## Novell iManager

2.0.x

September15, 2005

ADMINISTRATION GUIDE

www.novell.com





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U.S. Patent No. 5,157,663; 5,349,642; 5,455,932; 5,553,139; 5,553,143; 5,572,528; 5,594,863; 5,608,903; 5,633,931; 5,652,854; 5,671,414; 5,677,851; 5,692,129; 5,701,459; 5,717,912; 5,758,069; 5,758,344; 5,781,724; 5,781,733; 5,784,560; 5,787,439; 5,818,936; 5,828,882; 5,832,274; 5,832,275; 5,832,483; 5,832,487; 5,859,978; 5,870,561; 5,870,739; 5,873,079; 5,878,415; 5,884,304; 5,893,118; 5,903,650; 5,903,720; 5,905,860; 5,910,803; 5,913,025; 5,913,209; 5,915,253; 5,925,108; 5,933,503; 5,933,826; 5,946,002; 5,946,467; 5,956,718; 5,956,745; 5,964,872; 5,974,474; 5,983,223; 5,983,234; 5,987,471; 5,991,810; 6,002,398; 6,014,667; 6,016,499; 6,023,586; 6,029,247; 6,052,724; 6,061,726; 6,061,740; 6,061,743; 6,065,017; 6,081,774; 6,081,814; 6,094,672; 6,098,090; 6,105,062; 6,105,069; 6,105,132; 6,115,039; 6,119,122; 6,144,959; 6,151,688; 6,157,925; 6,167,393; 6,173,289; 6,216,123; 6,219,652; 6,233,859; 6,247,149; 6,269,391; 6,286,010; 6,308,181; 6,314,520; 6,324,670; 6,338,112; 6,345,266; 6,353,898; 6,424,976; 6,466,944; 6,477,583; 6,477,648; 6,484,186; 6,496,865; 6,510,450; 6,516,325; 6,519,610; 6,532,451; 6,532,491; 6,539,381; RE37,178. Patents Pending.

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## Contents

	Contents	5
	About This Guide	9
1	Overview	11
	New for 2.0.x	. 11
	Additional Resources	. 11
	What's Next	. 12
2	Installing iManager	13
	Prerequisites	. 13
	Installing a New Version of iManager.	. 13
	Installing iManager on NetWare 6.5	. 14
	Installing iManager on NetWare 6	. 14
	Installing iManager on Windows 2000/XP/2003	. 16
	Installing iManager on Linux	. 17
	Installing iManager on Solaris.	. 18
	Upgrading Your Existing Version of iManager	. 19
	Uninstalling iManager.	. 19
	Uninstalling iManager on NetWare 6.0	. 20
	Uninstalling iManager on Windows	. 21
	Uninstalling iManager on Linux	. 21
	Uninstalling iManager on Solaris	. 21
3	Accessing iManager	23
	Using a Supported Web Browser.	. 23
	Logging in to iManager.	. 23
	Accessing iManager with a Screen Reader and Other Accessibility Options	. 24
	Logging in to a Different Tree.	. 24
	What's Next	. 24
4	Navigating the iManager Interface	25
	iManager Interface	. 25
	Contents Panel	. 26
	Using the Object Selector	. 26
	Access Modes	. 26
	Special Characters	. 27
5	Setting Up Role-Based Services	29
	Overview	. 29
	Default Roles and Tasks	. 29
	RBS Objects in eDirectory	. 30
	Installing RBS.	. 32
	Rights	. 33
	Defining RBS Roles	. 33
	Creating a Role Object	. 34
	Modifying the Tasks Associated with a Role	. 34

