4 Weekly Options - Default

# \* Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Start Time: 1 :00

More Options

 To set the day of deployment, select the Days of the week button, select the required day of the week, and set the start time of deployment.

If you click the *More Options* link, additional deployment options appear as shown in the following figure. Click the *Hide Options* link to hide the additional deployment options and show only the default deployment options:

#### • Days of the week Sat Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri П Г г П П Start Time: 1 : 00 Hide Options Process immediately if device unable to execute on schedule □ Use Coordinated Universal Time ( Current UTC 8:19 AM ) ☐ Start at a random time between Start and End Times 1 🔻 : 00 🔻 Restrict schedule execution to the following date range: 10/25/2011 Start Date: 10/25/2011 End Date:

Selecting the *Use Coordinated Universal Time* check box enables you to schedule the deployment of all devices at the same time, regardless of time zone differences. Coordinated Universal Time (UTC), also known as World Time, Z Time, or Zulu Time, is a standardized measurement of time that is not dependent upon the local time zone. Deselecting UTC schedules the distribution at local time.

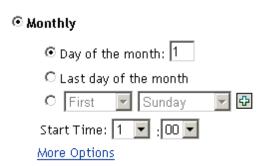
Selecting the *Start at a random time between Start Time and End Times* check box activates the *End Time* panel in addition to the *Start Time* panel. You can specify the end time and the start time so that the deployment occurs at any random time between the start and end times.

The Restrict schedule execution to the following date range option enables you to schedule a recurring deployment at the selected time, repeat the deployment on the days specified, and, if defined, end at the specific time. This option also enables you to restrict the deployment to the period between the start date and the end date. To set this option, select the Restrict schedule execution to the following date range check box and click the licon to open the calendar and pick a start date or end date. Click the Close button when you have finished selecting the date.

#### **Monthly**

This option enables you to specify the monthly deployment options:

Figure 4-5 Monthly Options - Default



- In the Monthly deployment option, you can specify the following:
  - Days of the month: Enables you to schedule the deployment on a specific day of the month. You can specify any number between 1 and 31.
  - Last day of the month: Enables you to schedule the deployment on the last day of the month.
  - Particular days of the month: Enables you to schedule the deployment on specific days of every month. The valid options for the day are first, second, third, fourth, and fifth. The valid options for the weekday are Sunday through Saturday. To select one particular day of the month, use the drop-down arrows. An example is shown as follows.

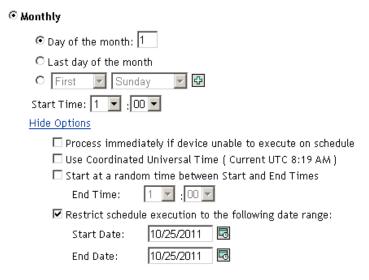


To select an additional day of the month, click the  $\boxdot$  icon and use the drop-down arrows in the second row shown as follows.



**NOTE:** To remove a particular day from the list, click the  $\blacksquare$  icon.

If you click the *More Options* link, additional deployment options appear as shown in the following figure. Clicking the *Hide Options link* hides the additional deployment options and shows only the default deployment options:



**NOTE:** The *Restrict schedule execution to the following date range* option enables you to schedule a recurring deployment at the selected time, repeat the deployment on the days specified, and, if defined, end on the specific time. This option also enables you to restrict the deployment to the period between the *Start Date* and the *End Date*. To set this option, select the *Restrict schedule execution to the following date range* check box and click the icon to open the calendar and pick a start date or end date. Click the *Close* button when you have finished selecting the date.

#### **Fixed Interval**

This option enables you to schedule a recurring deployment that runs after a fixed duration on a regular basis. You can choose the number of months, weeks, days, hours, and minutes of the interval and the start date for the deployment schedule, as shown in the following figure:

Figure 4-6 Fixed Interval Deployment Options - Default



If you click the *More Options* link, additional deployment options appear as shown in the following figure. Clicking the *Hide Options* link hides the additional deployment options and shows only the default deployment options:

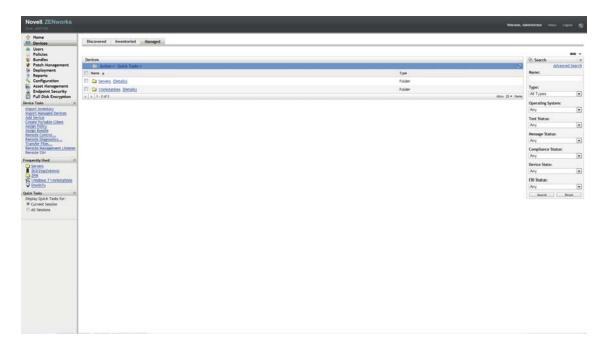
Figure 4-7 Fixed Interval Options - All



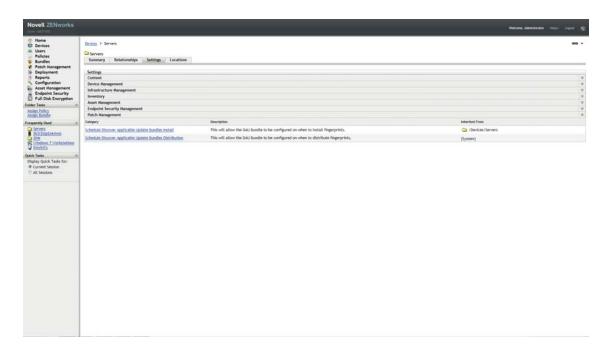
## 4.3 DAU Schedule: Set DAU at Folder Level

The DAU schedule can be set at folder level which enables you to set the deployment options for DAU for the Server or Workstation estate. This means that the System settings (configured in the Configuration tab) can be overridden.

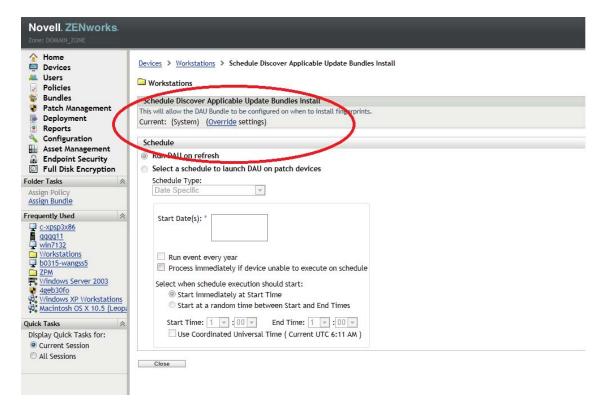
1 Click the Devices tab in the left panel to display the Devices page. This will present a choice between Servers and Workstations.



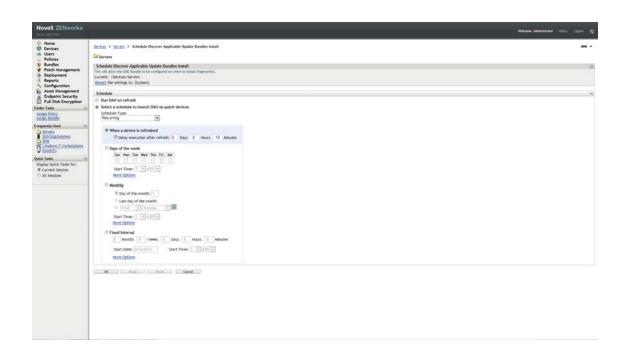
2 Choose the Devices that you want to set a schedule for and click on the Details link. Then select the Settings tab. This will present two options for scheduling Install and Distribution. Select which schedule you would like to change.



**3** At the top of the page there is an option to Override the System settings, select this to begin making changes. This option can be used to revert to System settings if you need to change back.



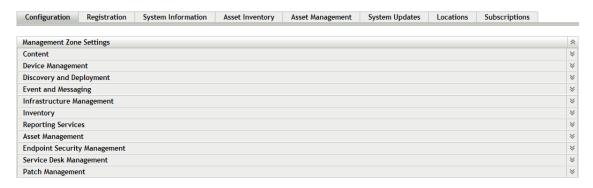
**4** Select your desired schedule for the DAU, as described in the previous section.



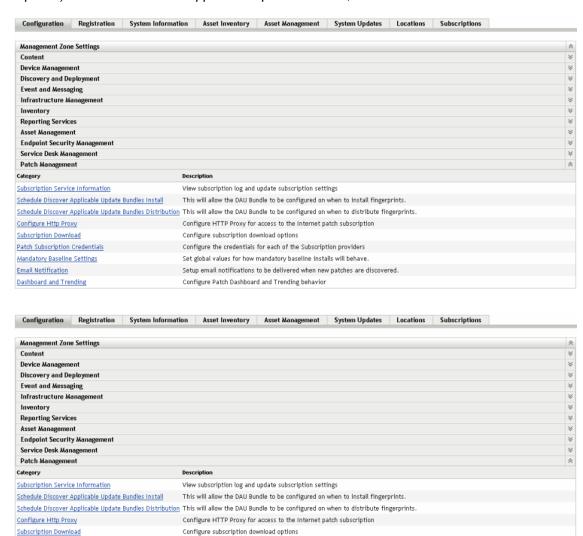
**NOTE:** These settings will override the System settings, as selected from the configuration tab. To switch back follow the instructions in Step 3.

# 4.4 Configuring HTTP Proxy Detail

1 Click the *Configuration* tab in the left panel to display the Configuration page:



2 Click Patch Management to display the eight links (Subscription Service Information, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles Install, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles Distribution, Configure HTTP Proxy, Subscription Download, Patch Subscription Credentials, Mandatory Baseline Settings, Email Notification, Dashboard and Trending, and Deployment Options): Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles,



Configure the credentials for each of the Subscription providers

Set global values for how mandatory baseline installs will behave

Configure Patch Dashboard and Trending behavior

Setup email notifications to be delivered when new patches are discovered.

Patch Subscription Credentials

Mandatory Baseline Settings

Email Notification

Dashboard and Trending

3 Click the Configure HTTP Proxy link. The Proxy Server Details page appears:



The Proxy Server Details page enables you to configure an HTTP proxy for access to Internet patch subscriptions. The HTTP proxy server allows Patch Management to download the subscription service over the Internet.

The following table describes each field on the Proxy Server Details page:

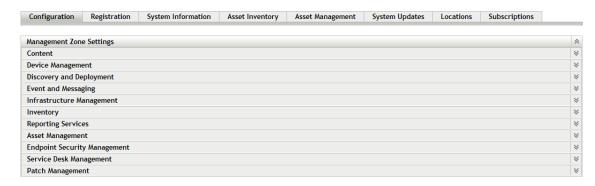
Item	Description
Proxy Host	The proxy address used to connect to the ZENworks Patch Subscription Network.
Port	The proxy port used to connect to ZENworks Patch Subscription Network.
Requires Authentication	Selecting this check box ensures that the Proxy server can be used only after user authentication. If you select the check box, the <i>User Name</i> and <i>Password</i> fields are enabled.
User Name	User's name used for authentication.
Password	User's password used for authentication.
Confirm Password	User's password for confirmation.

The following table describes the action of each button on the page:

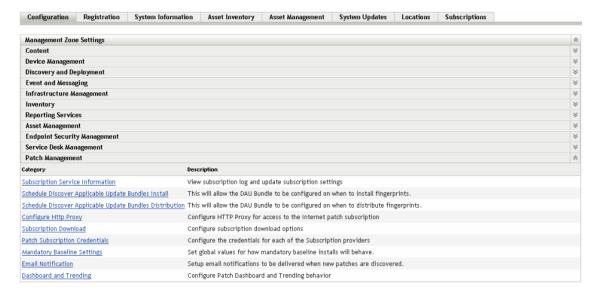
Button	Action
ОК	Enables you to go back to the Configuration page.
Apply	Enables you to save the data entered in the text fields.
Reset	Enables you to reset the data entered in the text fields.
Cancel	Enables you to cancel the last action performed.

# 4.5 Configuring Subscription Download Details

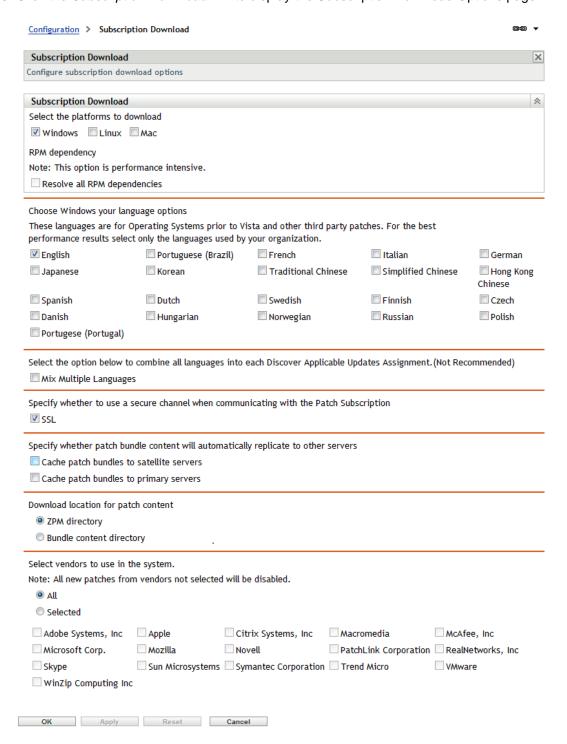
1 Click the *Configuration* tab in the left panel to display the Configuration page:



2 Click Patch Management to display the eight links (Subscription Service Information, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles Install, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles Distribution, Configure HTTP Proxy, Subscription Download, Patch Subscription Credentials, Mandatory Baseline Settings, Email Notification, Dashboard and Trending, and Deployment Options):



3 Click the Subscription Download link to display the Subscription Download Options page:



The Subscription Download Options page allows you to configure the subscription download options for the Patch Management Server. You can select the languages that are used within your network to ensure that you only download the patches that are most applicable for your organization. The next time patch replication occurs, only those patches specific to the selected languages are downloaded, thereby saving download time and disk space on your Patch Management Server.

**NOTE:** Novell does not recommend selecting all languages because each language can represent hundreds of patches. Downloading unnecessary languages can result in thousands of unused patch definitions within your ZENworks Primary Server database that would then need to be disabled in the *Patch Management* tab.

EXPECTED RESULTS: From version ZCM 11.1 onwards, the administrators are allowed to select the Primary servers that should receive the patch bundles compared to the forced rollout to all servers in prior releases.

The following table describes each option on the Subscription Download Options page:

Item	Description
Select the platforms to download	Enables you to select the operating system platform for which you want to download patches. For example, if you select the <i>Windows</i> check box, only Windows patches are downloaded.
Choose Windows your language options	Enables you to select the language of patches you want to download. For example, if you select the <i>French</i> check box, only French language patches are downloaded.
Mix Multiple Languages	Enables you to combine all languages into each Discover Applicable Updates Assignment (not recommended).
SSL	Enables you to turn secured downloading of patch list information on or off. The recommended setting is On.
Cache patch bundles to satellites	Enables you to cache patch bundles to the servers or workstations that are managed by Primary Servers.
Cache patch bundles to primary servers	Enables you to cache patch bundles to Primary Servers only.

**IMPORTANT:** Customers with larger network environments should select both *Cache Patch Bundles to Satellites* and *Cache Patch Bundles to Primary Servers* for optimal distribution of patches and the daily Discover Applicable Updates task within their environment. Not selecting these options could cause very slow and inefficient delivery of these patch bundles within a highly distributed WAN environment.

Within an enterprise network environment, the customer usually installs more than one ZENworks 11 SP2 Primary Server. Although only one of these servers can be used to download patches, every Primary Server has a cache of patch bundle content for distribution to the agents that are closest to it within the zone. Thus, when an agent wants to get a bundle, it can get the bundle directly from its closest Primary Server rather than the Primary Server where the patches were downloaded.

In addition, the satellites that are installed within the customer network can also serve as a cache for bundle content. If an agent is at a remote branch office with a satellite, it can get its content directly from the satellite rather than the Primary Server where patches were downloaded.

The following table describes the action of each button on the page:

Button	Action
ОК	Enables you to go back to the Configuration page.
Apply	Enables you to save the changes made to the page.
Reset	Enables you to reset the selected options.
Cancel	Enables you to cancel the last action performed.

Best practices recommendations for using the patch subscription:

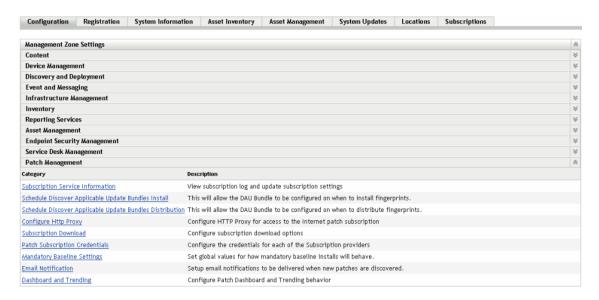
- Customers should always disable patches that they no longer require, because this minimizes
  the volume of patch scan data stored each day, as well as the time taken to scan each of the
  endpoint devices.
- We highly recommend that customers cache only the patches they need. When a patch is cached to the Primary Server where patches are downloaded, it needs to be copied to all Primary Servers and satellites within the zone. Downloading all patches wastes space and bandwidth within the ZENworks 11 SP2 content distribution network.

# 4.6 Configuring Patch Subscription Credentials

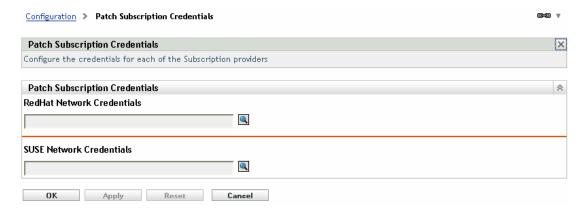
1 Click the *Configuration* tab in the left panel to display the Configuration page:



2 Click Patch Management to display the eight links (Subscription Service Information, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles Install, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles Distribution, Configure HTTP Proxy, Subscription Download, Patch Subscription Credentials, Mandatory Baseline Settings, Email Notification, Dashboard and Trending, and Deployment Options):



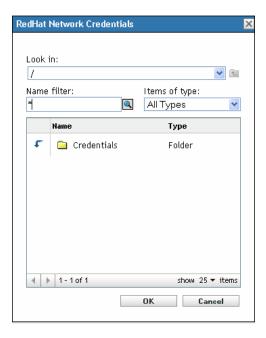
**3** Click the *Patch Subscription Credentials* link. The Patch Subscriptions Credentials page appears.



The Patch Subscription Credentials page allows you to specify the network credentials associated with Linux subscription providers such as Red Hat and SUSE. Credentials are stored in the Credential Vault and are used by actions and tasks that require authentication to access a particular resource. If you do not specify the patch subscription credentials, you cannot successfully download and install patches for your Red Hat and SUSE servers and agents.

To configure the credentials for a subscription provider:

1 Click \( \bigsize \) next to the provider whose credentials you want to specify. The following window appears:



- **2** Click the arrow next to the *Credentials* option to display the list of available credentials for that subscription provider.
- 3 Click the desired credential. Click OK to confirm credential selection.
  The window closes and the Patch Subscription Credentials page displays the selection.

The Patch Subscription Credentials page also contains the following buttons:

Button	Action	
ОК	Takes you back to the Configuration page.	
Apply	Saves the changes made to the page.	
Reset	Resets the selected options.	
Cancel	Cancels the last action.	

## 4.6.1 Adding a Credential

The Credential Vault stores the credentials used by Novell ZENworks 11 SP2 actions and tasks that require authentication to access a particular resource.

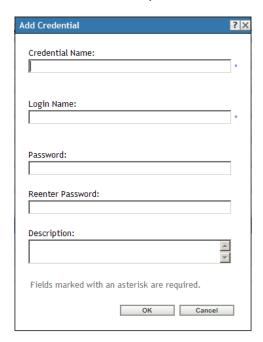
For example, if you want to create a third-party Imaging bundle by using the image files stored in a shared-network image repository that requires authentication, you can add a credential that includes the login name and password for the repository in the credential vault. During the creation of the third-party Imaging bundle, you can specify the credential name to access the repository.

You can use ZENworks Control Center to add credentials to the Credential Vault as follows:

1 In ZENworks Control Center, click the *Configuration* tab.



2 In the Credential Vault panel, click *New > Credential* to display the Add Credential dialog box.

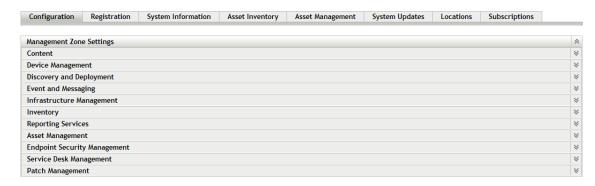


3 Fill in the fields.

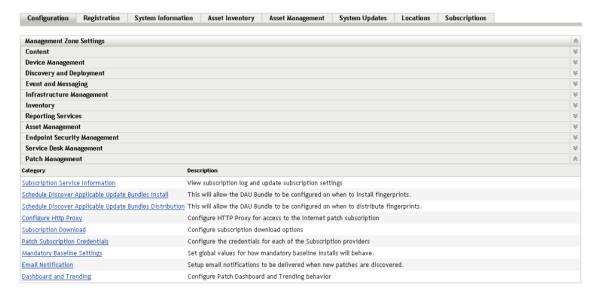
If you need help, click the *Help* button.