	Assigning RBS Role Membership and Scope	34 35
	Defining Custom RBS Tasks.	35
6	Installing and Using iManager Plug-ins	37
	Downloading and Installing a Plug-in	37
	Installing a Plug-in When RBS Is Not Configured	37
	Installing a Plug-In When RBS Is Configured	38
7	Configuring and Customizing iManager	41
	Configuring Contextless Login.	41
	Adding Portal Containers	41
	Adding Other Attributes	42
	Modifying the User Object Class.	42
	Enabling or Disabling Contextless Login.	42
	Configuring iManager for SSL/TLS Connection to eDirectory	43
	Exporting a Root Certificate	43
	Importing an eDirectory Certificate into the Keystore	43
	Customizing Available Buttons	44
	Manually Running the exteNd Director Configuration Wizard	44
	Preparing to Run the Wizard.	45
	Running the Wizard	45
	Setting Up Load Balancing and Failover	46
		46
		47
	Configuring the Load Palancing or Epilover Configuration	47
		48
-		
8	Troubleshooting	49
8	Troubleshooting Blank Page	<b>49</b> 49
8	Troubleshooting         Blank Page       Debugging Settings for Install and Configure	<b>49</b> 49 50
8	Troubleshooting         Blank Page	<b>49</b> 50 50
8	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors	<b>49</b> 50 50 51
8	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errorp	<b>49</b> 50 50 51 51
8	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tompat	<b>49</b> 50 50 51 51 51 51
8	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Anache	<b>49</b> 50 50 51 51 51 51 51
8	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute         Object or Value Errors	<b>49</b> 50 50 51 51 51 51 52 52
8	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors         NPS Is an Unrecognized Context Error	<b>49</b> 50 50 51 51 51 51 52 52 52
8	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors         NPS Is an Unrecognized Context Error         "There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors	<b>49</b> 50 50 51 51 51 51 52 52 52 52
8	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors         NPS Is an Unrecognized Context Error         "There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors         "Unable to Determine Universal Password Status" Error	<b>49</b> 50 51 51 51 51 52 52 52 52 52
8	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors         "There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors         "Unable to Determine Universal Password Status" Error         Cookies Must be Enabled	<b>49</b> 49 50 51 51 51 51 52 52 52 52 52 52 52
8	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors         NPS Is an Unrecognized Context Error         "There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors         "Unable to Determine Universal Password Status" Error         Cookies Must be Enabled	<b>49</b> 49 50 51 51 51 51 51 52 52 52 52 52 52 52
8	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors         "There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors         "Unable to Determine Universal Password Status" Error         Coorfiguration Settings in the PortalServlet.properties File	<b>49</b> 49 50 51 51 51 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 53 <b>55</b>
8 A	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors         "There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors         "Unable to Determine Universal Password Status" Error         Cookies Must be Enabled         Default Tree Setting	<b>49</b> 49 50 51 51 51 52 52 52 52 52 53 <b>55</b> 55
8 A	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors         "There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors         "Unable to Determine Universal Password Status" Error         Cookies Must be Enabled         Default Tree Setting         System.AllowiManagerDefaultLogin         LDAD Server Settings	<b>49</b> 49 50 51 51 51 51 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 53 <b>55</b> 55
8 A	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors         NPS Is an Unrecognized Context Error         "There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors         "Unable to Determine Universal Password Status" Error         Cookies Must be Enabled         Default Tree Setting         System AllowiManagerDefaultLogin         LDAP Server Settings         System Directory/Addrese	<b>49</b> 49 50 51 51 51 51 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 55 55 55
8 A	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors         NPS Is an Unrecognized Context Error         "There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors         "Unable to Determine Universal Password Status" Error         Cookies Must be Enabled         Default Tree Setting         System.AllowiManagerDefaultLogin         LDAP Server Settings         System.DirectoryAddress         System.DirectoryAddress	<b>49</b> 49 50 51 51 51 51 52 52 52 52 52 52 55 55 55 55
8 A	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors         NPS Is an Unrecognized Context Error         "There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors         "Unable to Determine Universal Password Status" Error         Cookies Must be Enabled         Default Tree Setting         System.AllowiManagerDefaultLogin         LDAP Server Settings         System.DirectoryAddress         System DirectorySSL         System DirectoryXeddress	<b>49</b> 49 50 51 51 52 52 52 52 52 52 55 55 55 55
8 A	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors         NPS Is an Unrecognized Context Error         "There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors         "Unable to Determine Universal Password Status" Error         Cookies Must be Enabled         Default Tree Setting         System.AllowiManagerDefaultLogin         LDAP Server Settings         System.DirectoryAddress         System.DirectoryAddress         System.Directory#Address         System.Directory#SSL	<b>49</b> 49 50 51 51 52 52 52 52 55 55 55 55 56 56 56
8 A	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors         NPS Is an Unrecognized Context Error         "There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors         "Unable to Determine Universal Password Status" Error         Cookies Must be Enabled         Default Tree Setting         System.AllowiManagerDefaultLogin         LDAP Server Settings         System.DirectoryAddress         System.DirectoryAddress         System.DirectoryRSL         System.DirectoryRSL         System.DirectoryRSL         System.DirectoryRSL         System.DirectoryRSL         System.DirectoryRolv	<b>49</b> 49 50 51 51 52 52 52 52 53 <b>55</b> 55 55 55 56 56 56 56
8 A	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors.         NPS Is an Unrecognized Context Error         "There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors         "Unable to Determine Universal Password Status" Error         Cookies Must be Enabled         Configuration Settings in the PortalServlet.properties File         Default Tree Setting         System.AllowiManagerDefaultLogin         LDAP Server Settings         System.DirectoryAddress         System.DirectoryRiddress.         System.DirectoryRiddress.         System.DirectoryRiddress.         System.DirectoryRiddress.         System.DirectoryRiddress.         System.DirectoryRiddress.         System.FailoverOnly.         Portal Configuration Object Settings	<b>49</b> 49 50 51 51 52 52 52 52 52 53 <b>55</b> 55 55 55 56 56 56 57
8 A	Troubleshooting         Blank Page         Debugging Settings for Install and Configure         Dynamic Group LDAP Errors         eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 404 Error         HTTP 500 Errors         Checking the Status of Tomcat         Checking the Status of Apache         Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors         NPS Is an Unrecognized Context Error         "There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors         "Unable to Determine Universal Password Status" Error         Cookies Must be Enabled         Configuration Settings in the PortalServlet.properties File         Default Tree Settings         System.AllowiManagerDefaultLogin         LDAP Server Settings         System.DirectoryAddress         System.DirectoryMaddress.         System.DirectoryMaddress.         System.PailoverOnly.         Portal Configuration Object Settings         System.FailoverOnly.         Portal Configuration Object Settings	<ul> <li>49</li> <li>49</li> <li>50</li> <li>51</li> <li>51</li> <li>52</li> <li>52</li> <li>52</li> <li>52</li> <li>52</li> <li>55</li> <li>55</li> <li>55</li> <li>56</li> <li>56</li> <li>56</li> <li>56</li> <li>57</li> <li>57</li> </ul>

System.Password	7
Custom_Backend_Renderer_Portal_Location	7
Session Manager Settings	7
System.SessionManager.Render	
System.SessionManager.RenderOverride	7
Render DontCacheStylesheets Settings	8
System.Render.DontCacheStylesheets	8
Log Settings	8
Logging Enabled	8
Logging Priority	8
Logging Output	8
Logging Output File	9
SSL Settings	9
Warning on Non-Secure Connection	9
Require Secure eDirectory Communication.	9
Role-Based Services (RBS)	0
Show All Roles to Collection Owners	0
Enable Self Provisioning	0
RBS Discovery Domain	0
Allow Dynamic Group Role Members.	0
Dynamic Group RBS Discovery Domain	1
Dynamic Group Search Types	1
System.UserClass	1
eGuide Administration	1
eGuide Server Location	1
Sample PortalServlet.properties File	2

## **About This Guide**

This guide describes how to set up and use Novell<sup>®</sup> iManager 2.0.x. The guide is intended for network administrators and is divided into the following sections:

- Chapter 1, "Overview," on page 11
- Chapter 2, "Installing iManager," on page 13
- Chapter 3, "Accessing iManager," on page 23
- Chapter 4, "Navigating the iManager Interface," on page 25
- Chapter 5, "Setting Up Role-Based Services," on page 29
- Chapter 6, "Installing and Using iManager Plug-ins," on page 37
- Chapter 7, "Configuring and Customizing iManager," on page 41
- Chapter 8, "Troubleshooting," on page 49
- Appendix A, "Configuration Settings in the PortalServlet.properties File," on page 55

#### **Additional Documentation**

Documentation for all Novell software products is available at www.novell.com/documentation (http://www.novell.com/documentation).

For documentation on installing and using NetWare<sup>®</sup>, see the Novell NetWare documentation Web site (http://www.novell.com/documentation/NetWare.html).

For documentation on installing and running eDirectory<sup>™</sup>, see the Novell eDirectory documentation Web site (http://www.novell.com/documentation/eDirectory.html).

For other documentation resources, see "Additional Resources" on page 11.

#### **Documentation Updates**

For the most recent version of the *iManager 2.0.x Administration Guide* and the latest readme file, see the Novell iManager documentation Web site (http://www.novell.com/documentation/lg/imanager20).

For information on additional iManager issues for this release, refer to Solution #10089040, titled "Novell iManager 2.0.*x* Readme Addendum," in the Novell Knowledge Base (http://support.novell.com).

#### **Documentation Conventions**

In this documentation, a greater-than symbol (>) is used to separate actions within a step and items within a cross-reference path.

A trademark symbol (<sup>®</sup>, <sup>™</sup>, etc.) denotes a Novell trademark. An asterisk (\*) denotes a third-party trademark.

When a single pathname can be written with a backslash for some platforms or a forward slash for other platforms, the pathname is presented with a backslash. Users of platforms that require a forward slash, such as UNIX\*, should use forward slashes as required by your software.

# Overview

Novell<sup>®</sup> iManager is a Web-based administration console that provides secure, customized access to network administration utilities and content from virtually any place where you have access to the Internet and a Web browser.

iManager includes the following:

- All the functionality of its predecessor, ConsoleOne<sup>®</sup>
- Single point of administration for Novell eDirectory™ objects, schema, partitions and replicas
- Single point of administration for many other network resources
- Management of many other Novell products through a Web browser and various handheld devices
- Role-Based Services (RBS) for delegated administration

iManager is based on Novell exteNd Director<sup>™</sup> Standard Edition software, which provides a portal through which iManager presents its interface. iManager functionality can be extended through software components called plug-ins. Many plug-ins are provided with iManager, and others are available from third parties.

## New for 2.0.*x*

iManager 2.0.x includes the following new and upgraded features:

- Support for NetWare, Linux\*, Windows\*, Solaris\*
- New Plug-in Studio for custom task creation
- Expanded browser support, including Netscape\* 7.1 and Mozilla 1.4
- iManager Migration Kit for moving custom tasks from iManager 1.x to 2.x
- Improved speed and performance

### **Additional Resources**

For more information on topics relevant to Novell iManager 2.0.x, refer to the following Web sites:

- Tomcat servlet container (http://jakarta.apache.org/tomcat)
- Java\* Web site (http://java.sun.com)
- Microsoft\* Windows Web Services (http://www.microsoft.com/technet/treeview/ default.asp?url=/technet/prodtechnol/iis/default.asp)
- Novell eDirectory product home page (http://www.novell.com/products/edirectory)

- Novell eDirectory product documentation (http://www.novell.com/documentation/ eDirectory.html)
- Novell eDirectory Cool Solutions community (http://www.novell.com/coolsolutions/nds)

## What's Next

- To install iManager, see Chapter 2, "Installing iManager," on page 13.
- To start the iManager program, see Chapter 3, "Accessing iManager," on page 23.
- To set up iManager, see Chapter 7, "Configuring and Customizing iManager," on page 41.

## **2** Installing iManager

This section includes the following:

- "Prerequisites" on page 13
- "Installing a New Version of iManager" on page 13
- "Upgrading Your Existing Version of iManager" on page 19
- "Uninstalling iManager" on page 20

## **Prerequisites**

The following prerequisites apply to all platforms. Additional platform-specific prerequisites are listed in the next section by platform.

- □ Supported Browsers. To run iManager, you will need a workstation with Internet Explorer 6 SP1 or later (recommended), Netscape 7.1 or later, or Mozilla 1.4 or later installed.
- □ eDirectory LDAP Server. You must have a Novell<sup>®</sup> eDirectory<sup>™</sup> LDAP server in a secure configuration. If eDirectory is on a different machine than iManager, the configuration of the iManager portal (typically performed during the installation) prompts you for credentials to perform and LDAP bind to a server in the tree. The server must have eDirectory 8.6.2 or later installed.
- □ Admin-Equivalent Rights. For the initial installation of iManager into the eDirectory tree, you must have admin-equivalent rights to run the iManager Configuration Wizard. For subsequent installations, you must have container admin rights.
- □ Server Memory. You must have a minimum of 512 MB of RAM in the server where you are installing iManager. 1024 MB is recommended.
- □ Port Setup. To avoid port conflicts, find out which ports are in use on the server where you will install iManager and determine whether they will conflict with ports used by iManager. Tomcat installed with iManager attempts to use ports 8443, 8009, 8080, or 8005. If these ports are in use by another service, such as eDirectory, a problem is likely. See the installation instructions for each platform for more information.

## Installing a New Version of iManager

Novell iManager 2.0.2 can be installed on the platforms covered in this section. In general, you should apply the latest service packs for your platform and have met the prerequisites listed in the preceding section before installing iManager. This section provides instructions for installing iManager on the following platforms:

- Installing iManager on NetWare 6.5 (page 14)
- Installing iManager on NetWare 6 (page 14)

- Installing iManager on Windows 2000/XP/2003 (page 16)
- Installing iManager on Linux (page 17)
- Installing iManager on Solaris (page 18)

**IMPORTANT:** The instructions in this guide do not apply when installing iManager with Novell Nterprise<sup>™</sup> Linux Services. Please follow the prerequisites and installation instructions provided in the Novell Nterprise Linux Services Installation Guide (http://www.novell.com/documentation/lg/nnls/install/data/front.html).

#### Installing iManager on NetWare 6.5

You can install iManager 2.0.x from the NetWare<sup>®</sup> 6.5 product CD or from a standalone installation file.

#### Prerequisites

In addition to the general prerequisites listed in "Prerequisites" on page 13, the following prerequisites apply to iManager on NetWare 6.5:

- □ NetWare 6.5 server (iManager 2.0.2 is supported on Support Pack 1 or later only)
- □ eDirectory 8.7.1 or later
- □ Novell JVM 1.4.1 or later installed

#### Procedure

iManager 2.0.*x* is installed with the NetWare 6.5 installation program. For more information, see the *NetWare 6.5 Overview and Installation Guide* (http://www.novell.com/documentation/lg/nw65/index.html?page=/documentation/lg/nw65/install/data/hz8pck9v.html). If you have already installed NetWare 6.5 without iManager, you can install the program separately using the NetWare 6.5 product CD.

NOTE: The NetWare 6.5 SP1 CDs are required to install iManager 2.0.2.

To install iManager using the NetWare 6.5 product CD:

- Verify that LDAP SSL is running. Run TCPCON from the NetWare console. Select Protocol Information > TCP > TCP Connections. Verify that port 636 is shown in the list of open ports.
- **2** Run PKI Diag Utility (PKIDIAG). For more information, see Technical Information Document #2963420 (http://support.novell.com/cgi-bin/search/searchtid.cgi?/2963420.htm).
- 3 Insert the *Products* CD (disk 2) from the NetWare 6.5 product CD set.
- **4** From the NetWare 6.5 GUI, click the Novell button, then select Install > Add.
- **5** Browse for the postinst.ni file located on the *Products* CD.
- **6** Select iManager 2.0.*x*.
- **7** Follow the on-screen instructions.

#### Installing iManager on NetWare 6

#### Prerequisites

In addition to the general prerequisites listed in "Prerequisites" on page 13, the following prerequisites apply to iManager on NetWare 6.0:

- NetWare 6 server with Support Pack 3 or later installed NOTE: NetWare 5.1 is not supported.
- □ eDirectory 8.7.1 or later
- □ Novell JVM 1.4.1 or later installed
- □ Tomcat 3.3
- □ Tomcat 4 (included in the iManager 2.0.x installation program for NetWare 6.0)
- Web services

Apache 1.3 HTTP server (installed with NetWare 6)

**NOTE:** Apache 2.0 is not supported.

□ 200 MB of disk space for a local installation

#### Procedure

- 1 Determine whether Tomcat 3.3 is listening on port 8080 (for Tomcat 3.3, this is disabled by default, but may have been enabled for debugging purposes). If the port is enabled, disable it by commenting out the Http10Interceptor tag in sys:\tomcat\33\nwserver.xml, then restart Tomcat 3.3 (at the command NetWare command prompt, type tomcat stop followed by tomcat33).
- 2 Verify that LDAP SSL is running. Run TCPCON from the NetWare console. Select Protocol Information > TCP > TCP Connections. Verify that port 636 is shown in the list of open ports.
- 3 Run PKI Diag Utility (PKIDIAG). For more information, see Technical Information Document #2963420 (http://support.novell.com/cgi-bin/search/searchtid.cgi?/2963420.htm).
- **4** Verify that there is adequate disk space on the volume. You will need approximately 200 MB of free disk space.
- **5** Verify that Tomcat 3.3 is installed. The server should have a sys:\tomcat\33\ folder, and when you type JAVA -SHOW at the NetWare command line, org.apache.tomcat.startup.Main should appear in the list of Java processes.
- 6 Determine the ports that Apache is listening on. Open the sys:\Apache\conf\adminserv.conf file and find the following line:

# Start Apache Services Port Configuration

Note the ports for both HTTP and HTTPS (Listen and SecureListen directives).