# 4.7 Configuring Mandatory Baseline Settings

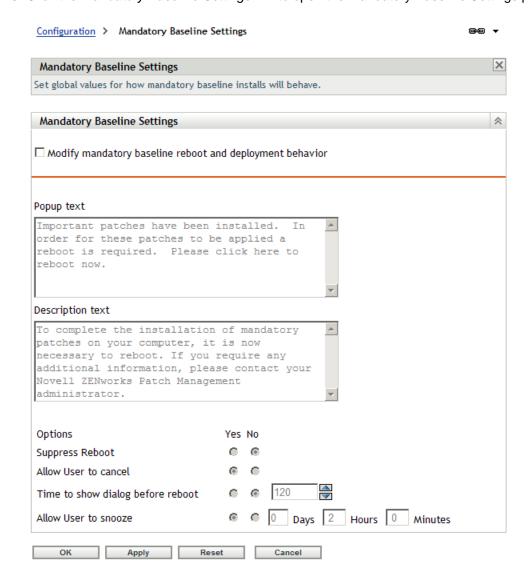
1 Click the *Configuration* tab in the left panel to display the Configuration page:



2 Click Patch Management to display the eight links (Subscription Service Information, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles Install, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles Distribution, Configure HTTP Proxy, Subscription Download, Patch Subscription Credentials, Mandatory Baseline Settings, Email Notification, Dashboard and Trending, and Deployment Options):



3 Click the *Mandatory Baseline Settings* link to open the Mandatory Baseline Settings page.



The Mandatory Baseline Settings page allows you to completely control deployment of mandatory baseline patches. For example, you can decide whether or not to automatically reboot the machine when a baseline patch is applied. The page also enables you to set global options for installation of mandatory baseline patches.

The page displays the following options:

• Enable auto reboot of mandatory baseline: Select this option to enable an automatic reboot of the machine when a mandatory baseline patch is applied.

**NOTE:** The auto reboot option is not applied to patches that do not require rebooting after installation.

- **Popup text:** The text of the popup window that appears before patch installation completes and the computer reboots.
- Description text: The text of the notification message.

- Options: When you define auto reboot options, you can specify whether to use the values in the default settings or the custom settings. There are four options:
  - Suppress Reboot: Allows the user to prevent rebooting after installation of a patch.
  - Allow User to cancel: Allows the user to cancel the reboot process.
  - Time to show dialog before reboot: The time in seconds for users to choose whether to reboot the machine after installation of a patch.
  - Allow User to snooze: This option allows the user to snooze the reboot.

The page also contains the following buttons:

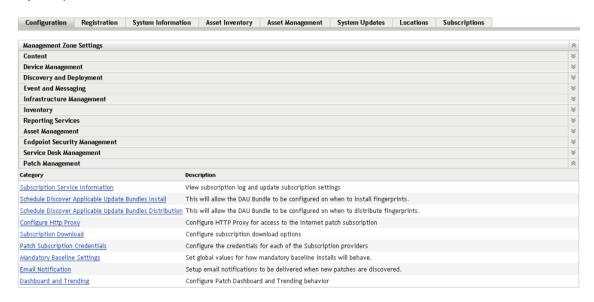
Button	Action
ОК	Takes you back to the Configuration page.
Apply	Saves the changes made to the page.
Reset	Resets the selected options.
Cancel	Cancels the last action.

# 4.8 Configuring Email Notification Details

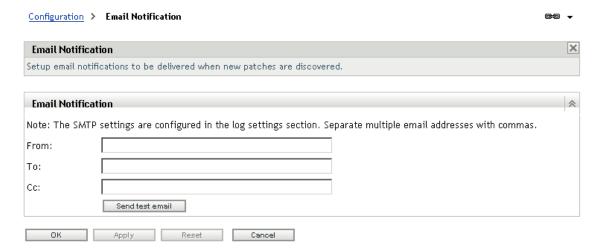
1 Click the Configuration tab in the left panel to display the Configuration page:



2 Click Patch Management to display the eight links (Subscription Service Information, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles Install, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles Distribution, Configure HTTP Proxy, Subscription Download, Patch Subscription Credentials, Mandatory Baseline Settings, Email Notification, Dashboard and Trending, and Deployment Options):



3 Click the *Email Notification* link to open the Email Notification page.



The Email Notification page allows you to configure the email notification options when the Patch Management Server detects a new patch. You can decide which email address is used to send notifications as well as specify the recipients. The next time the Patch Management Server detects a patch, the recipients will receive an email informing them of the same.

The following table describes each option on the Email Notification page:

Item	Description
From	The email address the notification will be sent from.
То	The email address the notification will be sent to.
Cc	The email address the notification will be carbon-copied to.

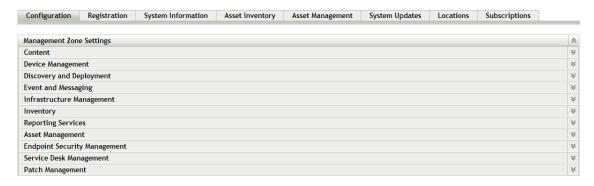
**TIP:** You can add multiple email addresses in the *To* and *Cc* fields. Separate each address with a comma.

The following table describes the action of each button on the page:

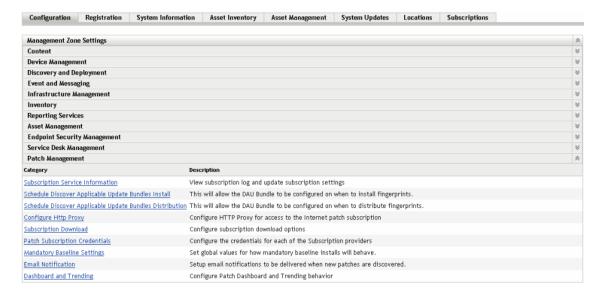
Button	Action
OK	Enables you to go back to the Configuration page.
Apply	Enables you to save the changes made to the page.
Reset	Enables you to reset the selected options.
Cancel	Enables you to cancel the last action performed.
Send test email	Enables you to send a test email. For more information, see Section 1.2, "Email Notification," on page 11

# 4.9 Configuring Patch Dashboard and Trending Behavior

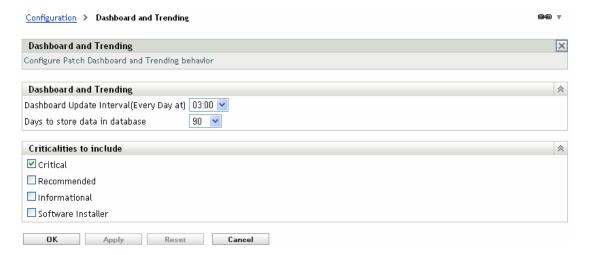
1 Click the *Configuration* tab in the left panel to display the Configuration page:



2 Click Patch Management to display the eight links (Subscription Service Information, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles Install, Schedule Discover Applicable Update Bundles Distribution, Configure HTTP Proxy, Subscription Download, Patch Subscription Credentials, Mandatory Baseline Settings, Email Notification, Dashboard and Trending, and Deployment Options):



3 Click the Dashboard and Trending link to open the Dashboard and Trending page.



The Dashboard and Trending page allows you to configure the Patch Dashboard and trending behavior for the Patch Management Server, according to the patch criticality status. You can decide the time when the Dashboard receives daily updates. This page also enables you to specify the number of days the Patch Management Server database stores Dashboard and Trending information.

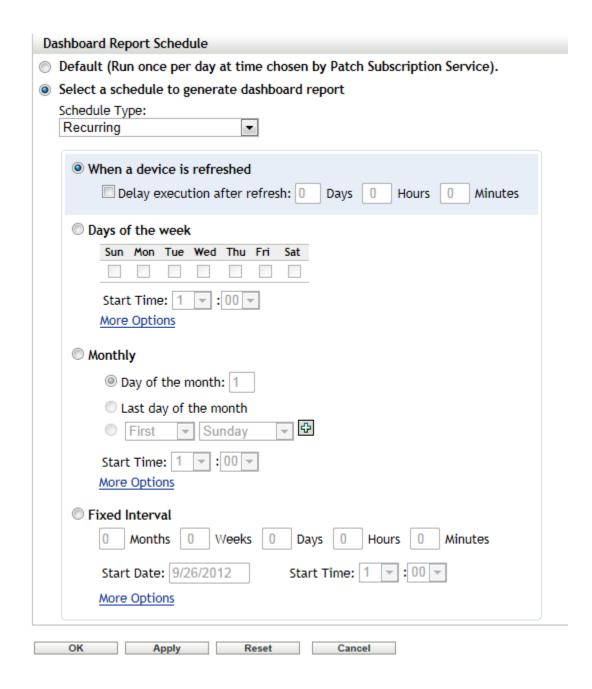
The following table describes each option on the Dashboard and Trending page:

Item	Description
Dashboard Update Interval (Every Day at)	The time at which the patch Dashboard retrieves updates.
Days to store data in database	Enables you to specify for how many days the database stores Dashboard information.
Criticalities to include	Lets you select the impact status of patches for which Dashboard information will be collected. Depending on the impacts you select, the Patch Compliance by Device Dashboard report will display the data.

If you want to turn off data collection for the dashboard, select 0 days in the *Days to store data* in database field.

The following table describes the action of each button on the page:

Button	Action
ок	Enables you to go back to the Configuration page.
Apply	Enables you to save the changes made to the page.
Reset	Enables you to reset the selected options.
Cancel	Enables you to cancel the last action performed.



The Dashboard report can be scheduled in the same way as a Deployment. There are 3 ways to generate a schedule for the Dashboard Report

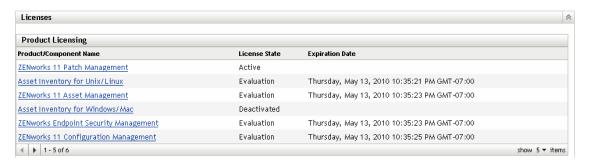
- Default: Selecting Default schedules the report at a time chosen by the Patch Subscription Service.
- Date Specific: Selecting *Date Specific* schedules the report according to the selected date. Further options can set the time and frequency of the report
- Recurring: Selecting *Recurring* schedules the report on the selected day at the selected time, and produces the report: On Refresh, Every day/week/month, and if defined, ends on a specific date. There are also options for producing the report on a Fixed Interval.

# 4.10 Patch Management Licensing

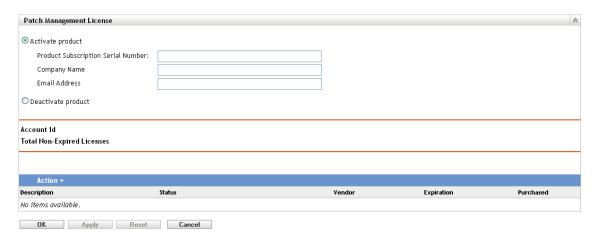
1 Click the *Configuration* tab in the left panel to display the Configuration page:



2 If necessary, expand the Licenses section:



3 Click ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management.



The Patch Management License page allows you to view and verify the patch management subscription for the ZENworks Primary Server. The page also allows you to activate or renew your paid subscription if it has expired, and provides a summary of all subscription elements that are part of your patch management activities. This information is updated after each replication with the Patch Management Subscription Service.

**IMPORTANT:** If you are upgrading from a prior version of Patch Management, you can use your existing Patch Management subscription serial number after your Patch Management 10.1 server has been uninstalled.

Patch Management offers the following licenses:

Table 4-1 Patch Management Licenses

License Type	Description
Trial	Denotes trial access to all features of Patch Management for 60 days.
Extended Trial	Denotes continued access to some Patch Management features after the initial 60-day trial, up to 12 months since ZENworks service is installed.
Valid	Denotes a valid subscription license.
Trial Expired	Denotes that the initial 60-day trial period or the extended trial period has ended, depending on the license in use earlier.
License Expired	Denotes expiry of the current Patch Management license.

Depending on the type of license you use, Patch Management functionalities are enabled as follows:

- Trial: All Patch Management capabilities are free to use.
- Extended Trial: During this license period, only Windows devices have Patch Management support. You can only download new patches released by Microsoft and run DAU for those patches. Patches that were cached previously will have their content cleared so you cannot deploy them. Other features disabled are patch caching, remediation, generation of reports, and the ability to set mandatory baseline patches. In addition, a message appears, asking you to purchase a Patch Management license.
- Valid: All Patch Management functions are available.
- **Trial Expired:** After the trial ends, the Server will not download any new patches. All Patch Management functionalities are disabled and you will receive a message asking you to purchase a Patch Management license.
- License Expired: After the license expires, the Server will not download any new patches.
   However, you can continue to use all Patch Management features on the patches downloaded prior to license expiry.

Patch Management provides a 60-day free trial period. You do not need to enter a serial number unless you have purchased the product or the 60-day free trial has expired.

To continue using the patch management features of the ZENworks Control Center after your 60-day free trial has ended:

- 1 Enter a valid subscription serial number for Patch Management along with the company name and e-mail address.
- 2 Revalidate the subscription serial number.

The license record is now valid, and displays its description, purchase date, vendor, effective date, and expiration date.

To validate the serial number and obtain the authorization to download patches, the Primary Server on which patch subscription is being downloaded must have port 443 (HTTPS) access to https://novell.patchlink.com/update.

The Patch Management content distribution network is a global cache infrastructure with many servers. Downloading patches from this network requires port 80 (HTTP) access to http://novell.cdn.lumension.com/novell/baretta.xml. For security reasons, it is also recommended that SSL access to the internet should be allowed. The *SSL* option is enabled by default and downloads the lists of patches from a secure and trusted site.

You should use nslookup to discover the local IP address for your nearest content distribution node. The content distribution network has over 40,000 cache distribution servers worldwide, plus multiple redundant cache servers in each geographic location. It is important to allow access to a range of addresses through the firewall.

The following table describes each field on the Subscription Serial Number page:

 Table 4-2
 Patch Management License Items

Item	Definition
Activate product	Activates the patch management service. The <i>Patch Management</i> tab is restored in the main panel and the <i>Patch Management</i> section is restored in the <i>Configuration</i> panel.
Deactivate product	Deactivates the patch management service. The <i>Patch Management</i> tab is removed from the main panel and the <i>Patch Management</i> section is removed from the Configuration page.
Product Subscription Serial Number	Patch Management license number (serial number).
Company Name	Name of the company that Patch Management Service is registered to.
Email Address	E-mail address that you can use for receiving alerts and for future communications.
Account ID	Key created by the ZENworks Server, which is passed to the Patch Management Subscription Service and used to validate the update request.
Total Non-Expired Licenses	Total number of active licenses. Each registered device requires one license.
Description	The description of the license or the name of the license.
Status	Status of license verification. When verification begins, the status reads <i>Initializing Verification</i> . When replication ends, the status reads <i>Completed</i> .
Vendor	The source where the license was purchased.
Expiration	The date the licenses expire. Typically, licenses expire one calendar year from the date of purchase.
Purchased	The total number of licenses purchased with the product.

The Patch Management serial number can be entered only once. When you have entered the serial number, you can verify the license by clicking the *Action* drop-down list on the Patch Management License page and selecting *Verify License*. To start the license verification process, click *Apply*. Automatic verification of the license happens every day with the replication process.

Figure 4-8 Verify License option



To start the license verification process, click *Apply*.

Figure 4-9 Verify License message box



The *Verify License* message box indicates that the verification of the subscription license is complete or the license has expired.

**NOTE:** You can check the resultant license verification status under the *Subscription Service History* panel on the Subscription Service Information page. When verification begins, the status column reads *Initializing Verification*. When verification ends, the status column reads *Completed*. The *Successful* column indicates whether the verification was successful or not. *True* indicates successful verification and *False* indicates incomplete or failed verification.

The following table describes the action of each button on the Patch Management License page:

 Table 4-3
 Buttons on the Patch Management License Page

Button	Action
ОК	Enables you to go back to the Configuration page.
Apply	Enables you to start the license verification process.
Reset	Enables you to reset the data entered in the text fields.
Cancel	Enables you to cancel the last action performed.

# 5

# **Using the Patch Management Tab**

The Patch Management page is where the majority of Novell ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management activities are performed. This page lists all patches across all systems registered to the ZENworks Server. The page displays the name, description, impact, and statistics of the patches.

The following sections provide more information on the Patches page:

- Section 5.1, "Viewing Patches," on page 61
- Section 5.2, "Dashboard," on page 62
- Section 5.3, "Status," on page 65
- Section 5.4, "Using the Patches Page," on page 66
- Section 5.5, "Patch Management BOE Reports," on page 81

# 5.1 Viewing Patches

A patch consists of a description, signatures, and fingerprints required to determine whether the patch is applied or not patched. A patch also consists of associated patch bundles for deploying the patch.

The Patches page displays a complete list of all known patches reported by various software vendors. After they are reported and analyzed, the patches are registered for distribution to your ZENworks Server through the ZENworks Patch Subscription Network. The ZENworks Adaptive Agent should be installed on each device to check for known patches. A patch bundle called Discover Applicable Updates (DAU) is then assigned to run on each device on a daily basis to scan for known patches. This task returns the results that are displayed on the Patches page. The results are presented in a table of patch status. The total number of patches is displayed below the table in the bottom left corner.

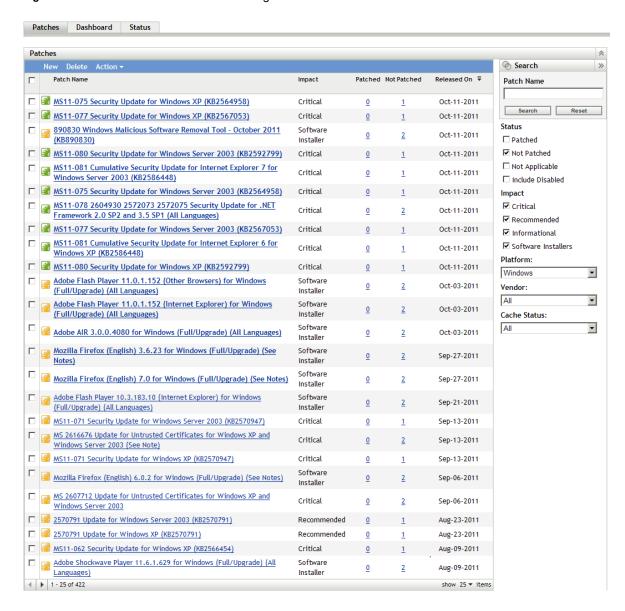
To view the patches in Patch Management, click the *Patch Management* tab on the left panel, as shown in the following figure:

Figure 5-1 Patch Management Tab



The patches are displayed, as shown in the following figure:

Figure 5-2 Patches Listed on the Patches Page



**NOTE:** The Patches page downloads and displays patches only for the operating systems that are running on your managed devices. This process prevents wastage of bandwidth and disk space required to store thousands of unneeded patches in the ZENworks Primary Server database. If you connect a device running a previously undetected operating system, you must initiate replication again so that the Patch Management Server downloads patches for that operating system.

## 5.2 Dashboard

The Dashboard addresses operational, management, and compliance reporting needs with a graphical dashboard and four standard reports that document patches, patch deployments, patch status, trends, inventory and more, at individual machine or aggregated levels. This provides a unified view to demonstrate progress toward internal and external audit and compliance requirements.

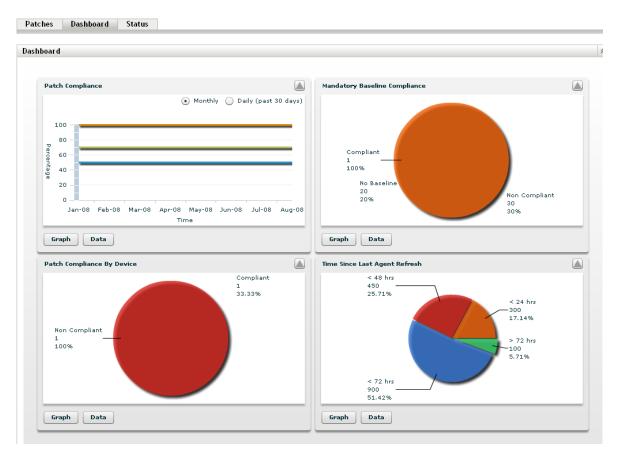
Clicking a dashboard report will display more information about that report in tabular form. You can update the dashboard by clicking the *Update Dashboard Report* button in the *Action* menu of the *Patch Management* tab.

The dashboard reporting thread captures daily statistics concerning the overall percentage of enabled patches that are actually patched on a given day. It will take at least 24 hours for the initial dashboard reports to be generated.

**NOTE:** To use patch management effectively, customers should disable the patches that are irrelevant to their environment, so that the daily compliance statistics are based only on patches relevant to their network of devices, giving the percentage of enabled patches actually applied on a given day.

Following is an illustration of the Dashboard page:

Figure 5-3 Dashboard Page



 Patch Compliance: Displays the monthly/daily trend of overall compliance for each patch impact category.

Patch Management best practices recommend that an organization should monitor compliance over time to ensure that the intended patches are deployed regularly and the patch management solution is being used correctly. Mouse over the trend lines to see the actual calculated percentages for each impact category (Critical, Software, or Optional). Detailed information that shows the individual patched/not patched totals per patch is seen on the *Patches* tab of *Patch Management*.

Monthly/Daily: Time period for the compliance trend data.

- Critical Patched: Percentage of Critical patches that are applied.
- Optional Patched: Percentage of Recommended and Informational patches that are applied.
- Software Patched: Percentage of Software patches that are applied
- Mandatory Baseline Compliance: Displays the percentage of device groups that are currently in mandatory baseline compliance.

Establishing a mandatory baseline policy allows the administrator to auto-deploy patches to device groups quickly and easily, and to ensure that known vulnerabilities do not return when a new computer is purchased or re-imaged. Each group is only evaluated as being in mandatory baseline compliance if all enabled baseline patches for that group are currently in a patched status for all group member devices.

- Status: Compliant, Non-Compliant, or No Baseline.
- **Group Count:** Number of groups in each state.
- Patch Compliance By Device: Displays the overall patch compliance of the devices that Patch Management is monitoring.

Each device is evaluated as compliant only if it has a patched status for all of the active patches currently available within Patch Management. Patches that are not applicable should always be disabled within Patch Management so that this metric can be tracked only on the relevant patches for the managed network of devices.

- Status: Compliant or Non-Compliant.
- Device Count: Total number of devices in each state.
- Time Since Last Agent: Displays the elapsed time since the last DAU cycle for all managed devices within the network.

Within a patch management system, it is vital to ensure that all devices are regularly scanned for missing patches. Even with a regular daily DAU cycle, it is very likely that some laptops or workstations are offline during any given day.