- 7 Download the iMan\_20x\_NW60.exe file from Novell Product Downloads (http:// download.novell.com).
- 8 Create a directory on your server (for example, sys:\imanager202).
- **9** Run the iMan\_20*x*\_NW60.exe file and extract its contents to the directory you've created on the sys: volume on your NetWare 6 server.
- **10** From the NetWare 6 GUI, click the Novell button, then select Install > Add.
- **11** Select the product.ni file (that was copied to the directory on the sys: volume) for iManager 2.0.*x* and complete the installation program.
- 12 (iManager 2.0.1 only) Modify the sys:\tomcat\4\webapps\nps\WEB-INF\PortalServlet.properties file. Find the line Custom\_Backend\_Renderer\_Portal\_Location=http\://127.0.0.1/nps. Replace 127.0.0.1 with

the actual IP address and non-secure HTTP port (see Step 6) of the Web server where iManager is running.

If there are problems with the back end renderer location, you might encounter a blank screen when attempting to access iManager. One troubleshooting technique that may be useful is to turn off XML rendering in the URL, for example:

#### https://IP:SecureListen port/nps/servlet/portal?render=off

For more information on the back end renderer blank screen condition, see Technical Information Document #10070553 (http://support.novell.com/cgi-bin/search/searchtid.cgi?/10070553.htm).

- **13** Modify the connector redirect ports in server.xml.
  - **13a** Open the sys:\tomcat\4\conf\server.xml file.
  - **13b** Find the Connector element that defines the HTTP/1.1 connector. The port is typically set to 8080. Change the redirectPort attribute from the default of 8443 to the port number you found in Step 6.
  - **13c** Find the Connector element that defines the AJP 1.3 connector. The port is typically set to 9009. Change the redirectPort attribute from the default of 8443 to the port number you found in Step 6.
  - **13d** Save your changes to server.xml and close the file.
- **14** Restart Tomcat 4. Type **TC4STOP** at the NetWare console and wait for Tomcat to stop (the logger screen shows "java: Class org.apache.catalina.startup.Bootstrap exited successfully" when Tomcat 4 is down). Type **TOMCAT4** to restart Tomcat.
- **15** Open a Web browser and connect to iManager at the port discovered in Step 6. For example: https://IP:SecureListen port/nps/iManager.html

#### Installing iManager on Windows 2000/XP/2003

#### Prerequisites

In addition to the general prerequisites listed in "Prerequisites" on page 13, the following prerequisites apply to iManager on Windows:

- Windows\* 2000 Server, 2000 Advanced Server, 2000 Professional, XP Professional, or 2003 Server with the latest service pack installed
- □ Pentium\* III 800 MHz or higher processor
- □ 200 MB of disk space for a local installation
- □ 512 MB of RAM (1024 MB recommended)
- DeDirectory 8.6.2 or later installed on your Windows server or another available server
- □ Web services

Windows servers can use Tomcat, Apache and Tomcat, or Windows Web Services (IIS) and Tomcat. The iManager installation program determines which Web services are already installed. If the Windows server is using IIS and you want to use either Apache and Tomcat or Tomcat only, you must remove IIS before installing Apache. Tomcat installs automatically with the iManager installation program. The iManager installation program does not configure IIS to use SSL.

IMPORTANT: iManager 2.0.2 does not support IIS 6 on Windows 2003 Server.

If you are installing iManager on the same machine as eDirectory, verify that you have Require TLS for Simple Binds with Password checked on the LDAP Group object for the server that you are using to set up iManager. If this check box is not checked, iManager is installed in non-secure mode and plug-ins that require secure mode will fail.

#### Procedure

- 1 Download the iMan\_20x\_win.exe file from Novell Product Downloads (http:// download.novell.com).
- **2** Run the iMan\_20x\_win.exe file and extract its contents to a temporary directory.
- **3** Run iManagerInstall.exe.
- **4** Follow the on-screen instructions.
- **5** After the installation completes, your Web server is restarted. You might need to wait several seconds for the Web server to initialize before iManager will be available.

**TIP:** You can view the debug output of the installation program by holding down the Ctrl key immediately after launching the installer. Continue to hold down the key until a console window appears.

#### Installing iManager on Linux

**IMPORTANT:** The instructions in this guide do not apply when installing iManager with Novell Nterprise<sup>™</sup> Linux Services. Please follow the prerequisites and installation instructions provided in the Novell Nterprise Linux Services Installation Guide (http://www.novell.com/documentation/lg/nnls/install/data/front.html).

#### Prerequisites

In addition to the general prerequisites listed in "Prerequisites" on page 13, the following prerequisites apply to iManager on Linux:

- SuSE\* Linux Enterprise Server 8.x (SLES 8 for x86), Red Hat\* Linux 8, Red Hat Linux 9, or Red Hat Advanced Server 2.1
- □ Sun JVM 1.4.1 or later installed
- □ Pentium III 800 MHz or higher processor
- □ 360 MB of disk space
- □ Root rights to the Web server
- □ eDirectory setup

If you are installing iManager on a server with eDirectory already installed on it, the eDirectory version needs to be 8.7.1 for iManager 2.0.1 and 8.7.3 for iManager 2.0.2 to avoid conflicts with packages that are shared between both eDirectory and iManager.

If you are installing iManager on a server without eDirectory, you must have eDirectory 8.6.2 or later installed on another available server.

□ Port setup

Be aware of possible port conflicts. Tomcat and a JVM are installed with the iManager installation program that determines whether ports are in use (for example, eDirectory uses port 80 by default with its HTTP stack). If they are in use, the install prompts you for different ports for Tomcat. Tomcat uses ports 8443 (default), 8080, 8005, or 8009.

□ Make sure you have a recent version of gettext on your server. To check if you have gettext, enter the following command from a shell:

#### gettext -V

If gettext exists, the command displays the version number.

If you do not have gettext, you must obtain it from the vendor of your Linux distribution and install it before installing iManager.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, iManager only works with the version of Tomcat that installs with iManager.

#### Procedure

Extract the iMan\_20x\_linux.tgz file to a directory on your server. Use the following command:

tar -zxvf iMan 202 linux.tgz

**2** Open a shell and change to the *install directory*/iManager\_linux directory.

This path is relative to the directory where you copied or extracted the iManager files.

**3** Enter the following command:

./install.sh

- **4** Follow the on-screen prompts. The text within the brackets at the prompt is the default selection. Press Enter to accept the default.
- **5** When prompted to enter the iManager server addresses or DNS host name, the IP address gets auto-detected.
- 6 For the admin name, you must use dot notation (for example, cn=admin.o=novell).
- 7 LDAP server IP address or DNS hostname defaults to the local machine. Make sure you use the IP address of eDirectory LDAP server in the eDirectory tree where you want to install iManager.
- 8 Launch a supported browser and go to:

https://server ip address:port number/nps/iManager.html

IMPORTANT: This URL is case sensitive. The server IP address can also be a DNS name.

#### Installing iManager on Solaris

#### Prerequisites

In addition to the general prerequisites listed in "Prerequisites" on page 13, the following prerequisites apply to iManager on Solaris:

Sun Solaris\* 8 or 9 (SPARC\* processors only) with the latest patches installed from the SunSolve Web site (http://sunsolve.sun.com)

**IMPORTANT:** If you are using Solaris 8, make sure that you have installed patch 112438.02 and that the OS version is dated October 2001 or later.

- □ Sun JVM 1.4.1 or later installed
- Root rights to Web server
- eDirectory setup

If you are installing iManager on a server with eDirectory already installed on it, the eDirectory version needs to be 8.7.1 for iManager 2.0.1 and 8.7.3 for iManager 2.0.2 to avoid conflicts with packages that are shared between both eDirectory and iManager.

If you are installing iManager on a server without eDirectory, you must have eDirectory 8.6.2 or later installed on another available server.

□ Port setup

Be aware of possible port conflicts. Tomcat and JVM are installed with the iManager installation program. The iManager installation program looks to see if port 8080 or 8443 are in use (for example, eDirectory uses port 80 by default with its HTTP stack). If they are in use, the install prompts you for different ports.

□ Verify that you have a random device installed

#### Procedure

**1** Open a shell and change to the *install\_directory*/installs/unix directory.

This path is relative to the directory where you copied or extracted the iManager files.

**2** Enter the following command:

./iManagerInstallSolaris.bin

For text only, enter the following command:

./iManagerInstallSolaris.bin -i console

- **3** Follow the prompts.
- **4** Stop and re-start Tomcat using the following command:

```
/etc/init.d/
imgr stopstart
```

These services are not configured to start at boot-up.

**5** Launch a suppored browser and go to:

https://server\_ip\_address:port\_number/nps/iManager.html

IMPORTANT: This URL is case sensitive. The server IP address can also be a DNS name.

- 6 Log in as someone with admin-equivalent rights to the eDirectory tree, because the schema will be extended at this time.
- **7** To access the Getting Started help screen, open the gettingstarted.html file located in the /var/ opt/novell/tomcat4/webapps/nps/help/en/install directory.

## Upgrading Your Existing Version of iManager

**IMPORTANT:** Upgrades to iManager 2.0.2 from previous versions of iManager are supported only on the NetWare platform.

**NOTE:** Upgrades from 2.0.2 to 2.5 or later are supported only on the NetWare platform. If you want to move to 2.5 or later on Linux, Windows, or Solaris platforms, you must first remove iManager 2.0.2 before installing 2.5.

## Uninstalling iManager

**IMPORTANT:** When uninstalling iManager 2.0.2 on NetWare, the uninstall program will delete all iManager files, regardless of whether they were installed by the iManager installation program or not. Before running the uninstall on NetWare platforms, make sure to back up any custom content or other special iManager files that you would like to preserve.

There is no specific sequence in which iManager or the associated third-party components must be uninstalled.

There are, of course, ramifications to uninstalling any of them. For example, if you uninstall either the Web server or the servlet container, you will not be able to run iManager. Also, on all platforms except for NetWare (see "Important" above), uninstall will only remove files that it installed in the first place. If there are files that were created by the application, for example, the log files and autogenerated configuration files that are created while Tomcat runs, these will not be deleted by the uninstall because it did not install them.

Likewise, if you have created new files or modified existing files within the directory structure that was originally laid down during the install, these files are not removed by the uninstall. This is a safeguard so that data is not unintentionally deleted when a product is uninstalled.

#### Uninstalling iManager on NetWare 6.0

**IMPORTANT:** When uninstalling iManager 2.0.2 on NetWare, the uninstall program will delete all iManager files, regardless of whether they were installed by the iManager installation program or not. Before running the uninstall on NetWare platforms, make sure to back up any custom content or other special iManager files that you would like to preserve.

- 1 Run the iManager 2.0.*x* uninstall.
  - **1a** In the NetWare GUI, click Novell > Install.
  - **1b** In the installed products list, select iManager 2.0.1 or iManager 2.0.2, then click the Remove button.
  - **1c** (Conditional) If you encounter a fatal error message after running the uninstall the first time, select iManager 2.0.1 or iManager 2.0.2, then click the Remove button again.
- **2** Reset the iManager  $1 \cdot x$  URL in Web Manager.
  - **2a** Open sys:\webapps\WebAdmin\servers.xml.
  - **2b** Change the AdminUrl on the iManager Service tag back to iManager 1.x. Change

```
AdminUrl='https://$(host)/nps/iManager.html'
```

to

AdminUrl='https://\$(host):2200/eMFrame/iManager.html'

**2c** Change the id attribute from

id='iManager'

to

```
id='eMFrame'
```

**3** Remove the iManager Tomcat startup parameters. In the sys:\tomctat\4\bin\tomcat4.ncf file, remove the following lines:

```
; NetWare iManager Config
setenv CATALINA_OPTS=-server -vm160m -Xmx256m
setenv CATALINA_OPTS=-Xmx256m
```

- **4** (iManager 2.0.1 only) Delete the following file and directories:
  - SYS:\tomcat\4\webapps\platform.xar
  - SYS:\tomcat\4\webapps\nps\\*
  - SYS:\tomcat\4\work\Standalone\localhost\nps\\*

**IMPORTANT:** If you have created custom tasks and pages that you would like to save, be sure to back up the sys:\tomcat\4\webapps\nps\packages\Custom.npm file before deleting the webapps\nps\ directory.

#### Uninstalling iManager on Windows

iManager can be uninstalled from Windows using the Add or Remove Programs applet in the Control Panel. If the iManager installation installed Tomcat, or NICI, they are listed separately in Add or Remove Programs. You must uninstall each program separately.

**WARNING:** If eDirectory is installed on the same machine as iManager, NICI might be required to continue to run eDirectory.

When you remove iManager 2.0.x, only a portion of the files in the file system are removed. You are asked if you want to remove all iManager files. If you choose Yes, all iManager files are removed, including all custom content. The 2.0.x RBS objects are not removed from the eDirectory tree, and the schema remains in the same state.

#### **Uninstalling iManager on Linux**

- **1** Open a shell and go to the iManager\_linux directory created when you extracted the installation files from the iMan\_20x\_linux.tgz file.
- **2** Run the installation script:
  - ./install.sh
- **3** The script prompts you to install or uninstall. Enter u to uninstall.
- 4 The script will pause to display the products to uninstall. Enter a to uninstall all.
- **5** When prompted, enter the eDirectory admin credentials.