- Elapsed Time: < 24 hrs, < 48 hrs, < 72 hrs, > 72 hrs.
- Device Count: Total number of devices in each category.

The following table describes the action of each button on the page:

Button Name	Action
Graph	Displays the details graphically.
Data	Displays the details in tabular form.
Zoom Control	Enlarges or reduces a single graph into the full page size or restores it to the original size.
Update Dashboard Report	Refreshes the Dashboard page to show the updated information.

When you click the button, the corresponding graph is in full page size mode; when you click the button, the corresponding graph is restored to its former size.

# 5.3 Status

This page displays the download status for patches and bundles in table form, and also displays the details of patch caching and queuing status.

- Section 5.3.1, "Status," on page 65
- Section 5.3.2, "Cache Status," on page 65

## **5.3.1 Status**

Table 5-1 Status Table Items

-	
Item Name	Item Status
Signature Download	Indicates whether downloading of the signature has finished or is in progress.
Last Signature Download Time	Indicates the last time the local server contacted and downloaded the signature from the Patch Subscription server.
Bundle Download	Indicates whether the patch bundle download is finished or is in progress.
Last Patch Download	Indicates the last time the local server contacted and downloaded a patch from the Patch Subscription server.
Number of Failed Download(s)	Indicates the number of patches that failed to download from the Patch Subscription server.
Number of Patches Queued for Caching	Indicates the number of patches that are queued for download from the Patch Subscription server.
Number of Active Patches	Indicates the number of patches that are available for download from the Patch Subscription server.
Number of New Patches (less than 30 days)	Indicates the number of patches that have been uploaded to the Patch Subscription server in the last 30 days and are available for download.
Latest Patch Released On	Indicates the time when the latest patches were released.

## 5.3.2 Cache Status

Table 5-2 Cache Status Table Column Headings

Item	Definition
Name	The name of a patch.
Status	Whether the patch has been successfully downloaded.
Error Detail (if any)	Details of any error that occurred during the download process.

## 5.4 Using the Patches Page

The following sections provide more information on the Patches page:

- Section 5.4.1, "Patches," on page 66
- Section 5.4.2, "Patch Information," on page 77
- Section 5.4.3, "Searching for a Patch," on page 78
- Section 5.4.4, "Patch Management," on page 80

### 5.4.1 Patches

This section of the Patches page provides the following information about patches:

- · Name of the patch
- Total number of patches available
- Impact of the patch
- Statistics of the patch
- · Date when the patch was released

This section features the *Action* menu, which enables you to perform any of the five actions related to patches: *Deploy Remediation*, *Enable*, *Disable*, *Update Cache*, and *Update Dashboard Report*. For more information on these actions, see "Action Menu Items" on page 76.

The section also features the *show items* drop-down list that enables you to select the number of items to be displayed in this section, as shown in the following image:

Figure 5-4 Show Items Drop-Down List



The following sections explain the information on the Patches page:

- "Patch Name" on page 67
- "Total Patches Available" on page 67
- "Patch Impacts" on page 67
- "Patch Statistics" on page 68
- "Patch Release Date" on page 72
- "Sorting of patches by released date" on page 72
- "Patches released within the last 30 days are displayed in bold font" on page 72
- "Patch Creation" on page 72
- "Patch Deletion" on page 75
- "Action Menu Items" on page 76

#### **Patch Name**

This is the name that identifies a patch. This name typically includes the vendor or manufacturer of the patch, the specific application, and version information.

An example of a patch name is shown as follows. It indicates that Adobe is the vendor, Acrobat Reader is the application, and 6.0.6 is the version information:

Figure 5-5 Example of a Patch Name

Adobe Acrobat Reader 6.0.6 Update

- All Microsoft security patches are titled with their Microsoft Security Bulletin number in the format MS0x-yyy, where 0x indicates the year the patch was released and yyy indicates the sequential number of the released patch. These patches are critical and must be installed as soon as possible.
- Names of all Microsoft non-security patches include the Knowledge Base (KB) article number. These patches can be installed at your discretion.
- The names of Microsoft service packs and third-party patches do not usually contain a KB number, and never a Microsoft Security Bulletin number. Test these service packs thoroughly to ensure that they have the expected results.

For more information on the naming conventions for patches, refer to Comprehensive Patches and Exposures (CVE) (http://cve.mitre.org/), which is a list of standardized names for patches and other information exposures. Another useful resource is the National Patch Database (http://nvd.nist.gov/), which is the U.S. government repository of standards-based patch management data.

#### **Total Patches Available**

The total number of patches that are available for deployment is displayed in the bottom left corner of the table. In the following figure, the total number of available patches is 979:

Figure 5-6 Show Items Drop-down List

1 - 10 of 979

## **Patch Impacts**

The type of patch defined on the basis of the severity of the patch; the type can be Critical, Recommended, Informational, or Software Installers. Each impact is described as follows:

- Critical: Novell has determined that this type of patch is critical, and should be installed as soon
  as possible. Most of the recent security updates fall in this category. ZENworks Server
  automatically downloads and saves the patches that have critical impact.
- **Recommended:** Novell has determined that this patch, although not critical or security related, is useful and should be applied to maintain the health of your computers. You should install patches that fall into this category.
- **Software Installers:** These types of patches are software applications. Typically, this includes software installers. The patches show *Not Patched* if the application has not been installed on a machine
- Informational: This type of patch detects a condition that Novell has determined is informational. Informational patches are used for information only. There is no actual patch to be installed.

Patch Management impact terminology for its patch subscription service closely follows the vendor impact terminology for patch criticality. Each operating system has a vendor-specific impact rating and that impact is mapped to a Novell rating as described in this section. Patch Management, following the recommendations of Lumension Security, increases or steps up the severity of the impact rating. For example, Microsoft classifications for Critical, Important, and Moderate patches are all classified as Critical by Novell.

The following table lists the mapping between Novell and Microsoft patch classification terminology:

Table 5-3 Novell and Microsoft Patch Impact Mapping

Novell Patch Impacts	Windows	Other
Critical	Critical Security	NA
	Important	
	Moderate	
Recommended	Recommended	NA
	Low	
	Example: Microsoft Outlook 2003 Junk E-mail Filter Update	
Software Installers	Software Distribution	Adobe 8.1 software installer
	Example: Microsoft Windows Malicious Software Removal Tool (Virus Removal)	
Informational	NA	NA

Source: Lumension Security

#### **Patch Statistics**

Patch statistics show the relationship between a specific patch and the total number of devices (or groups) within ZENworks Server that meet a specific status. The patch statistics appear in two columns on the far right side of the Patches page. Each column status is described as follows:

 Patched: Displays a link indicating the total number of devices to which the corresponding patch has been applied.

Clicking this link displays a page that lists the patched devices, in alphabetical order.



If a patch does not support uninstallation, the Remove option in the Action menu is disabled.



The Patched page provides the following information about the devices to which a patch has been applied.

Item	Definition
Device Name	The name of the device registered with Novell ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management to which the patch is to be deployed.
Last Contact	The last time the device contacted the Patch Management Server.
Platform	The operating system of the device.
DNS	The name of the DNS server.
IP Address	The IP address of the device.

You can uninstall the patch by using the Remove option in the Action menu.

• **Not Patched:** Displays a link indicating the total number of devices to which the corresponding patch has not been applied.

Clicking this link displays a page that lists these devices, in alphabetical order.

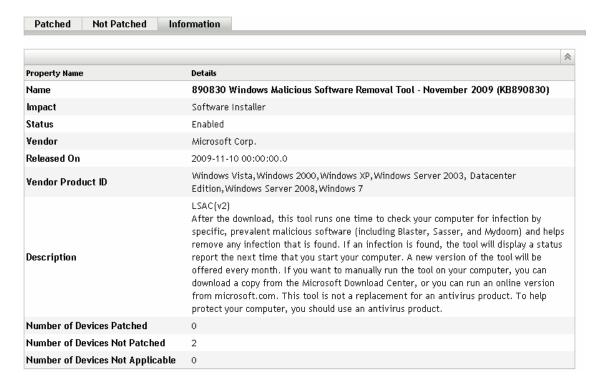


The Not Patched page provides the following information about the devices to which a patch has been applied.

Item	Definition
Device Name	The name of the device registered with Novell ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management to which the patch is to be deployed.
Last Contact	The last time the device contacted the Patch Management Server.
Platform	The operating system of the device.
DNS	The name of the DNS server.
IP Address	The IP address of the device.

You can deploy the patch to these devices by using the *Deploy Remediation* option in the *Action* menu.

Information: The Information page displays detailed information for a selected patch.



You can view the following information for a patch:

Property Name	Definition	
Name	The name of the patch.	
Impact	The impact of the patch as determined by Novell. See Patch Impacts.	
Status	Status of the patch; can be <i>Enabled</i> , <i>Disabled</i> (Superseded) or <i>Disabled</i> (By User).	
Vendor	The name of the vendor.	
Released on	The date the patch was released by the vendor.	
Vendor Product ID	The ID number given to the product by the vendor.	
Description	The description of the patch; includes detailed information concerning the defect or issue resolved by this patch, deployment notes, and the prerequisites for deployment.	
Number of Devices Patched	The number of devices to which the patch has been applied.	
Number of Devices Not Patched	The number of devices to which the patch has not been applied.	
Number of Devices Not Applicable	The number of devices to which the patch does not apply.	

The patches shown in the Patches page have different icons indicating their current status. The following table describes the icons for each patch:

Table 5-4 Patch Icons

Patch Icon	Significance
<b>5</b> 0	Indicates the patches that are disabled.
	Disabled patches are hidden by default. Use the <i>Include Disabled</i> filter in the <i>Search</i> panel to show these items.
	Indicates that only the fingerprint information for the patch has been brought down from the ZENworks Patch Subscription Network. This icon represents the patches that are not cached.
	Indicates that a download process for the bundles associated with the selected patch is pending.
器	Indicates that a download process for the bundles associated with the selected patch has started. This process caches those bundles on your ZENworks Server.
<b>3</b>	Indicates that the fingerprints and remediation patch bundles that are necessary to address the patch have been cached in the system. This icon represents the patches that are cached and ready for deployment.
	Indicates that an error has occurred while trying to download the bundle associated with the selected patch.

#### **Patch Release Date**

The date the patch was released by the vendor is displayed in columnar form. The latest released patches are displayed in bold font and the released date is displayed under the Released On column.

## Sorting of patches by released date

Clicking the Released On column lets you sort patches by their release date.

### Patches released within the last 30 days are displayed in bold font

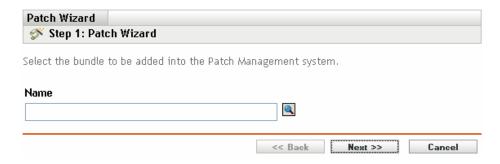
All the patches released in last 30 days are displayed in bold font.

#### **Patch Creation**

The Patches section features a Patch Wizard, which enables you to create custom patches for your devices. The wizard assists in selecting patch bundles and modifying patch details.

When you select the *New* menu item on the Patches page, the Patch Wizard appears as shown in the following figure:

Figure 5-7 Patch Wizard



The following sections provide more information on each step of the wizard:

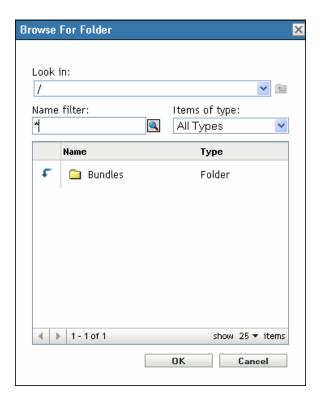
- "Add Patch Bundle" on page 72
- "Modify Patch Details" on page 74
- "Export Patches Summary" on page 75

#### **Add Patch Bundle**

Adding a bundle to the existing Patch Management System is the first step in creating a patch using the Patch Wizard.

To add one or more bundles to a patch:

- 1 Click the New menu item on the Patches page to open the Patch Wizard.
- 2 Click the \( \bigsize \) icon. The following window appears:



- 3 Click the arrow next to the *Bundles* option to display the available bundles in the *ZPM* folder.
- 4 Click the arrow next to a vendor to display the available bundles of that vendor.
- 5 Click the desired bundle.
- 6 Click OK to confirm bundle selection.
- 7 The window closes and the Select Bundles page displays the selection.

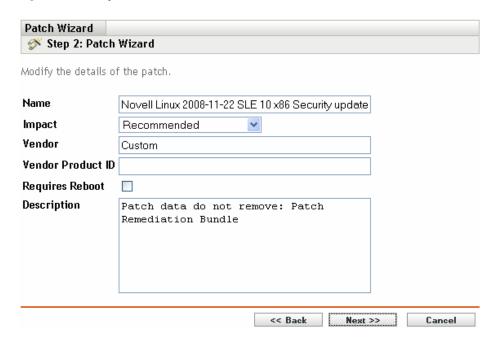
**NOTE:** You can associate only one bundle with a patch.

After selecting the bundle to add to the patch, click the *Next* button to modify the patch details. Click *Cancel* to exit the wizard.

#### **Modify Patch Details**

The Modify Details page allows you to add information relevant to the created patch. Modifying patch details is the second step in creating a patch using the Patch Wizard.

Figure 5-8 Modify Patch Details



You can modify the following information for a patch:

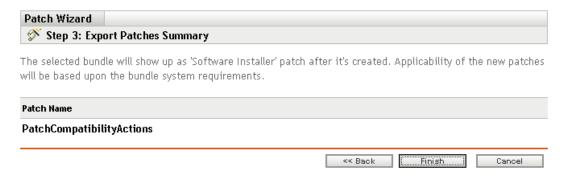
Property Name	Definition
Name	The name of the patch.
Impact	The impact of the patch as determined by Novell. See Patch Impacts.
Vendor	The name of the vendor.
Vendor Product ID	The ID number given to the product by the vendor.
Requires Reboot	Whether a reboot is required after patch deployment
Description	The description of the patch; includes detailed information concerning the defect or issue resolved by this patch, deployment notes, and the prerequisites for deployment.

Click the *Next* button to open the Export Patches Summary page. Click the *Back* button to return to the previous page. Click *Cancel* to exit the wizard.

#### **Export Patches Summary**

The Export Patches Summary page of the Patch Wizard displays the summary of the patch creation you have scheduled in the previous steps. Summarizing the important points of the creation is the last and third step in creating a patch.

Figure 5-9 Export Patches Summary



The Export Patches Summary page displays the name of the patch.

Click the *Finish* button to complete the process of creating a patch. Click the *Back* button to return to the previous page. Click *Cancel* to exit the wizard.

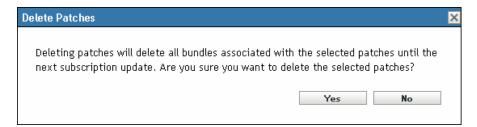
**NOTE:** After creating a new patch, you cannot immediately deploy it to any devices. This is because the Patch Management Server does not recognize the patch yet. To enable deployment, perform a subscription update after the new patch is created.

#### **Patch Deletion**

The Patches section enables you to remove patches from the Patch Management System.

To delete a patch:

1 Select the check boxes for the patches you want to delete and click the *Delete* menu item. A message appears, asking you to confirm patch deletion.



2 Click Yes to confirm the deletion. Click No to return to the Patches page.

Choosing to delete patches also removes all the bundles associated with the selected patches from the Patch Management System. Performing a subscription update adds the deleted bundles to the Patch Management System.

#### **Action Menu Items**

The *Patches* section also features an *Action* menu, which enables you to perform one of five actions on the patches listed on the page. The following figure shows the five options in the *Action* menu:



The *Action* menu consists of the following five options:

- **Deploy Remediation:** Enables you to deploy a patch. To use this option, select the check boxes for the patches you want to deploy and select *Deploy Remediation* from the *Action* menu options to open the Deploy Remediation Wizard. For more information, see Chapter 6, "Using the Deploy Remediation Wizard," on page 83.
- Enable: Allows you to enable a disabled patch.
- Disable: Allows you to disable a patch. To use this option, select the check box for the desired patch and select *Disable*. The selected patch is removed from the list.
  - Disabling a patch also disables all the bundles associated with it.
- **Update Cache:** Initiates the download process for the bundles associated with the selected patch and caches those bundles on your ZENworks Server.

The remediation patch bundles must be cached before they are installed on the target device.

To use this option:

- Select one or more patches in the patches list.
- In the Action menu, click Update Cache.

The patch icon changes to ... While the download is in progress, the icon changes to ... When caching is complete, the color of the patch icon changes to green. This indicates that the patch remediation is ready to be deployed.

You can sort the patches in ascending and descending alphabetical order. To sort, click the arrow in the column heading *Patch Name* as shown below.

Figure 5-10 Patch Name Column



 Update Dashboard Report: Enables you to update the dashboard report with the latest statistics.

**NOTE:** To know when a patch was downloaded, view the *Message Log* panel for that patch in the *Bundles* section.

#### 5.4.2 Patch Information

You can view detailed information for a selected patch in the *Patch Information* section. Clicking the name of a patch displays the details of that patch.

For example, if you select the patch called *Windows Malicious Software Removal Tool- February 2009 (KB890830)* from the list of patches, the *Patch Information* section displays the result of a patch analysis for the selected patch, as shown in the following figure:

Figure 5-11 Patch Information for a Selected Patch



The following table defines each property name in the Patch Information section:

Table 5-5 Property Names in the Patch Information Section

<b>Property Name</b>	Definition
Name	The name of the patch.
Impact	The impact of the patch as determined by Novell. See Patch Impacts.
Status	Status of the patch; can be <i>Enabled</i> , <i>Disabled</i> (Superseded), or <i>Disabled</i> (By User).
Vendor	The name of the vendor or manufacturer.
Released on	The date the patch was released by the vendor.
Vendor Product ID	The ID number given to the product by the vendor.
Description	The description of the patch; it includes the advantages of deploying the patch and the prerequisites for deployment.
Requires Reboot	Whether a reboot is required after patch deployment
Supports Uninstall	Whether the patch supports an uninstall after installation

## 5.4.3 Searching for a Patch

The Search section on the Patches page offers extensive search and data filtering options that allow you to search for specific patches and filter result sets based on the status and impact of the patches. Searching and filtering can be performed independently of each other or can be combined to provide extensive drill-down capabilities. The following figure shows the Search section:

Figure 5-12 Search Section on the Patches page



#### To search for a patch:

- 1 Type all or part of the patch name in the *Patch Name* text box.
- 2 Select the desired check box under Status and Impact.
- **3** Select the platform in the *Platform* drop-down list.
- 4 Select the vendor in the *Vendor* drop-down list.
- 5 Select the cache status in the Cache Status drop-down list.
- 6 Click Search.

**NOTE:** Click *Reset* to return to the default settings.

The following table describes the result of selecting each filter option under *Status*:

Table 5-6 Status Filters in Search

Status Filter	Result
Patched	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that have been applied to one or more devices.
Not Patched	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that have not been applied to any device.
Not Applicable	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that do not apply to the device.
Include Disabled	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that have been disabled by the administrator.

The following table describes the result of selecting each filter option under *Impact*:

Table 5-7 Impact Filters in Search

Impact Filter	Result
Critical	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that are classified as Critical by Novell.
Recommended	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that are classified as Recommended by Novell.
Informational	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that are classified as Informational by Novell.
Software Installers	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that are classified as Software Installers by Novell.

Table 5-8 Vendor Filters and Cache Status Filter in Search

Filter	Result
Vendor	Search results include all the patches relevant to the vendor in the patch list.
Cache Status	Search results include all the patches relevant to their cache status on the local server.
Platform	Search results include all the patches relevant to the operating system in the patch list.

## 5.4.4 Patch Management

The following sections provide more information on the different options in the Patch Management pane:

- "Deploy Remediation" on page 80
- "Export Patches" on page 80
- "View Patch" on page 81

## **Deploy Remediation**

This option enables you to deploy a patch. To use this option, select the check boxes for the patches you want to deploy and click the *Deploy Remediation* link to open the Deploy Remediation Wizard. For more information, see Chapter 6, "Using the Deploy Remediation Wizard," on page 83.

#### **Export Patches**

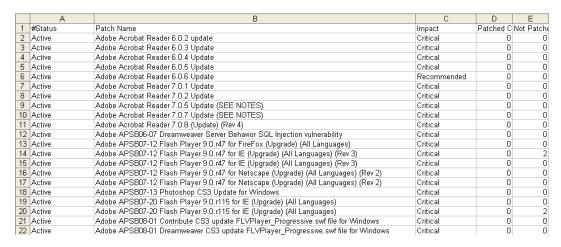
Details such as the status and impact of all patches can be exported into a comma-separated value (CSV) file. You can choose to save the file in a different file format after opening it from the download option.

- 1 Click the Export Patches link in the left pane.
  This exports all data results, not just selected results. However, some data might not export or translate into.csv format in a readable format.
- 2 In the Export Patches dialog box, click Export.



- 3 In the File Download dialog box, select from the available options:
  - Open: Creates the file and opens it in your Web browser. From the browser, you can save to a variety of file formats, including CSV, XML, text, and numerous spreadsheet applications.
  - Save: Creates the file and saves it to a local folder. The file is saved in Microsoft Office Excel CSV format. The file is named ZPMPatchesList.csv by default.

Cancel: The report is not created or saved.



#### View Patch

Select a patch and click the *View Patch* link to display a page that provides details for that patch. The page provides three tabs as follows:

- Patched: Displays the patched devices for that patch.
- Not Patched: Displays all the devices that are not patched for that patch.
- Information: Displays detailed information for that patch.

# 5.5 Patch Management BOE Reports

Business Objects Enterprise (BOE) reports are available to customers who install ZENworks Reporting Services (ZRS) inside ZENworks 11 SP2. The following predefined reports are included for Patch Management:

- Mandatory Baseline Details: Displays the applicable device names and patch statuses for the
  patches within the selected mandatory baseline. This report also helps you to monitor and
  communicate the compliance level for mandatory patches in the environment.
- Mandatory Baseline Summary: Displays the applicable device names and patch statuses for the patches. It also displays the criticality and the percentage of patched and not patched devices.
- Vulnerability Analysis: Displays the criticality level for patches that are applicable in an
  enterprise. It also displays the number of devices applicable to the patch, and the percentage of
  patched devices. This report is designed to assist in showing adherence to various compliances
  that require a level of patching efforts.