NOTE: The uninstall procedure does not remove configuration and log files.

#### Uninstalling iManager on Solaris

- **1** Log in as root.
- **2** Run the following command:

/var/opt/novell/tomcat4/nps/UninstallerData/UninstalliManager

**3** When asked if you want to remove all iManager files, choose Yes if you want to remove all files, including all custom content; otherwise, choose No.

## **3** Accessing iManager

This section gives instructions on the following tasks for accessing iManager:

- "Using a Supported Web Browser" on page 23
- "Logging in to iManager" on page 23
- "Accessing iManager with a Screen Reader and Other Accessibility Options" on page 24
- "Logging in to a Different Tree" on page 24

## Using a Supported Web Browser

To access iManager, you must use a machine running Internet Explorer 6 SP1 or above, Netscape 7.1 or above, or Mozilla 1.4 or above.

The following issues will occur when using Netscape and Mozilla browsers:

- The tool tips functionality for the iManager buttons might not always work.
- The multi-select feature in iManager cannot be used.
- The object view cannot be used.
- The Repair Through iMonitor task does not work.
- The Install and Upgrade Plug-in task does not work.

## Logging in to iManager

To access Novell<sup>®</sup> iManager:

**1** From a supported Web browser (see Using a Supported Web Browser), type the following in the address (URL) field:

#### https://server\_IP\_address:portnumber/nps/iManager.html

For example:

https://137.65.135.150:8443/nps/iManager.html

**2** Log in using your username and password.

You will have access to only those features you have rights to. To have full access to all Novell iManager features, you must log in as Supervisor of the tree.

## Accessing iManager with a Screen Reader and Other Accessibility Options

iManager includes a "simple" display that can be effectively used with screen readers. To access this display:

1 In a Web browser, type the following in the address (URL) field:

```
https://server_IP_address:portnumber/nps/Simple.html
```

For example:

https://137.65.135.150:8443/nps/Simple.html

2 Log in using your username, context, password, and eDirectory<sup>™</sup> Tree name.

You will have access to only those features you have rights to. To have full access to all Novell iManager features, you must log in as Supervisor of the tree.

Complete accessibility statements are available on the Novell Web site (http://www.novell.com/ accessibility).

## Logging in to a Different Tree

You can log into a different tree from iManager, but when you do, the following restrictions apply:

- Only the Unrestricted Access mode of authentication is available. For more information on available modes, see "Access Modes" on page 26.
- You cannot configure Role-Based Services (RBS).
- eDirectory Maintenance tasks are not available unless RBS has been installed in that tree by iManager 2.0.x.
- iManager Configuration tasks are not available.
- The Monitor button is not available.

To log into a different tree:

- 1 In iManager, click the Log into a Different Tree button 🦃.
- **2** Enter your login information for the tree, then click Login.

## What's Next

- To set up Role-Based Services (RBS), see Chapter 5, "Setting Up Role-Based Services," on page 29.
- To customize iManager, see Chapter 7, "Configuring and Customizing iManager," on page 41.

# A Navigating the iManager Interface

This section describes how to navigate through the Novell<sup>®</sup> iManager 2.0.x interface.

## iManager Interface

The following figure describes the iManager interface.



#### Figure 1 iManager Interface

**NOTE:** When using iManager, make sure to use the buttons (OK, Next, etc.) within the interface. The browser's toolbar buttons (Back, Next, etc.) are not supported in iManager.

## **Contents Panel**

The Contents Panel displays a navigation pane. Its contents vary, depending on which button is selected from the tool bar.

When the Roles and Tasks 1, Configure 2, Favorites 2, or Developer 3 button is selected, the Contents Panel lists the roles to which the user is assigned. The tasks associated with each role are listed under the role.

When the View Objects button is selected, the Contents Panel displays the iManager Object Selector, which enables users to browse or search for objects in the eDirectory tree.

## **Using the Object Selector**

Use the following guidelines when using the iManager Object Selector:

- 1. In dotted NDS names, you must escape the following characters with a backslash (\):
  - period (.)
  - equal (=)
  - plus (+)
  - backslash (\)
- 2. You don't need escape characters in most values, just when the name is a DN or RDN.
- 3. In a search filter, you must escape these characters with a backslash:
  - asterisk (\*)
  - backslash (\)

For example:

To search for all objects containing period, search filter = \*.\*

To search for all objects containing plus, search filter = \*+\*

However, to search for all objects containing backslash, search filter = \*//\*

### **Access Modes**

When you start iManager, you are granted an *access mode* based on the rights you've been assigned. iManager has four access modes. The mode you are in is displayed in the top-left corner of the iManager interface.

Unrestricted

This mode displays all of the roles and tasks installed. Although all roles and tasks are visible, the authenticated user will still need the necessary rights to use the tasks.

Assigned

This mode displays only the roles and tasks assigned to the authenticated user. This mode takes full advantage of the Role-Based Services technology.

Collection owner

This mode displays all of the roles and tasks installed in the collection. It allows user Admin to use all of the roles and tasks in the collection, even if specific rights have not been assigned. Role-Based Services must be installed in order to use this mode.

Tree down

This is a troubleshooting mode that should be used only when eDirectory services on your network are unavailable. Tomcat must be stopped and restarted to access this mode.

## **Special Characters**

In iManager, some characters have special significance and must be escaped with the backslash character:

NDAP (NDS):  $. = + \land$ 

LDAP:

- ◆ DNs:,=+\;<>
- Leading #
- Leading or trailing spaces

For LDAP, any character can be specified with \xx (RFC2253).

## 5 Setting Up Role-Based Services

This chapter defines Role-Based Services (RBS) and describes how to implement RBS with Novell<sup>®</sup> iManager. The instructions in the following sections assume that you have successfully installed iManager.

## Overview

iManager gives administrators the ability to assign specific responsibilities to users and to present them with the tools (and their accompanying rights) necessary to perform only those sets of responsibilities. This functionality is called *Role-Based Services (RBS)*.

Role-Based Services allows administrators to assign users a defined set of specific functions, called *tasks*, and objects as determined by the grouping of tasks, called *roles*. What users see when they access Novell iManager is based on their role assignments in Novell eDirectory<sup>™</sup>. Only the tasks assigned to the authenticated user are displayed. The user does not need to browse the tree to find an object to administer; the plug-in for that task presents the necessary tools and interface to perform the task.

You can assign multiple roles to a single user. You can also assign the same role to multiple users.

#### **Default Roles and Tasks**

A default set of roles and tasks is included with iManager. You can use the default set or customize them to your liking. The following base set of roles and their associated tasks are included with iManager 2.0.*x*:

• Dynamic Groups

Create Dynamic Group Create Extended Object Delete Dynamic Group Modify Dynamic Group

- eDirectory Administration
  - Copy Object Create Object Delete Object Modify Object Move Object Rename Object
- Groups

Create Group

Delete Group Modify Group

Help Desk
 Clear Lockout
 Create User

Set Password

- Partition and Replicas
  - Create Partition Merge Partition Move Partition Replica View View Partition Information
- Rights

Modify Inherited Rights Filter Modify Trustees Rights To Other Objects View Effective Rights

Schema

Add Attribute Attribute Information Class Information Create Attribute Create Class Delete Attribute Delete Class Object Extensions

Servers

Launch NetWare Remote Manager

• Users

Create User Delete User Disable Account Enable Account Modify User

#### **RBS** Objects in eDirectory

Role-Based Services (RBS) is represented by objects defined in eDirectory. The base eDirectory schema gets extended while running the iManager Configuration Wizard. The new RBS object types are listed in the following table.