**NOTE:** On a Linux server, the Vulnerability Analysis and the Mandatory Baseline Summary reports display blank columns even though the reports have data. To view the data, modify the reports and set the text color to black in the Formatting toolbar, then save the reports. You need to do this only once.

- Patch Assessment Report: Displays the patches released by vendors, and the number of patched, not patched, and not applicable devices.
- Patch Release Report: Displays the number of patches released by vendors. The details section displays the patch name and percentage patched by impact and vendor.

- Top 10 Not Patched Critical Patches: Displays the 10 most critical patches that have not been applied to any device.
- Patch Bundle Assignment Summary
  - **Summary Report:** Displays the patched, not patched, not applicable, and patch percentage statuses by bundle name and patch name.
  - **Detail Report:** Displays the devices, device patch status, and deployment state by Bundle and Patch.
- Patch Analysis
  - **Dashboard:** Displays the patch status by vendor for the selected deployment status and impact.
  - **Detail Page:** Displays the patch name, release date, impact, deployment state, and patch status.
- Patch Detail Report: Displays the devices and patch status for the selected vendors, patches, impact, and patch status.

# 6 '

# **Using the Deploy Remediation Wizard**

The Deploy Remediation Wizard provides an interface to create or edit patch deployment schedules for multiple recipients or devices. The wizard assists in selecting devices, scheduling deployment of patches, and if required, setting recurrence.

You can access the Deploy Remediation Wizard from the Devices or Patch Management tab.

If you select multiple patches in the Deployment Remediation Wizard, the wizard automatically selects all the applicable devices and packages. If any device is selected, the wizard automatically selects all patches that are applicable for that device. If a group is selected, the wizard includes all patches applicable for the devices in that particular group.

The following sections provide more information on each step of the wizard:

- Section 6.1, "Creating a Deployment Schedule," on page 83
- Section 6.2, "Confirm Devices," on page 84
- Section 6.3, "License Agreement," on page 87
- Section 6.4, "Remediation Schedule," on page 87
- Section 6.5, "Deployment Order and Behavior," on page 96
- Section 6.6, "Remediation Options," on page 97
- Section 6.7, "Advanced Remediation Options," on page 98
- Section 6.8, "Pre Install Notification Options," on page 100
- Section 6.9, "Distribution Schedule," on page 103
- Section 6.10, "Notification and Reboot Options," on page 109
- Section 6.11, "Choose Deployment Name," on page 112
- Section 6.12, "Choose Deployment Name," on page 113
- ◆ Section 6.13, "Deployment Summary," on page 113

# 6.1 Creating a Deployment Schedule

To create a deployment schedule for a patch for one or more devices:

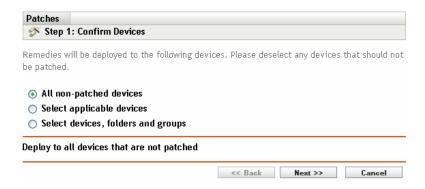
- 1 Click the *Patch Management* tab and select the patch that you want to deploy to one or more devices.
- **2** Select *Deploy Remediation* from the *Action* menu on the Patches page, as shown in the following figure. Alternatively, you can click the *Deploy Remediation* link in the *Patch Management* pane on the left side of the Patches page:



## 6.2 Confirm Devices

The Confirm Devices page allows you to select and confirm the devices for which you need to schedule a deployment. Confirming the device is the first step in scheduling a deployment for a selected patch.

Figure 6-1 Confirm Devices Page



The page indicates the total number of devices to which the selected patch will be deployed. In the following example, two devices will receive the patch:

Figure 6-2 Total Number of Devices

1 - 2 of 2

You can choose the total number of items to be displayed on the page by using the *show items* drop-down list:

Figure 6-3 Show Items



- **1** Select the devices for deployment, then click the *Next* button to open the License Agreement page.
- **2** Select one of the following options to determine the devices to which the patches are to be deployed.
  - Choose All non-patched devices to deploy the patch to those devices that are in a non-patched state, then continue with Section 6.2.1, "Confirm Devices: All Non-patched Devices," on page 85.
  - Choose *Select applicable devices* to deploy the patch to specific devices, then continue with Section 6.2.2, "Confirm Devices: Select Applicable Devices," on page 85.
  - Choose *Select devices, folders and groups* to deploy the patch to specific devices, folders, or groups that are in a non-patched state. Then, continue with Section 6.2.3, "Confirm Devices: Select Devices, Folders, and Groups," on page 86.

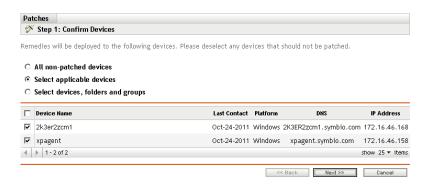
## 6.2.1 Confirm Devices: All Non-patched Devices

Selecting this option deploys the patch to all the devices that are not patched. This option is enabled by default.

## 6.2.2 Confirm Devices: Select Applicable Devices

When you select *Select applicable devices*, the Confirm Devices page appears as shown in the following figure:

Figure 6-4 Confirm Devices Page for the Select Applicable Devices Type



Selecting this option deploys the patch to the devices you select from the devices list. You can deploy a patch to a device regardless of its existing patch status, which can be patched or not patched.

**NOTE:** If you deploy a patch from the Patch Management page, the list of devices that appears is based on the patch *Status* filter you choose.

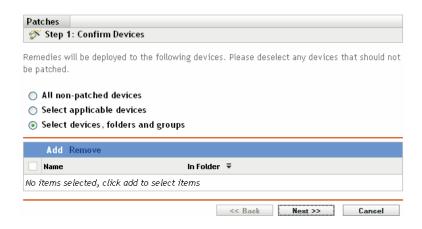
Table 6-1 Confirm Devices Page Column Headings

Column Heading	Description
Device Name	The name of the device.
	The name of the device registered with Novell ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management to which the patch is to be deployed.
Last Contact	The status of the device when they were last contacted.
Platform	The operating system of the device.
DNS	The name of the DNS server.
IP Address	The IP address of the device.

## 6.2.3 Confirm Devices: Select Devices, Folders, and Groups

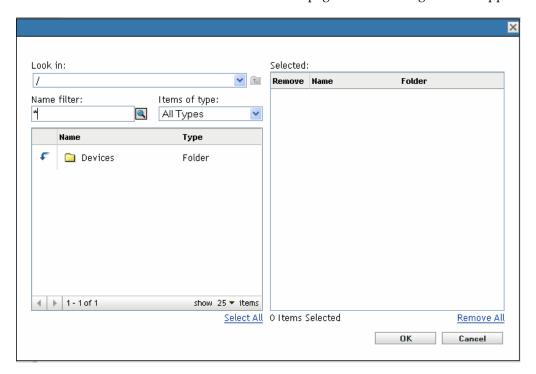
When you select *Select devices, folders and groups,* the Confirm Devices page appears as shown in the following figure:

Figure 6-5 Confirm Devices Page for the Select Devices, Folders and Groups Type



To select a device, folder, or group for deployment:

1 Click the *Add* menu item on the Confirm Devices page. The following window appears:



- **2** Click the arrow next to the *Devices* option on the left side of the window to display the available devices, folders, and groups.
- **3** Click the desired device to add it to the *Selected* panel on the right side of the window.

or

To remove a device from the panel, click the *Delete* button in the *Remove* column for that device.

**4** Click *OK* to confirm device selection.

The window closes and the Confirm Devices page displays the selection.

You can remove a device from the list by selecting it and clicking the *Remove* menu item.

# 6.3 License Agreement

The License Agreement page displays all the third-party licensing information associated with the selected patches. Accepting or declining the license agreement of the patch is the second step in scheduling a deployment for a selected patch.

Figure 6-6 License Agreement Page



Select *Accept* for the license agreements you want to accept. To view the license agreement details, click the name of the patch.

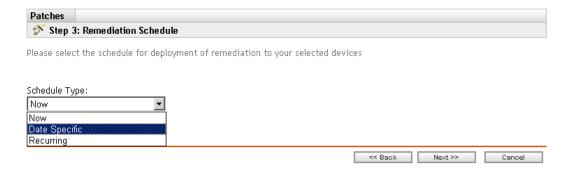
**NOTE:** All license agreements must be accepted before the deployment wizard allows you to proceed.

Click the *Next* button to open the Remediation Schedule page. Click the *Back* button to return to the previous page. Click *Cancel* to exit the wizard.

## 6.4 Remediation Schedule

The Remediation Schedule page allows you to select how a patch is scheduled and deployed for selected devices. Setting various deployment options for a selected patch is the third step in scheduling a deployment for the selected patch.

Figure 6-7 Remediation Schedule Page



To start setting the remediation schedule, you need to select the schedule type. Patch Management offers three types of schedules to determine when the patches are actually applied to the target device:

- Select *Now* to schedule the deployment to your selected devices immediately after you complete all the steps in the Deployment Remediation Wizard.
- Select Date Specific to schedule the deployment to your selected devices according to the selected date.
- Select *Recurring* to start the deployment on the selected day at a selected time, repeat the deployment every day/week/month, and if defined, end on a specific date.

By default, the Device Refresh Schedule is set to twice a day. For testing and demonstration purposes, you could increase the frequency to once every five to fifteen minutes.

The following sections provide more information on schedule types:

- Section 6.4.1, "Remediation Schedule: Now," on page 88
- Section 6.4.2, "Remediation Schedule: Date Specific," on page 89
- Section 6.4.3, "Remediation Schedule: Recurring," on page 90
- Section 6.4.4, "Remediation Schedule: Wake On LAN," on page 95

#### 6.4.1 Remediation Schedule: Now

When you select *Now*, the Remediation Schedule page appears as shown in the following figure:

Figure 6-8 Remediation Schedule Page for the Now Schedule Type

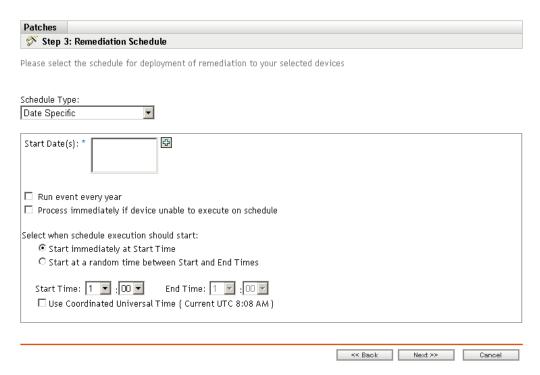


In this page, you can directly schedule deployment after completing the remaining steps in the Deployment Remediation Wizard.

## 6.4.2 Remediation Schedule: Date Specific

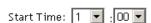
When you select *Date Specific*, the Remediation Schedule page appears as shown in the following figure:

Figure 6-9 Remediation Schedule Page for the Date Specific Schedule Type



Use this page to set the following deployment options:

- Start Date: Enables you to pick the date when you need to start the deployment. To do so, click the ⊡ icon to open the calendar and pick the date. To remove the selected date, click the ⊡ icon.
- Run event every year: Ensures that the deployment starts on a selected date at a selected time, repeats every year, and if defined, ends on a specific date.
- Process immediately if device unable to execute on schedule: Ensures that the deployment starts immediately if the device could not execute on the selected schedule.
- Select when schedule execution should start: There are two options to enable you to select the start time of the schedule execution namely:
  - **Start immediately at Start Time:** Deactivates the *End Time* panel and starts the deployment at the start time specified. In this option, you must set the start time in the *Start Time* panel:



• Start at a random time between Start Time and End Times: Activates the *End Time* panel next to the *Start Time* panel. You can specify the end time and the start time so that the deployment occurs at a random time between them. The *End Time* panel appears as follows:



In both time panels, the first drop-down list enables you to select the hour, the second drop-down list enables you to select the minute, and the third drop-down list enables you to select *am* and *pm*.

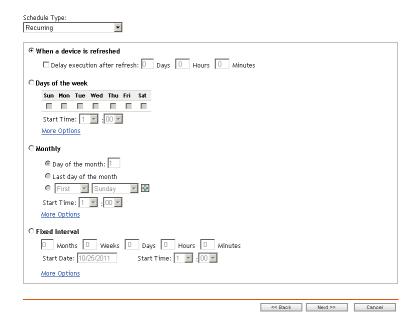
Selecting the *Use Coordinated Universal Time* check box enables you to schedule the deployment of all devices at the same time, regardless of time zone differences. Coordinated Universal Time (UTC), also known as World Time, Z Time, or Zulu Time, is a standardized measurement of time that is not dependent upon the local time zone. Deselecting UTC schedules the distribution at the local time.

Click the *Next* button to open the Deployment Order and Behavior page. Click the *Back* button to return to the previous page. Click *Cancel* to exit the wizard.

## 6.4.3 Remediation Schedule: Recurring

When you select *Recurring*, the Remediation Schedule page appears as shown in the following figure:

Figure 6-10 Remediation Schedule Page for the Recurring Schedule Type



**NOTE:** By default, the bundle install frequency is set to *Install once per device*. For a recurring deployment, change it to *Install always*.

To change the schedule:

- 1 Click the *Actions* tab for the particular patch bundle assignment.
- **2** Click *Options*. This opens the Install Options window.
- **3** Select *Install always* and click *OK*.
- **4** Click *Apply*.

In this page, you can set the following options for a recurring deployment:

- "When a Device Is Refreshed" on page 91
- "Days of the Week" on page 92

- "Monthly" on page 93
- "Fixed Interval" on page 94

#### When a Device Is Refreshed

This option enables you to schedule a recurring deployment whenever the device is refreshed. In this option, you can choose to delay the next deployment until after a specific time.

To set the delay, select the *Delay execution after refresh* check box as shown in the following image, and specify the days, hours, and minutes of the time to delay the deployment:

Figure 6-11 Delay Execution After Refresh Check Box

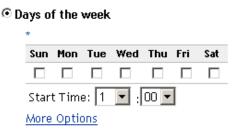


**NOTE:** The device is refreshed based on the settings in the *Device Management* tab under the *Configuration* tab. Click the *Device Refresh Schedule* link under the *Device Management* tab to open the page displaying the option for either a *Manual Refresh* or *Timed Refresh*. Alternatively, you can refresh the device by selecting a device under the *Devices* tab and clicking the *Refresh Device* option under the *Quick Tasks* menu.

#### Days of the Week

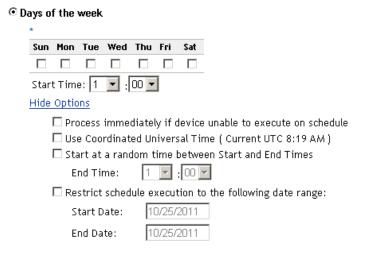
This option enables you to schedule the deployment on selected days of the week:

Figure 6-12 Weekly Deployment Options - Default



• To set the day of deployment, select the *Days of the week* button, select the required day of the week, and set the start time of deployment.

If you click the *More Options* link, additional deployment options appear as shown in the following figure. Click the *Hide Options* link to hide the additional deployment options and show only the default deployment options:



Selecting the *Use Coordinated Universal Time* check box enables you to schedule the deployment of all devices at the same time, regardless of time zone differences. Coordinated Universal Time (UTC), also known as World Time, Z Time, or Zulu Time, is a standardized measurement of time that is not dependent upon the local time zone. Deselecting UTC schedules the distribution at local time.

Selecting the *Start at a random time between Start Time and End Times* check box activates the *End Time* panel in addition to the *Start Time* panel. You can specify the end time and the start time so that the deployment occurs at any random time between the start and end times.

The *Restrict schedule execution to the following date range* option enables you to schedule a recurring deployment at the selected time, repeat the deployment on the days specified, and, if defined, end at the specific time. This option also enables you to restrict the deployment to the period between the start date and the end date. To set this option, select the *Restrict schedule execution to the following date range* check box and click the local icon to open the calendar and pick a start date or end date. Click the *Close* button when you have finished selecting the date.

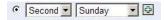
#### **Monthly**

This option enables you to specify the monthly deployment options:

Figure 6-13 Monthly Deployment Options - Default



- In the *Monthly* deployment option, you can specify the following:
  - Days of the month: Enables you to schedule the deployment on a specific day of the month. You can specify any number between 1 and 31.
  - Last day of the month: Enables you to schedule the deployment on the last day of the month.
  - Particular days of the month: Enables you to schedule the deployment on specific days of every month. The valid options for the day are first, second, third, fourth, and fifth. The valid options for the weekday are Sunday through Saturday. To select one particular day of the month, use the drop-down arrows. An example is shown as follows.

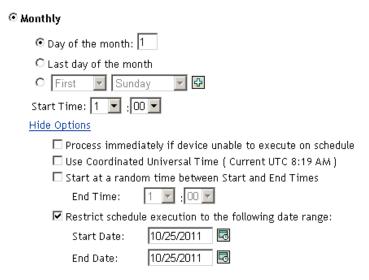


To select an additional day of the month, click the ⓓ icon and use the drop-down arrows in the second row shown as follows.



**NOTE:** To remove a particular day from the list, click the icon.

If you click the *More Options* link, additional deployment options appear as shown in the following figure. Clicking the *Hide Options link* hides the additional deployment options and shows only the default deployment options:

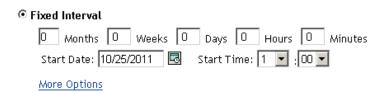


**NOTE:** The *Restrict schedule execution to the following date range* option enables you to schedule a recurring deployment at the selected time, repeat the deployment on the days specified, and, if defined, end on the specific time. This option also enables you to restrict the deployment to the period between the *Start Date* and the *End Date*. To set this option, select the *Restrict schedule execution to the following date range* check box and click the loop icon to open the calendar and pick a start date or end date. Click the *Close* button when you have finished selecting the date.

#### **Fixed Interval**

This option enables you to schedule a recurring deployment that runs after a fixed duration on a regular basis. You can choose the number of months, weeks, days, hours, and minutes of the interval and the start date for the deployment schedule, as shown in the following figure:

Figure 6-14 Fixed Interval Deployment Options - Default



If you click the *More Options* link, additional deployment options appear as shown in the following figure. Clicking the *Hide Options* link hides the additional deployment options and shows only the default deployment options:

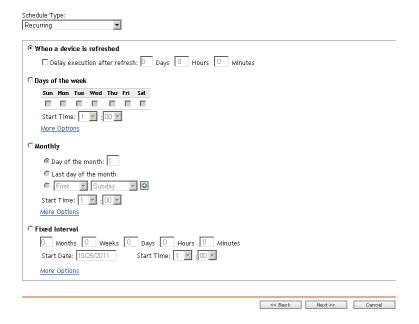
Figure 6-15 Fixed Interval Deployment Options - All



#### 6.4.4 Remediation Schedule: Wake On LAN

The Wake on LAN function is an option in Remediation schedule. It can be used to set a deployment even if the managed devices are powered off. By default the settings will automatically detect the Primary server, the parameters can be changed by pressing the (options) button, where you can select different servers for the wake up request and wake up broadcast.

Figure 6-16 Remediation Schedule Page with Wake On LAN option

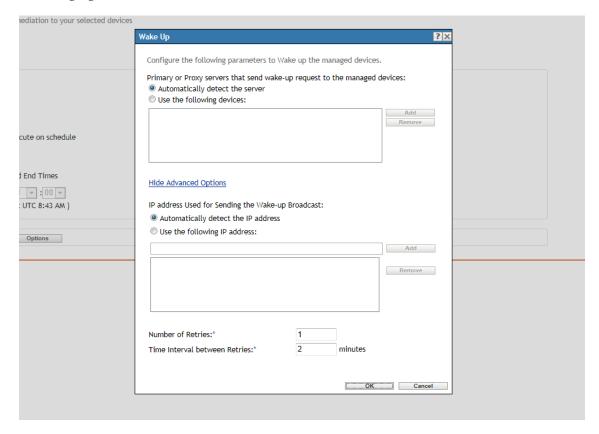


**NOTE:** The default settings for this function are to automatically detect the Primary server.

To change the parameters:

- 1 Select the Wake On LAN checkbox.
- **2** Click *Options*. This opens the Options window.
- **3** Select desired parameters and click *OK*.

When you select Wake On LAN options, the Advanced settings page appears as shown in the following figure:



# 6.5 Deployment Order and Behavior

The Deployment Order and Behavior page of the Deploy Remediation Wizard enables you to set the order and behavior for each deployment schedule. Setting the order and behavior of deployment for a selected patch is the fourth step in scheduling a deployment for a selected patch.

Figure 6-17 Deployment Order and Behavior Page



The Deployment Order and Behavior page features the following:

- Package Name: The name of the patch that has been selected for deployment.
- Order: The order of execution of the deployment. The arrow appearing next to the column heading enables you to sort in ascending or descending order.
- **Reboot:** The reboot settings applicable for the corresponding patch.

The following table describes the actions of the various buttons in the Deployment Order and Behavior page:

Table 6-2 Buttons in the Deployment Order and Behavior Page

Moves the patch to the top of all non-chained deployments  Moves the patch up one place  Moves the patch down one place  Moves the patch to the bottom of the listing	Button	Action
Moves the patch down one place	00	Moves the patch to the top of all non-chained deployments
		Moves the patch up one place
Moves the patch to the bottom of the listing	v	Moves the patch down one place
	vv	Moves the patch to the bottom of the listing

**NOTE:** Chained patches can be moved only after removing their chained status.

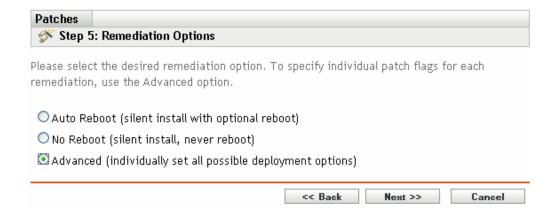
Click the *Next* button to open the Remediation Options page. Click the *Back* button to return to the previous page. Click *Cancel* to exit the wizard.