Table 1 RBS Objects in eDirectory

Object	Description
rbsCollection	Represents a container object that holds all RBS Role and Module objects.
	rbsCollection objects are the topmost containers for all RBS objects. A tree can have any number of rbsCollection objects. These objects have owners, which are users who have management rights over the collection
	rbsCollection objects can be created in any of the following containers:
	Country
	Domain
	Locality
	Organization
	Organizational Unit
ItsRole	Specifies the tasks that users (members) are authorized to perform. Defining a role includes creating an rbsRole object and specifying the tasks that the role can perform.
	rbsRoles are container objects that can be created only in an rbsCollection container.
	Role members can be Users, Groups, Organizations, or Organizational Units, and they are associated to a role in a specific scope of the tree. The rbsTask and rbsBook objects are assigned to rbsRole objects.
V rbsTask	Represents a leaf object that holds a specific function, such as resetting login passwords.
	rbsTask objects are located only in rbsModule containers.
🛷 rbsBook	Represents a leaf object that containing a list of pages assigned to the book. An rbsBook can be assigned to one or more Roles and to one or more Object class types.
	rbsBook objects are located only in rbsModule containers.
C rbsScope	Represents a leaf object used for ACL assignments (instead of making assignments for each User object). rbsScope objects represent the context in the tree where a role will be performed and are associated with rbsRole objects. They inherit from the Group class. User objects are assigned to an rbsScope object. These objects have a reference to the scope of the tree that they are associated with.
	This object is dynamically created when needed, then automatically deleted when no longer needed. They are located only in rbsRole containers.
	<b>WARNING:</b> Never change the configuration of an rbsScope object. Doing so will have serious consequences and could possibly break the system.

Object	Description
C rbsModule	Represents a container object that holds rbsTask and rbsBook objects. rbsModule objects have a module name attribute that represents the name of the product that defines the tasks or books (for example, eDirectory Maintenance Utilities, NMAS Management, or Novell Certificate Server Access). rbsModule objects can be created only in rbsCollection containers.

The RBS objects reside in the eDirectory tree as depicted in the following figure:

#### Figure 2 RBS Objects in the eDirectory Tree



## **Installing RBS**

Role-Based Services (RBS) is installed using the iManager Configuration Wizard.

**IMPORTANT:** Using RBS is optional, although we recommend setting it up for the optimal use of the iManager software.

To launch the iManager Configuration Wizard:

- 1 In iManager, click the Configure button
- **2** Select RBS Configuration > Configure iManager.
- **3** Select one of the following available options:
  - Create a New Collection (iManager 2.*x*)

Use this to create a new iManager 2.x Collection object. We recommend that you run this first before choosing the other options.

Migrate a Previous Collection

Use this to migrate iManager 1.x collection information to iManager 2.0.x.

**IMPORTANT:** Before you migrate your 1.*x* RBS collection, you must install any 1.*x* modules you want to use in the 2.0.*x* container using the same names for the roles and tasks that you used in 1.*x*.

Custom roles and custom property books can be migrated to iManager 2.0.x, but any custom tasks or custom pages that you created with the iManager 1.x Task Builder or iManager 1.x third-party plug-in cannot be migrated. You need to re-create them using iManager 2.0.x.

Migrate Previous Role Association

Use this to migrate iManager 1.x role associations to iManager 2.0.x.

Upgrade Collection

Use this to upgrade any Collection object that you have rights to.

**4** After you've made your selection, click Next and follow the on-screen instructions.

Some tasks assign supervisor rights to the container specified in the scope for the user. To become familiar with such tasks, see "Rights" on page 33.

**IMPORTANT:** Do not use Novell ConsoleOne<sup>®</sup> to modify or delete any Role-Based Services (RBS) objects. RBS objects should only be managed using iManager.

## **Rights**

Several tasks in iManager require supervisor rights to the container to perform the required tasks for that role. When assigning roles to users or groups, the administrator is prompted for a scope. The scope defines how far up (or down) the tree rights are assigned. If, for instance, the iPrint role is assigned to a user and the scope is set at the top of the tree, the user that was assigned to that role has supervisor Object Entry rights to the entire tree.

NOTE: Assigned rights and scope are separate and rights do not necessarily need to be assigned with tasks.

If you have the Assigned Rights checkbox checked, the following roles contain tasks that assign supervisor rights to the container specified in the scope for the user:

- Archive/Version Management
- DHCP
- DNS
- eDirectory Administration
- eDirectory Maintenance
- iPrint
- NetStorage
- Novell Certificate Access
- Novell Certificate Server
- Partition and Replicas
- Schema
- Storage
- WAN Traffic

As new modules become available, they might have Supervisor rights. For more information, see the "Novell iManager: Planning Security for Delegated Administration" (http://www.novell.com/ collateral/4621360/4621360.html) white paper.

## **Defining RBS Roles**

RBS roles specify the tasks that users are authorized to perform. Defining an RBS role includes creating an rbsRole object, specifying the tasks that the role can perform, and specifying the User, Group, or container objects that can perform those tasks. In some cases, Novell iManager plug-ins (product packages) provide predefined RBS roles that you can modify.

The tasks that RBS roles can perform are exposed as rbsTask objects in your eDirectory tree. These objects are added automatically during the installation of product packages. They are organized into one or more rbsModules, which are containers that correspond to the different functional modules of the product.

The following sections explain how to manage role objects:

- "Creating a Role Object" on page 34
- "Modifying the Tasks Associated with a Role" on page 34
- "Assigning RBS Role Membership and Scope" on page 34
- "Deleting a Role-Based Services Object" on page 35
- "Defining Custom RBS Tasks" on page 35

#### Creating a Role Object

Use the Create iManager Role Wizard to create a new rbsRole object. We recommend creating the new rbsRole object in the same rbsCollection container where the other rbsRole objects reside (for example, the Role-Based Services Collection container).

- 1 In Novell iManager, click the Configure button
- **2** Click Role Configuration > Create iManager Role.
- **3** Follow the instructions in the Create iManager Role Wizard.
- **4** See "Defining Custom RBS Tasks" on page 35 for information on adding members to roles.

#### Modifying the Tasks Associated with a Role

Each RBS role has a set of available tasks associated with it. You can choose which tasks are assigned to a particular role, adding or removing tasks as necessary.

- 1 In Novell iManager, click the Configure button
- **2** Click Role Configuration > Modify iManager Roles.
- **3** To add or remove tasks from a role, click the Modify Tasks button to the left of the role you want to modify.
- 4 Add or remove tasks from the Assigned Task list.
- **5** Click OK.