# 6.6 Remediation Options

The Remediation Options page enables you to select the required remediation option for each deployment schedule. Setting the remediation options for a selected patch is the fifth step in scheduling a deployment for a selected patch.

NOTE: The Advanced option enables you to specify individual patch flags for each remediation.

Figure 6-18 Remediation Options Page



The following table describes the functionality of each option available in the Remediation Options page:

Table 6-3 The Remediation Options

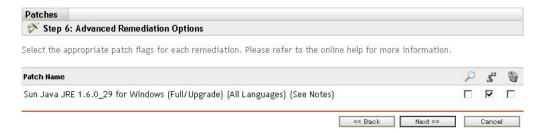
Remediation Option	Functionality
Auto Reboot (silent install with optional reboot)	Automatically sets all possible patches to deploy with QChain enabled. Allows the administrator to set the patch deployment flags as desired, using the default QChain and reboot settings defined for each patch.
No Reboot (silent install, never reboot)	Automatically sets all possible patches to deploy with QChain enabled. All necessary reboots must be performed manually.
Advanced (individually set all possible deployment options)	Allows the administrator to set the patch deployment flags as desired, using the default QChain and reboot settings defined for each patch.

Click the *Next* button to open the Advanced Remediation Options page. Click the *Back* button to return to the previous page. Click *Cancel* to exit the wizard.

# 6.7 Advanced Remediation Options

The Advanced Remediation Options page enables you to set patch flags for each remediation. Setting the patch flags for a selected patch is the sixth step in scheduling a deployment for the selected patch. The icons displayed on the page represent the patch flags that can be set for each package.

Figure 6-19 Advanced Remediation Options Page



The following table describes the functionality of each icon on the Advanced Remediation Options page:

Table 6-4 The Advanced Remediation Options Page

Icon	Name	Functionality
9	Uninstall	Uninstalls the packages.
0	Force Shutdown	Forces all applications to close if the package causes a reboot.
<b>2</b>	Do Not Back Up	Does not back up files for uninstalling.
<b>%</b>	Suppress Reboot	Prevents the computer from rebooting after installation of the package.

lcon	Name	Functionality
£ <sup>22</sup>	Quiet Mode	Sets the installer to function in quiet mode. Quiet mode suppresses any user interfaces (if a user is logged in) during the remediation.
<b>②</b>	Unattended Setup	Installs the packages in the Unattended Setup mode.
<b>(3</b> )	List Hot Fixes	Returns a list of the hot fixes installed on the target computers.
•	Force Reboot	Forces the computer to reboot regardless of package requirements.
R	Reboot is Required	Indicates that this package requires a reboot prior to completing the installation.
		Selecting this option reboots the device even if the specific bundle does not require a reboot.
8	Chain Packages	Sets the package as chainable (if the package supports chaining).
		This option cannot be modified in this release; the package is always installed with the "chain" option.
<b>%</b>	Suppress Chained Reboot	Suppress the reboot, allowing other chained packages to be sent following this package
		You should suppress the final reboot for all chained packages, then send a reboot deployment when all packages are finished.
Z.	Repair File Permissions	Repairs file permissions after package installation.
	Download Only	Distributes the package without running the package installation script.
	Suppress Notification	Suppresses any user notifications during installations.
P	Debug Mode	Runs the package installation in debug mode.
<b>%</b>	Do Not Repair Permissions	Suppresses the repair of filename permissions after the reboot.
<b>B</b>	May Reboot	Allows the package to force a reboot if required.
93	Multi-User Mode	Performs the installation in Multi-User mode.
8	Single-User Mode	Performs the installation in Single-User mode.
<b>%</b>	Restart Service	Restarts the service following the deployment.
<b>%</b>	Do Not Restart Service	Does not restart the service following the deployment.
0	Reconfigure	Performs the system reconfigure task following the deployment.
Ø	Do Not Reconfigure	Does not perform the system reconfigure task following the deployment.

**NOTE:** Depending on the type of patch you select, the icons displayed in Table 6-4 on page 98 change dynamically, so you might not be able to select some of the options described in the table.

Click the *Next* button to open the Pre Install Notification Options page. Click the *Back* button to return to the previous page. Click *Cancel* to exit the wizard.

# 6.8 Pre Install Notification Options

The Pre Install Notification Options page of the Deploy Remediation Wizard allows you to define whether users receive any notification when patches are downloaded and installed, and to customize the notification. Setting the notification and allowing users to cancel options is the seventh step in scheduling a deployment for a selected patch.

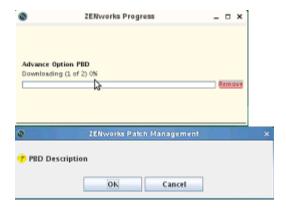
Figure 6-20 Pre Install Notification Options Page



The page provides the following options:

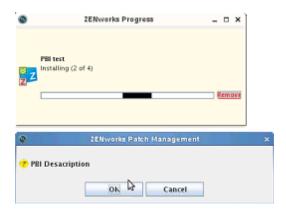
- **Notify Users Of Patch Install:** Select this option to notify the user prior to the installation of the patch. There are two options:
  - Prompt before download: Select this option to notify the user when the patch download process begins.

For eg. select Prompt before download and change the text in the Popup text as PBD and the Description text as PBD Description. Then refresh the agent and then we will see this pop up box that was selected.



• **Prompt before install:** Select this option to notify the user when the patch installation process begins.

For eg. select Prompt before install and change the text in the Popup text as PBI and the Description text as PBI Description. Then refresh the agent and then we will see this pop up box that was selected.



- **Popup Text:** The text of the popup window that appears before patch installation or patch download begins.
- **Description Text:** The text of the notification message.
- Use values assigned to system variables or defaults: Select this option to use the default settings for each agent. This option disables all other installation and notification options.

**TIP:** System variables or defaults are defined to configure the agent settings at the system level in the properties file, such as pre-install notification options. If the *Use values assigned to system variables or defaults* option is selected, the settings for the current agent are taken directly from system variables or defaults; otherwise, the settings customized by the user take effect only for the current agent.

The following table describes system variables or defaults for pre-install notification options:

System Variable	Variable Value
Notify Users of Patch Install	Not selected
Prompt before download	Not selected
Prompt before install	Selected
Popup text	There are important patches that need to be applied to your device. Click here to install patches now.
Description text	The download and installation of patches is ready to begin. If you require any additional information, please contact your Novell ZENworks Patch Management administrator.
Allow User to cancel	No
Time to show dialog before install	No
	120 seconds
Allow User to snooze	Yes
	0 Days 2 Hours 0 Minutes

- Override Settings: Select this option to use the settings chosen by users for each agent. Selecting this option enables all other notification options and enables you to edit the default settings.
- **Options:** When defining installation options, you can specify whether to use the values in the default settings (the *Use values assigned to system variables or defaults* check box) or the custom settings. There are three options:
  - Allow User to cancel: Allows the user to cancel the installation.
  - Time to show dialog before install: The time in seconds for users to choose whether to download and install patch.
  - Allow User to snooze: This option allows the user to snooze the installation.

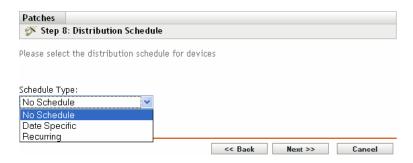
**NOTE:** Even if you choose to snooze the installation, the pop-up window continues to appear every few seconds until you proceed with or cancel the installation.

Click the *Next* button to proceed to the Notification and Reboot Options Distribution Schedule page. Click the *Back* button to return to the previous page. Click *Cancel* to exit the wizard.

### 6.9 Distribution Schedule

The Distribution Schedule page of the Deployment Remediation Wizard allows you to determine when a patch will be distributed to and installed on the devices. Setting a distribution schedule is the eighth step in scheduling a deployment for a selected patch.

Figure 6-21 Distribution Schedule Page



To start setting the distribution schedule, you need to select the schedule type. Patch Management offers three types of schedules to determine when the patches are actually distributed to the target device:

- Select *No Schedule* to schedule the distribution to your selected devices immediately after you complete all the steps in the Deployment Remediation Wizard.
- Select *Date Specific* to schedule the distribution to your selected devices according to the selected date.
- Select Recurring to start the distribution on the selected day at a selected time, repeat the deployment every day/week/month, and if defined, end on a specific date.

By default, the Device Refresh Schedule is set to twice a day. For testing and demonstration purposes, you could increase the frequency to once every five to fifteen minutes.

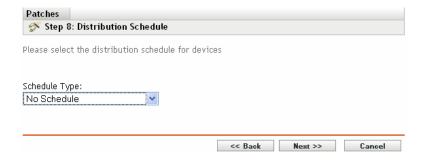
The following sections provide more information on schedule types:

- Section 6.9.1, "Distribution Schedule: No Schedule," on page 103
- Section 6.9.2, "Distribution Schedule: Date Specific," on page 104
- Section 6.9.3, "Distribution Schedule: Recurring," on page 105

#### 6.9.1 Distribution Schedule: No Schedule

When you select *Now*, the Distribution Schedule page appears as shown in the following figure:

Figure 6-22 Distribution Schedule Page for the No Schedule Type

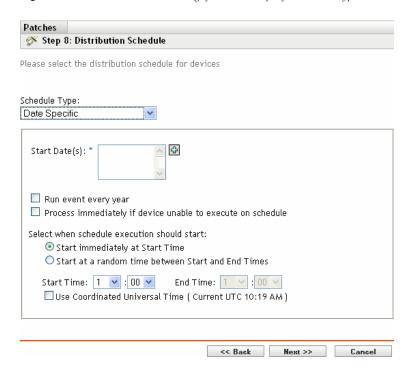


In this page, you can directly schedule distribution after completing the remaining steps in the Deployment Remediation Wizard.

## 6.9.2 Distribution Schedule: Date Specific

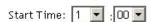
When you select *Date Specific*, the Distribution Schedule page appears as shown in the following figure:

Figure 6-23 Distribution Schedule Page for the Date Specific Schedule Type



Use this page to set the following deployment options:

- Start Date: Enables you to pick the date when you need to start the distribution. To do so, click the ☐ icon to open the calendar and pick the date. To remove the selected date, click the ☐ icon.
- Run event every year: Ensures that the distribution starts on a selected date at a selected time, repeats every year, and if defined, ends on a specific date.
- Process immediately if device unable to execute on schedule: Ensures that the distribution starts immediately if the device could not execute on the selected schedule.
- **Select when schedule execution should start:** There are two options to enable you to select the start time of the schedule execution namely:
  - Start immediately at Start Time: Deactivates the *End Time* panel and starts the distribution at the start time specified. In this option, you must set the start time in the *Start Time* panel:



• Start at a random time between Start Time and End Times: Activates the *End Time* panel next to the *Start Time* panel. You can specify the end time and the start time so that the distribution occurs at a random time between them. The *End Time* panel appears as follows:



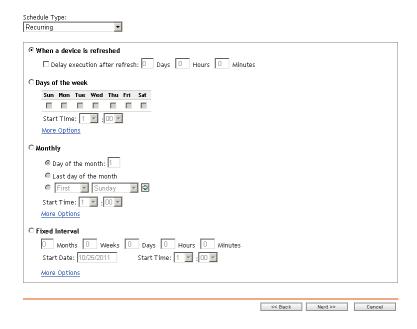
In both time panels, the first drop-down list enables you to select the hour, the second drop-down list enables you to select the minute, and the third drop-down list enables you to select *am* and *pm*.

Selecting the *Use Coordinated Universal Time* check box enables you to schedule the distribution to all devices at the same time, regardless of time zone differences. Coordinated Universal Time (UTC), also known as World Time, Z Time, or Zulu Time, is a standardized measurement of time that is not dependent upon the local time zone. Deselecting UTC schedules the distribution at the local time.

## 6.9.3 Distribution Schedule: Recurring

When you select *Recurring*, the Distribution Schedule page appears as shown in the following figure:

Figure 6-24 Distribution Schedule Page for the Recurring Schedule Type



In this page, you can set the following options for a recurring deployment:

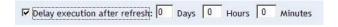
- "When a Device Is Refreshed" on page 105
- "Days of the Week" on page 106
- "Monthly" on page 107
- "Fixed Interval" on page 108

#### When a Device Is Refreshed

This option enables you to schedule a recurring distribution whenever the device is refreshed. In this option, you can choose to delay the next distribution until after a specific time.

To set the delay, select the *Delay execution after refresh* check box as shown in the following image, and specify the days, hours, and minutes of the time to delay the distribution:

Figure 6-25 Delay Execution After Refresh Check Box

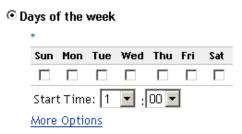


**NOTE:** The device is refreshed based on the settings in the *Device Management* tab under the *Configuration* tab. Click the *Device Refresh Schedule* link under the *Device Management* tab to open the page displaying the option for either a *Manual Refresh* or *Timed Refresh*. Alternatively, you can refresh the device by selecting a device under the *Devices* tab and clicking the *Refresh Device* option under the *Quick Tasks* menu.

#### Days of the Week

This option enables you to schedule the distribution on selected days of the week:

Figure 6-26 Weekly Distribution Options - Default



• To set the day of distribution, select the *Days of the week* button, select the required day of the week, and set the start time of distribution.

If you click the *More Options* link, additional distribution options appear as shown in the following figure. Click the *Hide Options* link to hide the additional distribution options and show only the default distribution options:



Selecting the *Use Coordinated Universal Time* check box enables you to schedule the distribution to all devices at the same time, regardless of time zone differences. Coordinated Universal Time (UTC), also known as World Time, Z Time, or Zulu Time, is a standardized measurement of time that is not dependent upon the local time zone. Deselecting UTC schedules the distribution at local time.

Selecting the *Start at a random time between Start Time and End Times* check box activates the *End Time* panel in addition to the *Start Time* panel. You can specify the end time and the start time so that the distribution occurs at any random time between the start and end times.

The Restrict schedule execution to the following date range option enables you to schedule a recurring distribution at the selected time, repeat the distribution on the days specified, and, if defined, end at the specific time. This option also enables you to restrict the distribution to the period between the start date and the end date. To set this option, select the Restrict schedule execution to the following date range check box and click the licon to open the calendar and pick a start date or end date. Click the Close button when you have finished selecting the date.

#### Monthly

This option enables you to specify the monthly distribution options:

Figure 6-27 Monthly Distribution Options - Default



- In the *Monthly* distribution option, you can specify the following:
  - Days of the month: Enables you to schedule the distribution on a specific day of the month. You can specify any number between 1 and 31.
  - Last day of the month: Enables you to schedule the distribution on the last day of the month.
  - Particular days of the month: Enables you to schedule the distribution on specific days of every month. The valid options for the day are first, second, third, fourth, and fifth. The valid options for the weekday are Sunday through Saturday. To select one particular day of the month, use the drop-down arrows. An example is shown as follows.

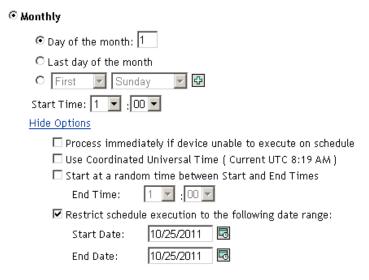


To select an additional day of the month, click the ☑ icon and use the drop-down arrows in the second row shown as follows.



**NOTE:** To remove a particular day from the list, click the **□** icon.

If you click the *More Options* link, additional distribution options appear as shown in the following figure. Clicking the *Hide Options link* hides the additional distribution options and shows only the default distribution options:



**NOTE:** The *Restrict schedule execution to the following date range* option enables you to schedule a recurring distribution at the selected time, repeat the distribution on the days specified, and, if defined, end on the specific time. This option also enables you to restrict the distribution to the period between the *Start Date* and the *End Date*. To set this option, select the *Restrict schedule execution to the following date range* check box and click the loop icon to open the calendar and pick a start date or end date. Click the *Close* button when you have finished selecting the date.

#### **Fixed Interval**

This option enables you to schedule a recurring distribution that runs after a fixed duration on a regular basis. You can choose the number of months, weeks, days, hours, and minutes of the interval and the start date for the distribution schedule, as shown in the following figure:

Figure 6-28 Fixed Interval Distribution Options - Default



If you click the *More Options* link, additional distribution options appear as shown in the following figure. Clicking the *Hide Options* link hides the additional distribution options and shows only the default distribution options:

Figure 6-29 Fixed Interval Distribution Options - All

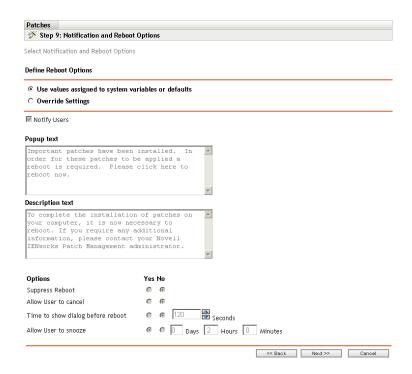


Click the *Next* button to open the Notification and Reboot Options page. Click the *Back* button to return to the previous page. Click *Cancel* to exit the wizard.

# 6.10 Notification and Reboot Options

The Notification and Reboot Options page of the Deploy Remediation Wizard allows you to define whether users receive notification of patch deployments and reboots, and to customize the notification. Setting the notification and reboot options is the ninth step in scheduling a deployment for a selected patch.

Figure 6-30 Notification and Reboot Options Page



The page provides the following options:

Notify Users: Select this option to notify the user when patch installation completes.

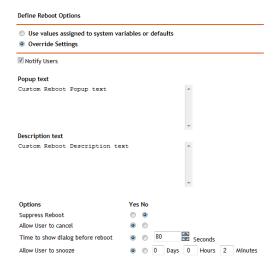
- **Popup Text:** The text of the popup window that appears before patch installation completes and the computer reboots.
- **Description text:** The text of the notification message.
- Use values assigned to system variables or defaults: Select this option to use the default settings for each agent. This option disables all other reboot notification options.

The following table describes system variables or defaults for notification and reboot options:

System Variable	Variable Value
Notify Users	Selected
Popup text	Important patches have been installed. In order for these patches to be applied a reboot is required. Please click here to reboot now.
Description text	To complete the installation of patches to your computer, it is now necessary to reboot. If you require any additional information, please contact your Novell ZENworks Patch Management administrator.
Suppress Reboot	No
Allow User to cancel	No
Time to show dialog before reboot	No
	120 seconds
Allow User to snooze	Yes
	0 Days 2 Hours 0 Minutes

Override Settings: Select this option to use the settings chosen by users for each agent. Selecting
this option enables all other notification options and enables you to edit the default settings.

For eg. Select this option and customize the settings by changing the Popup text to "Custom Reboot Popup text" and the Description text to "Custom Reboot Description text". Also change the options settings as shown in the figure below.



A popup text will be displayed when the reboot will be required as shown in the figure below.



A popup will be displayed containing the customized description as shown in the figure below.



- **Options:** When defining reboot options, you can specify whether to use the values in the default settings (the *Use values assigned to system variables or defaults* check box) or in the custom settings. There are four options:
  - **Suppress Reboot:** Prevents a reboot even if the patch bundle requires a reboot.
  - Allow User to cancel: Allows the user to cancel the reboot.
  - **Time to show dialog before reboot:** The time in seconds that allows user to choose whether to reboot after installation of a patch.
  - **Allow User to snooze:** Allows the user to snooze the reboot.

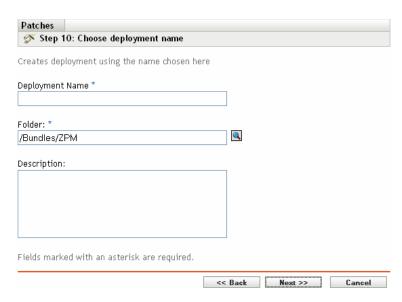
**NOTE:** Even if you choose to snooze the reboot, the pop-up window continues to appear every few seconds until you proceed with or cancel the reboot.

Click the *Next* button to proceed to the Deployment Summary page. Click the *Back* button to return to the previous page. Click *Cancel* to exit the wizard.

# 6.11 Choose Deployment Name

The Choose Deployment Name of the Deploy Remediation Wizard lets you customize the name of the deployment you have scheduled. Setting a deployment name is the tenth step in scheduling a deployment for a selected patch.

Figure 6-31 Choose Deployment Name Page



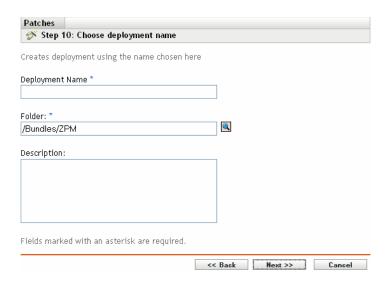
The page provides the following options:

- **Deployment Name:** The name you give to the deployment.
- Folder: The location where the deployment is saved. The default location is /Bundles/ZPM.
- **Description:** The description of the scheduled deployment.

# 6.12 Choose Deployment Name

The Choose Deployment Name of the Deploy Remediation Wizard lets you customize the name of the deployment you have scheduled. Setting a deployment name is the tenth step in scheduling a deployment for a selected patch.

Figure 6-32 Choose Deployment Name Page



The page provides the following options:

- **Deployment Name:** The name you give to the deployment.
- Folder: The location where the deployment is saved. The default location is /Bundles/ZPM.
- **Description:** The description of the scheduled deployment.

# 6.13 Deployment Summary

The Deployment Summary page of the Deploy Remediation Wizard displays the summary of the deployment you have scheduled in the previous steps. Summarizing the important points of the deployment is the last step in scheduling a deployment for a selected patch.

Figure 6-33 Deployment Summary Page

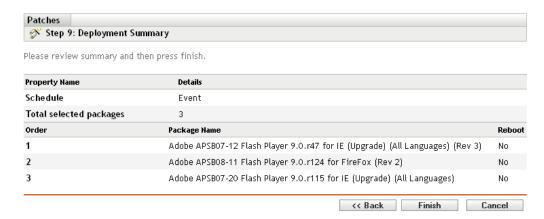
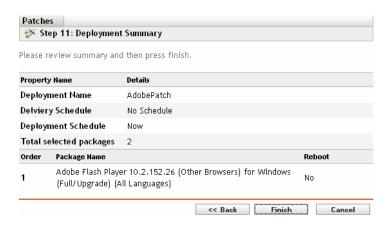


Figure 6-34 Deployment Summary Page



The Deployment Summary page displays the following details about the deployment you have scheduled:

- **Schedule:** The schedule selected for the deployments as defined on the Remediation Schedule page.
- Total Selected Packages: The total number of patches selected for deployment.
- Order: The order of deployment of the patches as defined on the Deployment Order and Behavior page.
- Package Name: The name of the patch you have selected for deployment.
- **Reboot:** The reboot setting of the selected patch as defined in the Deployment Order and Behavior page.
- **Deployment Name:** The name of the deployment as defined on the Choose Deployment Name page.
- **Delivery Schedule:** The schedule selected for distribution of patches as defined on the Distribution Schedule page.
- **Deployment Schedule:** The schedule selected for the deployments as defined on the Remediation Schedule page.
- Total Selected Packages: The total number of patches selected for deployment.
- Order: The order of deployment of the patches as defined on the Deployment Order and Behavior page.
- Package Name: The name of the patch you have selected for deployment.
- **Reboot:** The reboot setting of the selected patch as defined in the Deployment Order and Behavior page.

Click the *Finish* button to complete the process of scheduling the deployment of a selected patch. Click the *Back* button to return to the previous page. Click *Cancel* to exit the wizard.

7

# **Using Mandatory Baselines**

Establishing a mandatory baseline ensures that a group of devices is protected and that all devices in the group are patched consistently.

- Section 7.1, "About Mandatory Baselines," on page 115
- Section 7.2, "Working with Mandatory Baselines," on page 119

# 7.1 About Mandatory Baselines

A mandatory baseline is a user-defined compliance level for a group of devices. If a device falls out of compliance, a mandatory baseline ensures that the device is patched back into compliance.

**IMPORTANT:** Mandatory baselines are an automatic enforcement method based on the most recent discovery scan results, so there is no control over the deployment time or order for patches applied in this manner. Unless a stringent Content Blackout Schedule is in effect, do not apply mandatory baselines to groups of mission-critical servers or other devices where unscheduled patch deployments would disrupt daily operations.

The Content Blackout Schedule panel lets you define times when content (bundles, policies, configuration settings, etc.) will not be delivered to the devices.

When a mandatory baseline is created or modified:

- The ZENworks Server automatically schedules a daily Discover Applicable Updates (DAU) task for all devices in that group.
- Every few hours, depending on the results of the DAU task, the ZENworks Server determines
  the devices that are applicable and out of compliance (based upon the patches added to the
  baseline).
- Necessary bundles, as defined in the baseline, are then deployed as soon as possible for each device.
- After patches have been deployed, it might be necessary to reboot those devices for them to be detected as patched.

The baseline function does not auto-reboot devices that have been patched.

**NOTE:** Some patches, such as MDAC and IE, require both a reboot and an administrator level login to complete. If these or similar patches are added to a baseline, the deployment stops until the login occurs.

The following sections provide more information on mandatory baselines:

- Section 7.1.1, "Viewing Mandatory Baselines," on page 116
- Section 7.1.2, "Using the Mandatory Baseline Page," on page 118

#### 7.1.1 Viewing Mandatory Baselines

1 Click the *Devices* tab in the left panel.

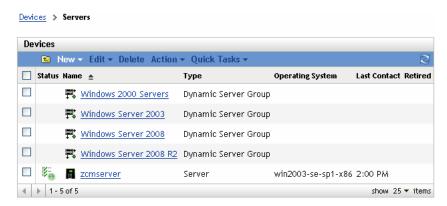
A page displaying the root folders for each type of device appears, as shown in the following figure:



The *Servers* folder is the root folder for all managed servers and the *Workstations* folder is the root folder for all managed workstations in the network.

2 Click the Servers or Workstations link.

A list of server or workstation groups classified on the basis of their operating systems appears. The following figure shows a list of server groups:



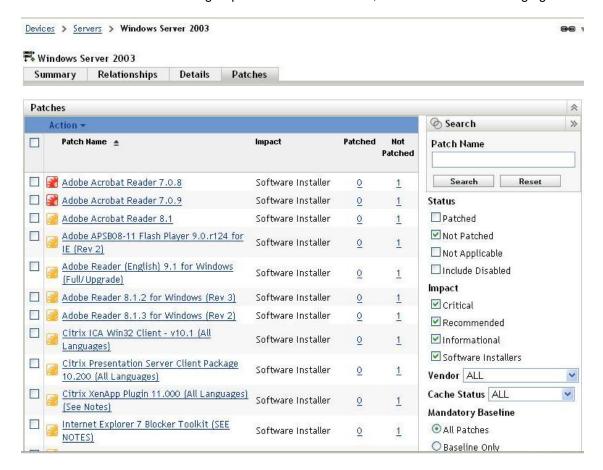
3 On the Servers or Workstation page (in this case, it is the Servers page), select any group.

A page displaying the general details of the group and the members in the group appears. The following figure shows such a page that appears when a Dynamic Server Group called *Windows Server 2003* is selected:



4 Click the Patches tab.

The patches applicable to the member devices of the selected group are displayed. If the selected group is *Windows Server 2003*, the *Patches* tab displays all the patches applicable to the member devices within the group *Windows Server 2003*, as shown in the following figure:



A patch that has been assigned to the baseline (also called the mandatory baseline patch) has the icon displayed next to its name, as shown in the above figure.

Alternatively, you can view the baseline patches by using the *Search* panel on the Patches page to search for mandatory baseline patches.

For detailed information on *Patches* and *Patches Information* panels, refer to Chapter 5, "Using the Patch Management Tab," on page 61.

#### 7.1.2 Using the Mandatory Baseline Page

You can use the Search panel on the Mandatory Baseline page to view the baseline patches.

The Search panel on the Device Group Patches page, as shown in Figure 7-1, enables you to search for mandatory baseline patches. The Search panel also enables you to search for other patches based on the status and impact of the patches.

Figure 7-1 Mandatory Baseline Search



You can search for the mandatory baseline patches based on the following filter options:

• All Patches: Displays all patches, including mandatory baseline items.

 Baseline Only: Displays only those patches that are marked as "mandatory baseline" for the group.

# 7.2 Working with Mandatory Baselines

The *Action* menu on the Device Group Patches page enables you to perform various actions concerning mandatory baseline patches. The *Action* menu options also assist you in managing and deploying patches in a consistent and uniform manner across groups. The following figure shows the various menu options that help you work with mandatory baselines:

Figure 7-2 Action Menu Items



- The *Deploy Remediation* option enables you to deploy a patch. To use this option, select the check boxes for the patches you want to deploy and select *Deploy Remediation* from the *Action* menu options to open the Deploy Remediation Wizard.
- The *Enable* option allows you to enable a disabled patch.
- The *Disable* option enables you to disable a patch. To use this option, select the check box for the required patch and select *Disable*. The selected patch is removed from the list.
- The Update Cache option initiates a download process for the bundles associated with a selected patch and caches those bundles on your ZENworks Server. See Section 7.2.3, "Using Update Cache," on page 122.
- The Assign to Baseline option enables you to assign a baseline to a patch. For more information, see Section 7.2.1, "Assigning or Managing a Mandatory Baseline," on page 120.
- The Remove from Baseline option enables you to remove a patch from a baseline. See Section 7.2.2, "Removing a Mandatory Baseline," on page 121 for more information.
- The Export option enables you to export details such as the status and impact of selected patches into a comma-separated value (CSV) file. You can choose to save the file in a different file format after opening it from the download option.
- The Recalculate Baseline option enables you to start the thread that normally runs automatically about every four hours, which, in turn, creates baseline deployments to the relevant devices without waiting for four hours.

The following sections provide more information on mandatory baselines:

- Section 7.2.1, "Assigning or Managing a Mandatory Baseline," on page 120
- Section 7.2.2, "Removing a Mandatory Baseline," on page 121
- Section 7.2.3, "Using Update Cache," on page 122

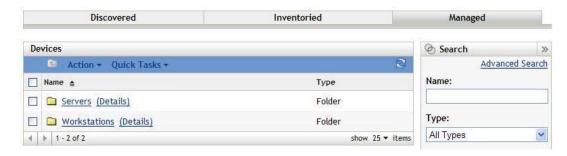
#### 7.2.1 Assigning or Managing a Mandatory Baseline

Mandatory baselines can be applied only to groups, and each group can have only one mandatory baseline applied to it. However, a single device can be a member of multiple groups, each of which could have a different mandatory baseline.

To create or manage a mandatory baseline:

1 Click the *Devices* tab in the left panel.

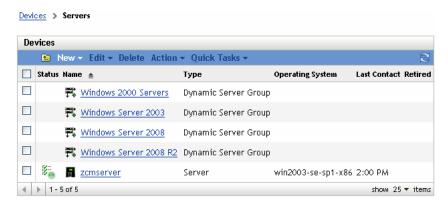
A page displaying the root folders for each type of device appears, as shown in the following figure:



The *Servers* folder is the root folder for all managed servers and the *Workstations* folder is the root folder for all managed workstations in the network.

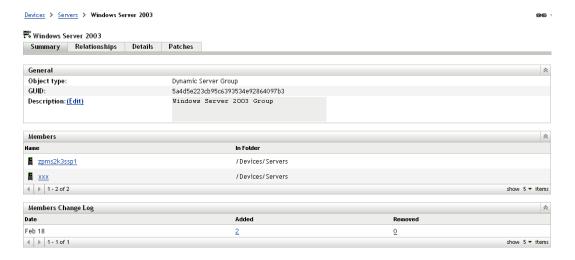
2 Click the Servers or Workstations link.

A list of server or workstation groups classified on the basis of their operating systems appears. The following figure shows a list of server groups:



3 On the Servers or Workstation page (in this case, it is the Servers page), select any group.

A page displaying the general details of the group and the members in the group appears. The following figure shows such a page that appears when a Dynamic Server Group called *Windows Server 2003* is selected:



4 Select the required patch and choose *Assign to Baseline* from the *Action* menu. An icon appears next to the patch, indicating that it has been assigned to the baseline.

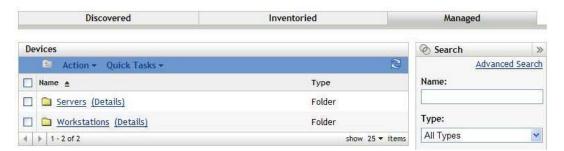
After a patch has been assigned to the baseline, the following process takes place:

- 1. The ZENworks Server automatically schedules a daily Discover Applicable Updates task for all devices in that group.
- Every few hours, depending on the results of the DAU task, the ZENworks Server determines the devices that are applicable and out of compliance (based upon the patches added to the baseline).
- 3. Necessary bundles, as defined in the baseline, are deployed as soon as possible for each device
- After patches have been deployed, it might be necessary to reboot those devices for them to be detected as patched.

NOTE: The baseline function does not auto-reboot devices that have been patched.

#### 7.2.2 Removing a Mandatory Baseline

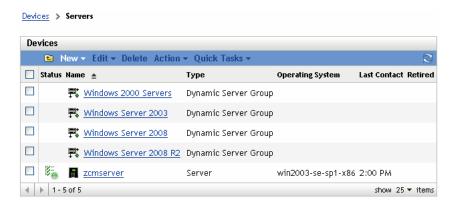
1 Click the *Devices* tab in the left panel to display the Devices page, which shows the root folders for each type of device:



The *Servers* folder is the root folder for all managed servers and the *Workstations* folder is the root folder for all managed workstations in the network.

2 Click the Servers or Workstations link.

A list of server or workstation groups classified on the basis of their operating systems appears. The following figure shows a list of server groups:



3 On the Servers or Workstation page (in this case, it is the Servers page), select any group.

A page displaying the general details of the group and the members in the group appears. The following figure shows such a page that appears when a Dynamic Server Group called *Windows Server 2003* is selected:



**4** Select the mandatory baseline item (the patch that has been assigned to baseline) and select the *Remove from Baseline* option from the *Action* menu.

The patch is removed from the baseline.

**NOTE:** The *Remove from Baseline* menu option is enabled for a patch only if the patch has been added to the baseline.

#### 7.2.3 Using Update Cache

The *Action* menu *Update Cache* option (see Figure 7-2 on page 119) initiates a download process for the bundles associated with a selected patch and caches those bundles on your ZENworks Server.

**NOTE:** The remediation bundles must be cached before they are installed on the target device.

To update caching of patch data:

- 1 In the *Patches* list, select one or more patches.
- 2 In the Action menu, click Update Cache.

The icon changes to ... While the download is in progress, the icon changes to ... When the caching is complete, the color of the patch icon changes to green. This indicates that the patch remediation is ready to be deployed.

# **Patch Management for a Device**

Device patches are the patches associated with a selected device (a server or a workstation). The patches listed for a specific device are the ones that are applicable only for that device. The following sections describe device patch information for Novell ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management:

- Section 8.1, "Accessing the Patches Tab for a Device," on page 125
- Section 8.2, "Using the Patches Tab for a Device," on page 128

# 8.1 Accessing the Patches Tab for a Device

To view the patches for a specific server device:

1 Click the Device tab on the left panel.

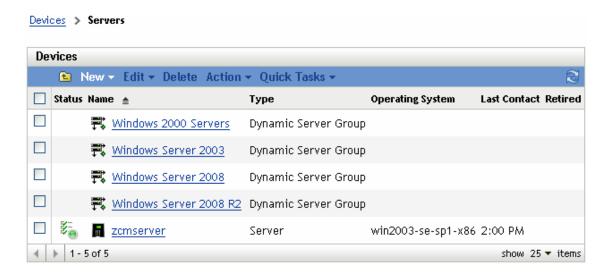
A page displaying the root folders for each type of device appears, as shown in the following figure:



The *Servers* folder is the root folder for all managed servers and the *Workstations* folder is the root folder for all managed workstations.

2 Click the Servers link.

A list of server groups classified on the basis of their operating systems appears, as shown in the following figure:



You see the following icons on the Servers page:

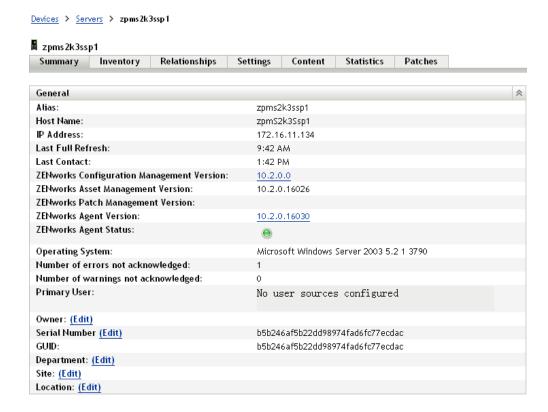
Icon	Status
₹=	Message Status: Normal
**	Device Status: Bundle and policy enforcement successful
₽=	Message Status: Warning
<b>₩</b>	Device Status: Bundle and policy enforcement successful
<b>\$</b> =	Message Status: Error
<b>∞</b> 8	Device Status: Bundle and policy enforcement successful
8.	Message Status: Error
-8	Device Status: Bundle and/or policy enforcement failed on one or more bundles or policies.

Devices can also be found by searching. The following filters are available:

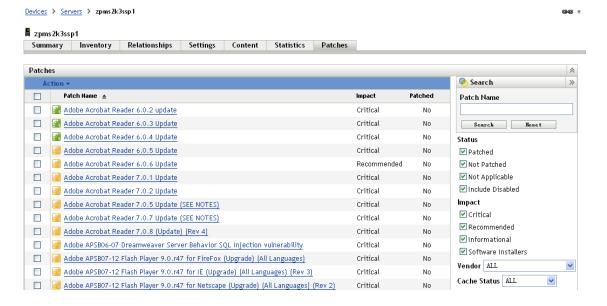
Filter Item	Result
Name	Searches for devices with a particular name.
Туре	Searches for devices of a specific type.
Operating System	Searches for devices running a particular operating system.
Message Status	Searches for devices that display a particular message status.
Compliance Status	Searches for devices based on their compliance status, such as Yes or No.
Device Status	Searches for devices based on the device status.
Include subfolders	The search is also executed in the subfolders.

3 Click the required group (Server or Dynamic Server Group) to view details of the group and the members of the group. Alternatively, you can click the managed device.

A page displaying details about the managed device or member is displayed, as shown in the following figure, where the name <code>zpms2k3ssp1</code> for the managed device is an example. The network administrator decides the name of the managed device.



4 Click the Patches tab to display the patches associated with the server device:



### 8.2 Using the Patches Tab for a Device

- Section 8.2.1, "Patches," on page 128
- Section 8.2.2, "Patch Name," on page 128
- Section 8.2.3, "Total Number of Patches Available," on page 129
- Section 8.2.4, "Patch Impacts," on page 129
- Section 8.2.5, "Patch Statistics," on page 130
- Section 8.2.6, "Action Menu Items," on page 130
- Section 8.2.7, "Searching Patches," on page 131
- Section 8.2.8, "Patch Information," on page 133
- Section 8.2.9, "Workstation Device Patches," on page 134

#### 8.2.1 Patches

This section of the Patches page provides the following information about patches:

- Name of the patch
- Total number of patches available
- · Impact of the patch
- · Statistics of the patch

This section features the *Action* menu, which enables you to perform any of the following actions related to patches: *Deploy Remediation, Enable, Disable, Scan Now, Update Cache, and Export.* For more information on these actions, see Section 8.2.6, "Action Menu Items," on page 130.

The *Patches* section also features the *show items* option that enables you to select the number of items to be displayed in this section:

Figure 8-1 Show Items drop-down List



#### 8.2.2 Patch Name

The patch name typically includes the vendor or manufacturer of the patch, the specific application, and version information.

An example of a patch name is shown in the following figure, where patch name is given, Adobe is the vendor, Acrobat Reader is the application, and 6.0.6 is the version information:

Figure 8-2 Example of a Patch Name

Adobe Acrobat Reader 6.0.6 Update

#### 8.2.3 Total Number of Patches Available

The total number of available patches is displayed in the bottom left corner of the table. In the following example, there are 979 patches available:

Figure 8-3 Total Number of Patches

1 - 10 of 979

#### 8.2.4 Patch Impacts

Based on the release date and impact, a patch can be classified as Critical, Recommended, Informational, or Software Installers:

- Critical: Novell has determined that this type of patch is critical, and should be installed as soon
  as possible. Most of the recent security updates fall into this category. ZENworks Server
  automatically downloads and saves the patches that have critical impact.
- Recommended: Novell has determined that this patch, although not critical or security related, is useful and should be applied to maintain the health of your computers. Therefore, Novell recommends that you implement patches that fall in this category.
- Informational: This type of patch detects a condition that Novell has determined as informational. Informational patches are used for information only. There is no actual patch to be installed.
- **Software Installers:** These types of patches are software applications. Typically, they include installers. The patches show *Not Patched* if the application has not been installed on a machine.

Patch Management impact terminology for its patch subscription closely follows the vendor impact terminology for patch criticality. Each operating system has a vendor-specific impact rating and that impact is mapped to a Novell rating as described in this section. Patch Management, following the recommendations of Lumension Security, increases or steps up the severity of the impact rating. For example, Microsoft classifications for "Critical," "Important," and "Moderate" patches are all classified as "Critical" by Novell.

The following table lists the mapping between Novell and Microsoft patch classification terminology:

Table 8-1 Novell and Microsoft Patch Impact Mapping

Novell Patch Impacts	Windows	Other
Critical	Critical Security	NA
	Important	
	Moderate	
Recommended	Recommended	NA
	Low	
	Example: Microsoft Outlook 2003 Junk E-mail Filter Update	
Software Installers	Software Distribution	Adobe 8.1 software installer
	Example: Microsoft Windows Malicious Software Removal Tool (Virus Removal)	

Novell Patch Impacts	Windows	Other
Informational	NA	NA

Source: Lumension Security

#### 8.2.5 Patch Statistics

Patch statistics show the relationship between a specific patch and the selected device. The patch statistics appear in the *Patched* column on the far right side of the Patch page. This column indicates whether the selected device has been successfully patched or not. If the device has been patched, this column shows *Yes*; if the device has not been patched, this column shows *No*.

#### 8.2.6 Action Menu Items

The Action menu on the Patches page for a selected device consists of the following six options:

Figure 8-4 Action Menu



- Deploy Remediation: Enables you to deploy a patch. To use this option, select the check box for the patch you want to deploy and select *Deploy Remediation* to open the Deploy Remediation Wizard.
- Enable: Allows you to enable a disabled patch. To use this option, select it from the Action menu.
- **Disable:** Enables you to disable a patch. To use this option, select the check box for the required patch and select *Disable*. The selected patch is removed from the list.

**NOTE:** Disabling a patch also disables all the bundles associated with it.

 Update Cache: Initiates a download process for the bundles associated with the selected patch and caches those bundles on your ZENworks Server.

**NOTE:** The remediation bundles must be cached before they are installed on the target device.

To use this option:

- 1. Select one or more patches in the patches list.
- 2. In the Action menu, click Update Cache.

The patch icon changes to . While the download is in progress, the icon changes to . When the caching is complete, the color of the patch icon changes to green. This indicates that the patch remediation is ready to be deployed.

• Export: Enables you to export the details such as the status and impact of selected patches into a comma-separated value (CSV) file. You can choose to save the file in a different file format after opening it from the download option.

#### 8.2.7 Searching Patches

The Search section on the Patches page offers extensive search and data filtering options that allow you to search for specific patches and filter result sets based on the status and impact of the patches. Searching and filtering can be performed independently of each other or can be combined to provide extensive drill-down capabilities. The following figure shows the *Patch Search* section:

Figure 8-5 Search Section on the Patches Page



#### To search for a patch:

- 1 Type all or part of the patch name in the *Patch Name* text box.
- 2 Select the desired check box under Status and Impact.
- 3 Select the vendor in the Vendor drop-down list.
- 4 Select the cache status in the Cache Status drop-down list.
- 5 Click Search.

Clicking Reset enables you to return to the default settings.

The following table describes the result of selecting each filter option under Status:

Table 8-2 Status Filters in Search

Status Filter	Result
Patched	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that have been applied to one or more devices.
Not Patched	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that have not been applied to any device.
Not Applicable	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that do not apply to the device.
Include Disabled	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that have been disabled by the administrator.

The following table describes the result of selecting each filter option under *Impact*:

Table 8-3 Impact Filters in Search

Impact Filter	Result
Critical	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that are classified as Critical by Novell.
Recommended	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that are classified as Recommended by Novell.
Informational	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that are classified as Informational by Novell.
Software Installers	Search results include all the patches in the patch list that are classified as Software Installers by Novell.

Table 8-4 Vendor Filters and Cache Status Filter in search

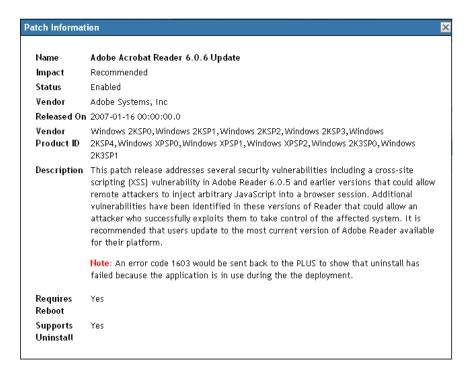
Filter	Result	
Vendor	Search results include all the patches relevant to the vendor.	
Cache Status	Search results include all the patches that have been cached, not been cached, or whose caching process has failed on the local server.	

#### 8.2.8 Patch Information

You can view detailed information for a selected patch in the *Patch Information* section. Clicking the name of a patch displays the details of that patch.

For example, if you select the patch called *Adobe Acrobat Reader 6.0.6 Update* from the list of patches, the *Patch Information* section displays the result of a patch analysis for the selected patch, as shown in the following figure:

Figure 8-6 Patch Information for a Selected Patch



The following table defines each property name in the *Patch Information* section:

Table 8-5 Property Names in the Patch Information Section

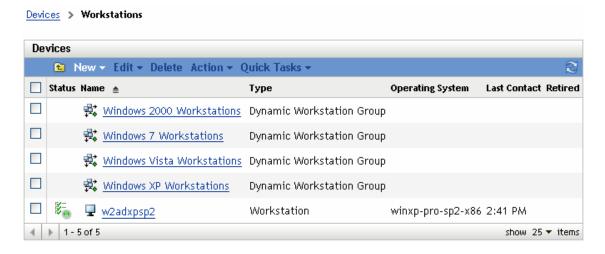
Property Name	Definition
Name	The name of the patch.
Impact	The impact of the patch as determined by Novell. See Section 8.2.4, "Patch Impacts," on page 129.
Status	Status of the patch; can be <i>Enabled</i> , <i>Disabled</i> (Superseded) or <i>Disabled</i> (By User).
Vendor	The name of the vendor or manufacturer.
Released on	The date the patch was released.
Vendor Product ID	The ID number given to the product by the vendor.
Description	The description of the patch; it includes the advantages of deploying the patch and the prerequisites for deployment.
Requires Reboot	Whether a reboot is required after patch deployment.
Supports Uninstall	Whether the patch supports uninstallation.

#### 8.2.9 Workstation Device Patches

To view the patches for a specific workstation device:

1 Click the Workstation link on the Devices page.

A list of workstation groups classified on the basis of their operating systems appears, as shown in the following figure:



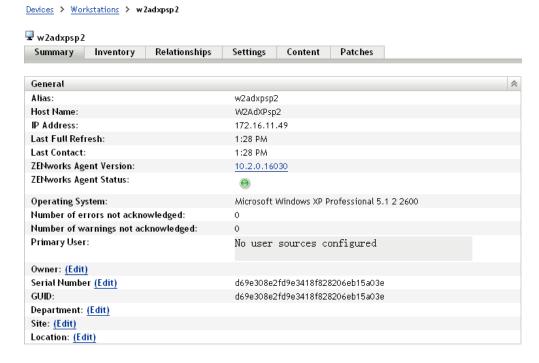
You see the following icons on the Workstations page:

Icon	Status
<b>\$</b> =	Message Status: Normal
•	Device Status: Bundle and policy enforcement successful
\$=	Message Status: Warning
<b>₩</b>	Device Status: Bundle and policy enforcement successful
<b>₽</b> =	Message Status: Error
**	Device Status: Bundle and policy enforcement successful
8.	Message Status: Error
-8	Device Status: Bundle and/or policy enforcement failed on one or more bundles or policies.

Devices can also be found by using Search (see section "Filter Item" on page 126).

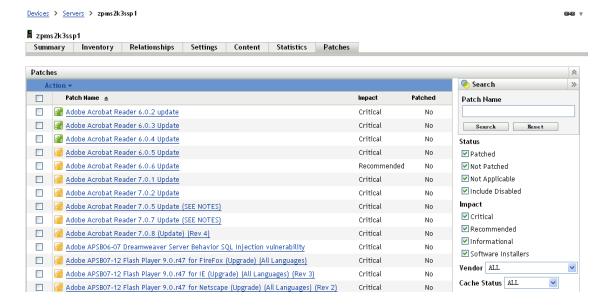
- 2 Click the required group (Workstation or Dynamic Workstation Group) to view the details of the group and its members.
- 3 Click the required member or workstation device.

A page displaying the member's details is displayed. The following figure shows the page displaying details for the workstation device *w2adxpsp2*:



4 Click the Patches tab.

The patches associated with the workstation device appear as shown in the following figure:



9

# Patch Management for a Device Group

Device group patches refers to the patches that have been assigned to members of the server group or the workstation group of devices in the network and displays the status of each patch for the devices. This view displays only the patches applicable to the member devices of the selected group.

- Section 9.1, "Using the Patches Tab within a Server Group," on page 137
- Section 9.2, "Using the Patches Tab within a Workstation Group," on page 139

# 9.1 Using the Patches Tab within a Server Group

This view displays the patches applicable to the member devices of the selected server group.

1 Click the *Devices* tab on the left panel.

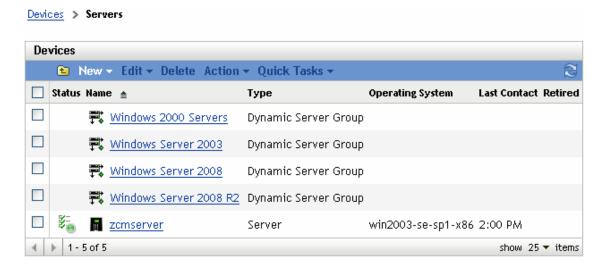
A page displaying the root folders for each type of device appears, as shown in the following figure:



The *Servers* folder is the root folder for all managed servers and the *Workstations* folder is the root folder for all managed workstations in the network.

2 Click the Servers link.

A list of server groups classified on the basis of their operating systems appears, as shown in the following figure:



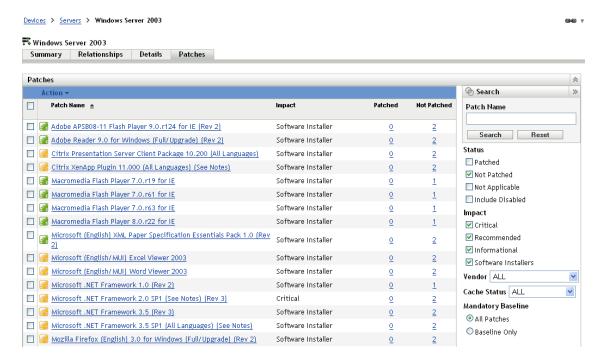
3 Click the required group (Server or Dynamic Server Group).

A page displaying the general details of the group and the members in the group appears. The following figure shows the page that appears when the *Windows Server 2003* type is selected:



4 Click the Patches tab.

The patches applicable to the member devices of the selected group are displayed. If the selected group is *Windows Server 2003*, the *Patches* tab displays all the patches applicable to the member devices within the group *Windows Server 2003*, as shown in the following figure:



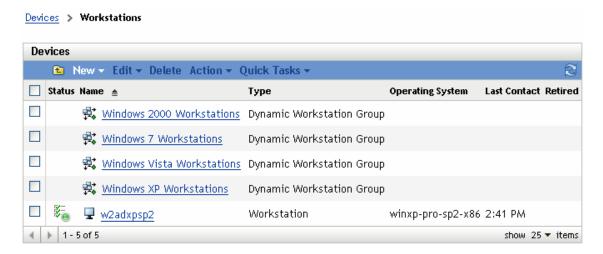
For information on the features of the Device Group Patches page for the selected server group, see "About Mandatory Baselines" on page 115.

# 9.2 Using the Patches Tab within a Workstation Group

This view displays the patches applicable to the member devices of the selected workstation group.

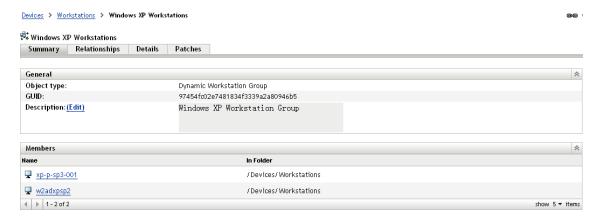
- Click the *Devices* tab on the left panel.
   A page displaying the root folders for each type of device appears
- 2 Click the Workstations link.

A list of workstation groups classified on the basis of their operating systems appears, as shown in the following figure:



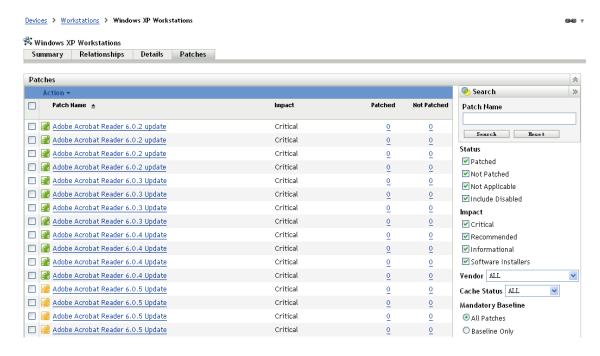
3 Click the required group (Workstation or Dynamic Workstation Group).

A page displaying the general details of the group and the members in the group appears. The following figure shows the page that appears when the Dynamic Workstation Group called *Windows XP Workstations* is selected:



#### 4 Click the Patches tab.

The patches applicable to the member devices of the selected group are displayed. If the selected group is Windows XP Workstations, the *Patches* tab displays all the patches applicable to the member devices within the group Windows XP Workstations, as shown in the following figure:



For information on the features of the Device Group Patches page for the selected workstations group, see "About Mandatory Baselines" on page 115.

# 10 License Behaviour of ZPM

This chapter describes the various ZPM license states and the functionalities available in the various states. The following sections describe the possible License states in Novell ZENworks 11 SP2:

- Section 10.1, "ZCM Only State," on page 143
- Section 10.2, "Trial State," on page 143
- Section 10.3, "Trial Expired State," on page 144
- Section 10.4, "Licensed State," on page 145
- Section 10.5, "License Expired State," on page 145

# 10.1 ZCM Only State

ZPM will be in the ZCM only state when the state is in trial/valid ZCM. The license of the ZPM does not affect this state.

The capabilities that are supported:

- Patches: Only the Microsoft patch scanning is supported and Microsoft patches will be downloaded.
- Scan result: The DAU is assigned to run on each device on a daily basis to scan for known patches. This task returns the results that are displayed on the Patches page. The results are presented in a table of patch status.

**NOTE:** When the user tries to perform any of the ZPM functionality a red error message will be displayed.

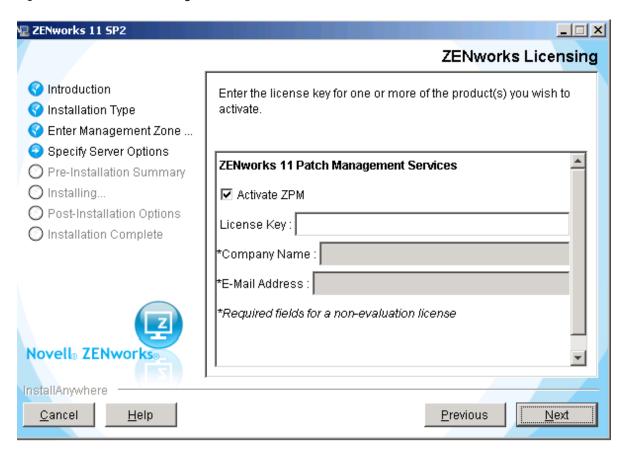
#### 10.2 Trial State

ZENworks 11 SP2 allows the ZPM to have two(2) active trial states which are mentioned below:

- Keyless trial: During the installation when you select the "Activate ZPM" button it enables the
  keyless trial. It can be disabled during the installation and can be enabled at any later stage while
  using the application. This will allow 60 day full functionality trial of the ZPM.
- **Key based trial:** During the installation a valid license key of ZPM trial subscription can be entered or at any later stage while using the application. All the functionality of the ZPM will be allowed during this evaluation period.

**NOTE:** Only Microsoft patch scanning is allowed of ZPM. Enabling the ZPM trial will allow the application to function as a full functioning product. Also to use the ZPM the ZCM does not have to be licensed.

Figure 10-1 Activate ZPM during Installation



The capabilities that are supported:

- ZPM functionality: This will allow you to perform all the security, patch and configuration management tasks.
- Patches: Patches of all the platforms and vendors will be supported for scanning and downloading.

**NOTE:** If trial has been used then it will request the user to purchase the subscription after it has expired.

# 10.3 Trial Expired State

The ZPM reports this state in the following cases:

- **Keyless trial expires:** Activating the ZPM without a key will allow ZPM to run in keyless trial, after the 60 day trial the keyless trial will expire.
- **Key based trial expires:** Once you enter a valid trial key the ZPM will be activated as a key based trial. Once the license of the trial key has expired it will behave as an expired key based trial.

When the ZPM trial state expires after the alloted period it returns to "ZCM Only State". See Section 9.1, "Using the Patches Tab within a Server Group," on page 137.

#### 10.4 Licensed State

ZPM in licensed state is not hindered by the license state of ZCM. The ZPM needs to be active and it should have a valid ZPM license to continue in this state.

In a licensed ZPM all the functions work as mentioned below:

- **ZPM functionality:** This will allow you to perform all the security, patch and configuration management tasks.
- Patches: Patches of all the platforms and vendors will be supported for scanning and downloading.
- Scan result: The DAU is assigned to run on each device on a daily basis to scan for known patches. This task returns the results that are displayed on the Patches page. The results are presented in a table of patch status.

#### 10.5 License Expired State

When the ZPM license expires the functionality of the ZPM will behave in the same manner as "ZCM-Only State. See Section 9.1, "Using the Patches Tab within a Server Group," on page 137.

In a license Expired ZPM, the limitations of the ZPM are mentioned below:

 Patches: It will revert to supporting Microsoft patch scanning only, and Microsoft patches will be downloaded.

**NOTE:** The Administrator will be able to review the patches that were cached. The cached patches can be used for deployment, but no new patch subscription will be downloaded until the license is renewed.

The bundles or patches that were downloaded before the license expired will not be disabled nor deleted.

## **11** ZENworks Reporting Reports

The following sections describe the Reports features in Novell ZENworks 11 SP2:

Section 11.1, "Viewing the Predefined Reports," on page 147

#### 11.1 Viewing the Predefined Reports

You must have installed ZENworks Reporting to view the predefined reports. For more information on how to install ZENworks Reporting Server, see *ZENworks 11 Server Installation Guide*.

To view the Predefined reports for Patch Management, do the following:

- 1 Log in to ZENworks Reporting.
- 2 Navigate to the View > Repository > Folders > Organization > Reports > ZENworks > Predefined Reports > Patch Management folder.
- 3 The following Predefined reports are included for Bundles and Policies:
  - Application Discovery Not Deployed: Displays information on Application Discovery that have not deployed. This report lists the device name, OS name, ZENworks Agent version and last contact.
  - Application Discovery Not Run in a Specified Time: Displays information on Device Patch Status by Vendor. This report lists the device name, OS name, ZENworks Agent version and last contact.
  - Baseline Report: Displays information on a patch that assigned to a device. This report lists device group name, agent name, patch name, and patch status.
  - Bundle Deployment Summary: Displays only the devices on which the patch bundle have been deployed. This report lists deployment name, patch name, assigned device name, and patch device status.
  - Critical Patch Report: Displays information on critical patches that are assigned to the devices. This report displays the total summary of the patch status and lists patched, not patched, not applicable, Error, and total devices.
  - Device Patch Status by Vendor: Displays information on device patch status. This report lists agent name, vendor, patched, not patched, not applicable, released on, is patch enabled, and patch impact.
  - Mandatory Baseline By Patch: Displays information on patch that have been assigned as mandatory baseline on a device. This report lists group name, patch name, criticality, vendor, released on, enabled status, cached status, patched, host name, DNS, and patch device status.
  - Mandatory Baseline Details: Displays information on the device group name and device name on which mandatory baseline patch have been applied. This report lists device group name, criticality, name, device name, and patch device status.
  - Mandatory Baseline Summary: Displays information on patch assigned as mandatory baseline on a device. This report lists vlunerability name, released on, criticality, group name, applicable, devices, patched, and not patched.

- Patch Analysis: Displays information on patch assigned as mandatory baseline on a device. This report lists vendor, patch name, released date, criticality, applicable, patched, not patched, and %patched.
- Patch Assement Report: Displays information on all released patches and their impact. This report lists vendor, released patches, and patch impact.
- Patch Bundle Deployment Status: Displays information on all released patch bundles and their status. This report lists admin initiated remediation bundle, deployed patch bundle, event type, and event status.
- Patch Deployment Summary: Displays information on all released patch bundles and their status. This report lists admin initiated remediation bundle, deployed patch bundle, event type, and event status.
- Patch Detail Report: Displays detailed information on patches. This report lists patch name, patched status, total devices, and %patched.
- Patch Release Report: Displays information on released patches. This report lists, patch device status, and device name.
- Patch Tuesday Report: Displays information on Tuesday's released patches. This report lists, patch name, patch status, and total devices.
- Top 10 Not Patched Critical Patches: Displays information on the most critical patches that are not deployed. This report lists patche name, and patch impact.

For more information on creating and managing reports, see the *ZENworks 11 System Reporting Reference* documentation.

# 12 Best Practice with ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management

Patch Management is a fully integrated feature of Novell ZENworks 11 SP2 that provides the same agent-based patch, vulnerability patch, and compliance management solution that was used in prior versions.

It is recommended that all moderate to large-size organizations should be using enterprise patch management tools for the majority of their computers. Even small organizations should be migrating to some form of automated patching tool. Widespread manual patching of computers is becoming ineffective as the number of patches that need to be installed grows and as attackers continue to develop and exploit code more rapidly. Only uniquely configured computers and other computers that cannot be updated effectively through automated means, such as many appliance-based devices, should continue to be patched manually.

The ZENworks Server schedules a Discover Applicable Updates (DAU) task for all ZENworks managed devices (servers and workstations) and compiles information on the operating system, hardware, and software.

The results of the scan are sent to the ZENworks Server and can be viewed anytime in the Patches section under the *Patch Management* tab or in the *Devices* tab even if a workstation is disconnected from your network.

Timely patching of security issues is generally recognized as critical to maintaining the operational availability, confidentiality, and integrity of information technology (IT) systems. However, failure to keep operating system and application software patched is one of the most common issues identified by security and IT professionals. New patches are released daily, and it is often difficult for even experienced system administrators to keep abreast of all the new patches and ensure proper deployment in a timely manner. Most major attacks in the past few years have targeted known vulnerabilities for which patches existed before the outbreaks. Indeed, the moment a patch is released, attackers make a concerted effort to reverse engineer the patch swiftly (measured in days or even hours), identify the vulnerability, and develop and release exploit code. Thus, the time immediately after the release of a patch is ironically a particularly vulnerable moment for most organizations due to the time lag in obtaining, testing, and deploying a patch.

It is highly recommended that before any Patch management takes place, that within your company or organization you set up a Patch and Vulnerability Group (PVG) to manage the patching process. This group should be concerned with the Patching and Vulnerability operation across the organization, and should therefore be an exclusive group with ties to your security, asset management and network control groups.

The PVG should be specially tasked to implement the patch and vulnerability management program throughout the organization. The PVG is the central point for vulnerability remediation efforts, such as OS and application patching and configuration changes. Since the PVG needs to work actively with local administrators, large organizations may need to have several PVGs; they could work together or be structured hierarchically with an authoritative top-level PVG. The duties of a PVG should include the following:

1. Inventory the organization's IT resources to determine which hardware equipment, operating systems, and software applications are used within the organization.

- 2. Monitor security sources for vulnerability announcements, patch and non-patch remediations, and emerging threats that correspond to the software within the PVG's system inventory.
- 3. Prioritize the order in which the organization addresses remediating vulnerabilities.
- 4. Create a database of remediations that need to be applied to the organization.
- 5. Conduct testing of patches and non-patch remediations on IT devices that use standardized configurations.
- 6. Oversee vulnerability remediation.
- 7. Distribute vulnerability and remediation information to local administrators.
- 8. Perform automated deployment of patches to IT devices using enterprise patch management tools.
- 9. Configure automatic update of applications whenever possible and appropriate.
- 10. Verify vulnerability remediation through network and host vulnerability scanning.
- 11. Train administrators on how to apply vulnerability remediations.

#### 12.1 Testing Patches

Before you start downloading a patch, configure the downloading options in the *Configuration* tab. For more information, see Section 4.5, "Configuring Subscription Download Details," on page 42.

It is important that your PVG determines a strategy for testing patches before release, this will vary from organization to organization, but should be in line with your current security policies. How you decide to test your patches before deployment will depend on your current architecture and policy. In some organizations it may be required to review your policies in order to effectively use this method.

However, it is highly recommended that patches are tested prior to deployment.

#### 12.2 Deploying Patches in a Controlled Way

To deploy a patch, you can use the Deploy Remediation Wizard. For more information, see Chapter 6, "Using the Deploy Remediation Wizard," on page 83.

Patches are released frequently, and it is possible to automate the entire release process by using the deployment settings. Whilst this may suit some smaller companies, in a large organization with multiple platforms and sites, we recommend that the PVG designs a strategy for deployment. Each patch for each software update will behave differently, which is why it is necessary to control the process. For example, some software will require a reboot after updating, and although Zenworks 11 SP2 can manage this process on your behalf, your PVG should determine the details of this, and be aware of any other software or processes which are running, or patches that are being installed concurrently. The Best Practice recommendation for controlling these processes is to used a phased approach.

Implementing patch management tools in phases allows process and user communication issues to be addressed with a small group before deploying the patch application universally. Most organizations deploy patch management tools first to standardized desktop systems and single-platform server farms of similarly configured servers. Once this has been accomplished, organizations should address the more difficult issue of integrating multi-platform environments, nonstandard desktop systems, legacy computers, and computers with unusual configurations. Manual methods may need to be used for operating systems and applications not supported by

automated patching tools, as well as some computers with unusual configurations; examples include embedded systems, industrial control systems, medical devices, and experimental systems. For such computers, there should be a written and implemented procedure for the manual patching process, and the PVG should coordinate local administrator efforts

#### 12.3 Setting a Baseline

To set a baseline, you must ensure that a group of devices is protected and that all the devices in the group are patched consistently. For more information, see Chapter 7, "Using Mandatory Baselines," on page 115.

It is also highly recommended that the customer does NOT deploy all patches using mandatory baseline. A s stated above, some patches can require a reboot, if an attempt was made to deploy all patches via the baseline, without being aware of the consequences of each individual patch, then your system could become unstable, or the patch updating process could be compromised.

It is of vital importance that this method is discussed by the PVG, and a suitable strategy is agreed upon. Industry recommendations are to use a standardized configuration to manage IT resources.

#### 12.4 Monitoring

Patch and vulnerability metrics fall into three categories: susceptibility to attack, mitigation response time, and cost, which includes a metric for the business impact of program failures. The emphasis on patch and vulnerability metrics being taken for a system or IT security program should reflect the patch and vulnerability management maturity level. For example, attack susceptibility metrics such as the number of patches, vulnerabilities, and network services per system are generally more useful for a program with a low maturity level than a high maturity level. Organizations should document what metrics will be taken for each system and the details of each of those metrics. Realistic performance targets for each metric should be communicated to system owners and system security officers. Once these targets have been achieved, more ambitious targets can be set. It is important to carefully raise the bar on patch and vulnerability security to avoid overwhelming system security officers and system administrators.

Organizations should consistently measure the effectiveness of their patch and vulnerability management program and apply corrective actions as necessary.



### **Troubleshooting Patch Management**

The following sections contain detailed explanations of the error messages you might receive or problems you might encounter when using Novell ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management.

- Section A.1, "Patch Management Issues," on page 153
- Section A.2, "Configuration Issues," on page 157
- Section A.3, "Error Codes," on page 157

#### A.1 Patch Management Issues

- "Patches are unavailable because of the CDN switch to Akamai for ZENworks Patch Management" on page 153
- "No patches are shown in the Patches tab" on page 155
- "Patches do not seem to be deployed on the target device" on page 155
- "The Cancel button disappears in the Reboot Required dialog box" on page 155
- "Superseded patches are shown as NOT APPLICABLE" on page 156
- "Patch deployment might not start when scheduled" on page 156
- "Microsoft System Installer (MSI) might need to be updated for some patches" on page 156
- "Remediation of Linux patches displays an error on the SLES 11 SP1 agent" on page 157

### Patches are unavailable because of the CDN switch to Akamai for ZENworks Patch Management

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Explanation: In the week of 18 February 2008, the hosting infrastructure for the patch content

Web site used by ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management was migrated to Akamai as the new host provider. This switch was done through a global DNS

change.

Action: Follow the steps below:

- 1 Open access to the following Web sites:
  - PLHOST licensing servers (https://novell.patchlink.com)
  - Akamai patch download (http://novell.cdn.lumension.com)
  - Microsoft patch Web site (http://www.download.windowsupdate.com)
- 2 Turn off SSL Download on the Configuration page (see "Configuring Subscription Download Details" on page 42).
- 3 Test your connectivity to the new hosting provider from your ZENworks
  Primary Server that the Patch Management feature is currently running on:
  - Ping test:

Log in to the server console, and launch a command prompt or shell window:

```
ping novell.cdn.lumension.com
```

If your server is able to connect to the Akamai hosting network without a problem, you see a response similar to the one shown below:

```
Pinging a1533.g.akamai.net [12.37.74.25] with 32 bytes of data:

Replyfrom 12.37.74.25:
bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=55
Replyfrom12.37.74.25: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=55
Replyfrom12.37.74.25: bytes=32 time=14ms TTL=55
Replyfrom12.37.74.25: bytes=32 time=13ms TTL=55
Ping statistics for 12.37.74.25:

Packets:
Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 13ms, Maximum = 14ms, Average = 13ms
```

The ping command shows you the address of the nearest AKAMAI server to your current location.

If you receive the following message:

```
Ping request could not find host novell.cdn.lumension.com. Please check the name and try again.
```

The firewall administrator needs to open access to the Akamai network for both ping and HTTP (TCP port 80) traffic.

**NOTE:** Ping test is a simple way to establish that a server has a route available to reach the server, it is not used by Patch Management in normal operations.

Ping (ICMP) may be blocked by your corporate firewall, or the server may need to pass through a proxy to reach the hosting provider: In these circumstances the Ping test will fail, so other tests will be needed.

#### · Browser test:

Using a Web browser, type in the following URL:

```
http://novell.cdn.lumension.com/novell/pulsar.xml
```

The browser should display formatted output from the Web site, as shown in the figure below:

```
- <sub>
  - <os name="Windows">
    - <arch name="x86">
       - <lang name="English">
           <lst> windows/x86/en/applications.lst </lst>
           <lst> windows/x86/en/software.lst </lst>
           <lst ver="XP" spack="3"> windows/x86/en/xpsp3.lst </lst>
           <lst ver="XP" spack="2" legacy="Y"> windows/x86/en/xpsp2.lst </lst>
           <lst ver="XP" spack="1" legacy="Y"> windows/x86/en/xpsp1.lst </lst>
           <lst ver="2000" spack="4"> windows/x86/en/2ksp4.lst </lst>
           <lst ver="2000" spack="3" legacy="Y"> windows/x86/en/2ksp3.lst </lst>
           <lst ver="2003" spack="2"> windows/x86/en/2k3sp2.1st </lst>
           <lst ver="2003" spack="1" legacy="Y"> windows/x86/en/2k3sp1.lst </lst>
           <lst ver="2003" spack="0" legacy="Y"> windows/x86/en/2k3sp0.lst </lst>
           <lst ver="VISTA" spack="0" legacy="Y"> windows/x86/en/vistasp0.lst </lst>
           <lst ver="VISTA" spack="1"> windows/x86/en/vistasp1.lst </lst></lst>
         </lang>
```

If your browser cannot access the XML file, you experience a browser timeout and receive some kind of error message. If the ping test succeeds and the browser test fails, this indicates that the firewall administrator has limited access to the Akamai network, but that the HTTP (TCP port 80) is blocked.

The license server is still using the same address as in ZENworks Patch Management 6.4. If you want to enter a serial number to register your Patch Management usage, you need to leave the IP addresses of our old servers in your firewall rules.

**NOTE:** The server needs to use a proxy to get to the outside world, and the browser isn't configured for the same proxy, then the test in the mentioned would fail.

• Firewall information for ZENworks 11 SP2:

ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management license replication goes to the following servers:

206.16.247.2 206.16.45.34 Port 443

ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management content replication goes to the following DNS name:

http://novell.cdn.lumension.com/novell

To find out what IP your specific server is using, ping novell.cdn.lumension.com from several machines and enter the applicable address range into your firewall rules.

#### No patches are shown in the Patches tab

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: The server has just been installed.

Action: You need to start the patch subscription download, and then wait twenty minutes or more for patches to be downloaded automatically from novell.patchlink.com.

#### Patches do not seem to be deployed on the target device

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: The ZENworks administrator hasn't deployed the patches into the applicable

devices in the ZENworks server, or the patches have been deployed in the server but the device refresh schedule hasn't been triggered in the ZENworks

adaptive agent.

Actions: Check to see if the Device Refresh Schedule option is set as Manual Refresh or

*Timed Refresh* on the Configuration tab, and wait for the specified interval.

#### The Cancel button disappears in the Reboot Required dialog box

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Explanation: When two or more patches are deployed, if the Allow User to Cancel option is set

as No on the Pre Install Notification Options page and the Notification and Reboot Options page of the server, the *Cancel* button disappears in the Reboot

Required dialog box for all patches of the agent.

Action: None necessary.

#### Superseded patches are shown as NOT APPLICABLE

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Explanation: In earlier releases of Patch Management, a patch showed its status as

PATCHED or NOT PATCHED, regardless of whether the patch was new or outdated. This often caused many more patches to show as NOT PATCHED than were actually necessary for deployment to a given target device. This issue has been addressed in many of the new advanced content patches provided with

ZENworks 11 SP2:

When a patch is superseded, it is automatically disabled.

 If the patch is re-enabled and detected, in most cases the patch shows as NOT APPLICABLE because it has been replaced by a more recent patch.

Although this is inconsistent with the behavior of earlier versions of Patch Management, this change is an improvement because only the patches that currently need to be installed are reported or analyzed on each device.

Action: None necessary.

#### Patch deployment might not start when scheduled

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: If the deployment schedule type includes both the Recurring and Process

Immediately If the Device Is Unable to Execute options, when the device becomes active, the deployment of the patch does not start on the first of its scheduled recurring dates. However, the patch is deployed when the next

recurring date occurs.

Action: Instead of selecting a recurring schedule, select a date-specific schedule so that

the patch is applied when the device becomes active.

### Microsoft System Installer (MSI) might need to be updated for some patches

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Explanation: Deployment of certain .NET patches might require that the latest MSI is installed.

Otherwise, you might receive errors when deploying those patches.

Action: Prior to deploying .NET patches, verify whether an MSI version is a prerequisite.

If necessary, create a bundle to deploy the latest MSI (version 3.1 or later) to your systems. MSIs are available from Microsoft (http://www.microsoft.com/

downloads/details.aspx?familyid=889482fc-5f56-4a38-b838-

de776fd4138c&displaylang=en).

### Remediation of Linux patches displays an error on the SLES 11 SP1 agent

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management

Explanation: On a SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES) 11 SP1 x86, when you apply some

patches, though they get applied successfully, an error is reported in the bundle

system.

Possible Cause: This is a reporting error, related to patches that have java dependencies.

Action: In the jexec script installed by the sun/oracle java rpm in the /etc/init.d folder,

after the # Required-Start: \$local\_fs line, add the following line: # Required-Stop.

#### A.2 Configuration Issues

• "Deploying patches with Auto Reboot causes the device to shut down" on page 157

### Deploying patches with Auto Reboot causes the device to shut down

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: Trying to deploy patches with auto-reboot might shut down the machine instead

of rebooting. It might also fail to report patch results to the ZENworks Server.

Action: Perform reboots with a Quick Task rather than using the Auto Reboot option.

#### A.3 Error Codes

- "ERROR CODE: ERR = 40" on page 158
- "ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR ARCHIVE EXTRACT = 2" on page 158
- "ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR PACKAGE ARCHIVE INITIALIZE = 8" on page 159
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_EXTRACT\_FILE = 20" on page 159
- "ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR PACKAGE REIMPORT = 40" on page 159
- "ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR EXPIRED LICENSE KEY = 27" on page 159
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159
- "ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR PATCH OPEN FAILURE = 3" on page 159
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_BAD\_GUID = 4" on page 159
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_MANY\_APPLICABLE\_SIGNATURES = 5" on page 159
- "ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR PATCH OPEN FAILURE = 6" on page 160
- "ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR PATCH BAD GUID = 7" on page 160
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_OPEN\_FAILURE = 9" on page 160
- "ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR PATCH BAD GUID = 10" on page 160
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_OPEN\_FAILURE = 11" on page 160
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_BAD\_GUID = 12" on page 160
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_SIGNATURE\_PREREQ\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 13" on page 160

- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_OPEN\_FAILURE = 14" on page 160
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_BAD\_GUID = 15" on page 160
- "ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR FINGERPRINT EXPRESSION SYNTAX = 16" on page 160
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_FINGERPRINT\_FILEROOT\_UNSUPPORTED = 17" on page 161
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_FINGERPRINT\_TYPE\_UNSUPPORTED = 18" on page 161
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_SCRIPT\_BAD\_FILEHANDLE = 19" on page 161
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_WMI\_FINGERPRINT\_UNSUPPORTED = 22" on page 161
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_JAVASCRIPT\_UNSUPPORTED = 23" on page 161
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_MISSING\_PREREQ\_SIGNATURE = 25" on page 161
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PREREQ\_LANGUAGE = 26" on page 161
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_INVALID\_ROOT\_HKEY = 21" on page 161
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_FINGERPRINT\_INVALID\_SYSINFO = 31" on page 161
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_FINGERPRINT\_EXPRESSION\_MISSING\_VARIABLE = 32" on page 162
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_FINGERPRINT\_FILESCAN\_UNSUPPORTED = 34" on page 162
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_FINGERPRINT\_WMI\_ERROR = 35" on page 162
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_RELEVANCE\_SCRIPT\_SYNTAX = 36" on page 162
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_ENTITLED\_FILE\_INVALID = 41" on page 162
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_ENTITLED\_FILE\_MISSING = 28" on page 162
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_ENTITLED\_FILE\_BAD\_CHECKSUM = 29" on page 162
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_ENTITLED\_FILE\_WRONG\_SIZE = 30" on page 163
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_OUT\_OF\_MEMORY = 24" on page 163
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PACKAGE\_MKDIR\_FAILURE = 33" on page 163
- "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN" on page 163
- "ERROR CODE: 41" on page 163
- "ERROR CODE: 142" on page 163
- "ERROR CODE: 143" on page 164
- "ERROR CODE: 144" on page 164
- "ERROR CODE: 145" on page 164
- "ERROR MESSAGE: "There is an issue with checksum metadata at CDN"" on page 164
- "OTHER ERROR CODES" on page 164

#### **ERROR CODE: ERR = 40**

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: The patch file cached to the ZCM Server is corrupt.

Action: Try rec aching the patch to the ZCM Server.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_ARCHIVE\_EXTRACT = 2

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: Extraction of the .cab file or its contents fails.

Action: Follow the steps below.

- 1 Make sure that CABARC runs on the endpoint where the error message appears.
- 2 Check the available disk space on the endpoint.
- 3 Re-cache the patch to the ZCM Server.
- 4 If the issue persists, contact Novell Support.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PACKAGE\_ARCHIVE\_INITIALIZE = 8

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_ARCHIVE\_EXTRACT = 2" on page 158.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_EXTRACT\_FILE = 20

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_ARCHIVE\_EXTRACT = 2" on page 158.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PACKAGE\_REIMPORT = 40

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_ARCHIVE\_EXTRACT = 2" on page 158.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_EXPIRED\_LICENSE\_KEY = 27

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: The .plk license file you are using is outdated or has expired. This error code

might also appear if the license file is erased or did not get decrypted properly.

Action: Ensure that you have the latest System Update installed.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: You might encounter any of these error codes if a patch has bad metadata.

Action: Contact Novell Support.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_OPEN\_FAILURE = 3

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on

page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_BAD\_GUID = 4

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on

page 159.

#### **ERROR CODE:**

#### PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_MANY\_APPLICABLE\_SIGNATURES = 5

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR VARIABLE CACHE EXHAUSTED = 1" on

page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR PATCH OPEN FAILURE = 6

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR PATCH BAD GUID = 7

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_OPEN\_FAILURE = 9

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_BAD\_GUID = 10

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_OPEN\_FAILURE = 11

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_BAD\_GUID = 12

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### **ERROR CODE:**

#### PPX\_ERROR\_SIGNATURE\_PREREQ\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 13

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_OPEN\_FAILURE = 14

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PATCH\_BAD\_GUID = 15

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_FINGERPRINT\_EXPRESSION\_SYNTAX = 16

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### **ERROR CODE:**

#### PPX\_ERROR\_FINGERPRINT\_FILEROOT\_UNSUPPORTED = 17

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_FINGERPRINT\_TYPE\_UNSUPPORTED = 18

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_SCRIPT\_BAD\_FILEHANDLE = 19

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_WMI\_FINGERPRINT\_UNSUPPORTED = 22

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_JAVASCRIPT\_UNSUPPORTED = 23

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_MISSING\_PREREQ\_SIGNATURE = 25

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PREREQ\_LANGUAGE = 26

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### **ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR INVALID ROOT HKEY = 21**

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_FINGERPRINT\_INVALID\_SYSINFO = 31

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on page 159.

#### **ERROR CODE:**

### PPX\_ERROR\_FINGERPRINT\_EXPRESSION\_MISSING\_VARIABLE = 32

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on

page 159.

#### **ERROR CODE:**

#### PPX ERROR FINGERPRINT FILESCAN UNSUPPORTED = 34

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on

page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR FINGERPRINT WMI ERROR = 35

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on

page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR RELEVANCE SCRIPT SYNTAX = 36

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_VARIABLE\_CACHE\_EXHAUSTED = 1" on

page 159.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_ENTITLED\_FILE\_INVALID = 41

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: These error codes indicate possible problems in bundle distribution. The ZCM

server might not be able to access a third-party Web site where bundles are

located.

Action: Follow the steps below.

- 1 Check your Internet connection and firewall settings.
- 2 Check that the ZCM Server can access a third-party Web site such as the Microsoft Download Center (http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/en/ default.aspx).
- 3 Download patches from the third-party Web site.
- 4 Recache the downloaded patches.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_ENTITLED\_FILE\_MISSING = 28

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_ENTITLED\_FILE\_INVALID = 41" on

page 162.

### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_ENTITLED\_FILE\_BAD\_CHECKSUM = 29

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR ENTITLED FILE INVALID = 41" on

page 162.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_ENTITLED\_FILE\_WRONG\_SIZE = 30

Source: See "ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_ENTITLED\_FILE\_INVALID = 41" on

page 162.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX ERROR OUT OF MEMORY = 24

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: This error arises when there is a deficiency in system resources, such as

insufficient disk space, low available memory, and so on.

Action: Check the available disk space and memory, then verify that it is sufficient to

meet the ZCM Server and Agent requirements.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_PACKAGE\_MKDIR\_FAILURE = 33

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: The user has insufficient permissions to carry out the specified action.

Action: Check whether you have appropriate system rights or permissions.

#### ERROR CODE: PPX\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: This error is a a general exception. If logging is enabled, the error is recorded in

the .log file.

Action: Follow the steps below:

1 Open a support ticket with Lumension.

2 Contact Novell Support.

#### **ERROR CODE: 41**

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: This error code implies that ZENworks Patch Management was unable to

perform patch remediation. This error occurs when deployment of a different

version of the same patch is in progress.

Action: Wait for the previous deployment to complete, then deploy the patch again.

#### **ERROR CODE: 142**

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: The selected patch requires certain prerequisites before the patch can be

deployed. This error can also occur when package files for a patch are

unavailable.

Action: Contact Novell Support and report the patch name. This is most likely a bad

patch.

#### **ERROR CODE: 143**

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: This error is a a general exception. If logging is enabled, the error is recorded in

the .log file.

Action: Follow the steps below:

1 Redeploy the patch.

2 If the error persists, file an incident report with Novell.

#### **ERROR CODE: 144**

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: This error code appears if there are errors in the patch deployment script. If

logging is enabled, the error is recorded in the .log file.

Action: File an incident report with Novell.

#### **ERROR CODE: 145**

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: The script failed to open the registry. This issue is most probably associated with

timing.

Action: Deploy the patch again.

### ERROR MESSAGE: "There is an issue with checksum metadata at CDN"

Source: ZENworks 11 SP3; Patch Management.

Possible Cause: There is a problem with not having access to the VEGA content path.

Action: Check the following URL's and see if you can download them:

http://cache.patchlinksecure.net/PatchComponents/OSPXSet.xml

http://cache.lumension.com/patchcomponents/1f12ad89-5711-41ce-ae84-

9df6487153f3/win8x64.ospx

#### OTHER ERROR CODES

Source: ZENworks 11 SP2; Patch Management.

Action: Contact Novell Support.

# В

### **Documentation Updates**

This section contains information on documentation content changes that were made in this *ZENworks Patch Management Reference* after the initial release of Novell ZENworks 11 SP2 Patch Management. The information can help you to keep current on updates to the documentation.

The documentation for this product is provided on the Web in two formats: HTML and PDF. The HTML and PDF documentation are both kept up-to-date with the changes listed in this section.

If you need to know whether a copy of the PDF documentation that you are using is the most recent, the PDF document includes a publication date on the title page.

The documentation was updated on the following date:

Section B.1, "October 2013: Update for ZENworks 11 SP2 (11.2.4)," on page 165

# B.1 October 2013: Update for ZENworks 11 SP2 (11.2.4)

Updates were made to the following sections:

Location	Update
Appendix A, "Troubleshooting Patch Management," on page 153	Included the following troubleshooting scenario:
	<ul> <li>"ERROR MESSAGE: "There is an issue with checksum metadata at CDN"" on page 164</li> </ul>