#### Assigning RBS Role Membership and Scope

After you have defined the RBS roles needed in your organization, you can assign members to each role. In doing so, you specify the scope in which each member can exercise the functions of the role. The scope is the location or context in the eDirectory tree where this role can be performed.

A user can be assigned to a role in the following ways:

- Directly
- Through group and dynamic group assignments. If a user is a member of a group or a dynamic group that is assigned to a role, then the user has access to the role.

- Through organizational role assignments. If a user is an occupant of a organizational role that is assigned a role, then the user has access to the role.
- Through container assignment. A user object has access to all of the roles that its parent container is assigned. This could also include other containers up to the root of the tree.

A user can be associated with a role multiple times, each with a different scope. You can also assign the same task to multiple members.

To assign role membership and scope:

- 1 In Novell iManager, click the Configure button
- 2 Click Role Configuration > Modify iManager Roles.
- **3** To add or remove members from a role, click the Modify Members button to the left of the role you want to modify.
- **4** In the Name field, specify an object name (a User, Group, or Container object) and context.
- 5 In the Scope field, specify an Organization or Organizational Unit object name and context.
- 6 Click Add, then click OK.

#### **Deleting a Role-Based Services Object**

- 1 In Novell iManager, click the Configure button
- 2 Click Role Configuration > Delete Role.
- **3** Specify the name and context of the RBS role you want to delete.
- 4 Click OK.

#### **Defining Custom RBS Tasks**

The following sections explain how to defining custom RBS tasks and manage them:

- "Creating an iManager Task" on page 35
- "Creating a Server Administration Task" on page 35
- "Modify Role Assignment" on page 36
- "Deleting a Task" on page 36

#### Creating an iManager Task

- 1 In Novell iManager, click the Configure button .
- **2** Click Task Configuration > Plug-in Studio.
- **3** Follow the instructions in the online help to create a custom task.

#### **Creating a Server Administration Task**

Use the Create Server Administration Task Wizard to build custom tasks to access a server's services. The system administrator should verify that the service is available on the server.

- 1 In Novell iManager, click the Configure button
- **2** Click Task Configuration > Create Server Administration Task.
- 3 Follow the instructions in the Create Server Administration Task Wizard.

#### Using Custom Tasks on Multiple iManager Servers

Do not use Plugin Studio to install a task on more than one iManager; this will not work. The Plugin Studio does not deploy custom tasks onto multiple servers. Custom tasks, when installed, create a .jsp file in <*tomcat\_home*>/webapps/nps/portal/modules/custom/skins/default/devices/ default; it is named <*Task Name*>\_<*date*>\_<*time*>.jsp.

- **1** Copy this file to all the servers running iManager against the same PCO object, in the same location.
- **2** After copying the files, restart Tomcat.
- **3** If problems occur, remove the files associated with the Task from *<tomcat\_home>*/work/ Standalone/localhost/nps/portal/modules/custom/skins/default/devices/default, which will be both the .jsp file, and a .class file, which is a compiled version of the .jsp file..
- **4** After removing these files, restart tomcat.

#### **Modify Role Assignment**

- 1 In Novell iManager, click the Configure button
- **2** Click Task Configuration > Modify Role Assignment.
- **3** Specify the name and context of the task you want to modify, then click Next.
- **4** Move the roles you want from the Available Roles column to the Assigned Roles column.
- 5 Click OK.

#### **Deleting a Task**

- 1 In Novell iManager, click the Configure button
- **2** Click Task Configuration > Delete Task.
- **3** Specify the name and context of the task you want to delete, then click OK.

## 6 Installing and Using iManager Plug-ins

iManager ships with a core set of plug-ins including eDirectory Administration, Partition and Replicas, and Dynamic Groups. But many Novell<sup>®</sup> products include additional product-specific plug-ins. For example, DirXML<sup>®</sup> includes plug-ins that allow you to manage and configure all of your DirXML objects in Novell eDirectory<sup>™</sup>.

Typically, you will install plug-ins as part of the iManager or product installation. However, you can download and install plug-ins separate from a product installation.

## Downloading and Installing a Plug-in

iManager plug-ins are available for download on the Novell Product Downloads Web site (http://download.novell.com/pages/PublicSearch.jsp?filter=category&filterselection=180).

**NOTE:** By default, the plug-ins are not replicated between iManager servers. We recommend you install the plug-ins you want on each iManager server.

The process you use to download and install plug-ins will vary depending upon whether or not you have RBS configured. For more information about RBS, see Chapter 5, "Setting Up Role-Based Services," on page 29.

- If RBS is not configured, all tasks appear in the Contents Panel regardless of your access rights, and no additional setup is required beyond plug-in installation. See "Installing a Plugin When RBS Is Not Configured" on page 37.
- If RBS is configured, the new plug-in is not available for use until you upgrade your collections. See "Installing a Plug-In When RBS Is Configured" on page 38.

#### Installing a Plug-in When RBS Is Not Configured

**1** At the Product Downloads Web site, mark Search by Category, select the iManager Plug-Ins category, then click Submit Search.

A list of available plug-ins organized by product is displayed.

**2** Click the plug-in you want to download and review information specific to that plug-in, then close the text windows.

**NOTE:** Plug-ins are packaged in modules (NPMs). Those modules are capable of containing one or more plug-ins.

**3** Click the Download button, log in, and review the download agreement.

If you haven't registered yet, you can register for free.

- **4** On the system where iManager is installed, download the *plug-in*.npm.
- **5** Log in to iManager.
- 6 Click the Configure button

- 7 Click iManager Configuration > Modules, then click Install to install the module package.
- 8 Select the *plug-in*.npm file to install.

This install will take a few minutes.

**9** Restart Tomcat.

**NOTE:** Tomcat sometimes requires several minutes to fully initialize. Wait at least 5 minutes before trying to log into iManager.

Platform	Restart Command
NetWare <sup>®</sup> 6 or later	Enter <b>TC4STOP</b> . Wait at least 1 minute, then enter <b>TOMCAT4</b> to start the service again.
Windows	Stop and start the Tomcat service.
Solaris	Enter /var/opt/novell/tomcat4/bin/shutdown.sh, then enter /var/opt/novell/ tomcat4/bin/startup.sh.
HP-UX	Enter /opt/hpws/tomcat/bin/shutdown.sh, then enter /opt/hpws/tomcat/ bin/startup.sh.
Linux	Enter /etc/init.d/novell-tomcat4 stop, then enter /etc/init.d/novell-tomcat4 start.

**10** Verify that the new Role appears in the Roles and Tasks page.

To add members to the new Role, use the Modify Member Association task.

#### Installing a Plug-In When RBS Is Configured

**IMPORTANT:** In order to re-install an existing plug-in, you must first delete the rbsModule object for that plugin from eDirectory<sup>™</sup> using the Module Configuration > Delete RBS Module task.

1 At the Product Downloads Web site, mark Search by Category, select the iManager Plug-Ins category, then click Submit Search.

A list of available plug-ins organized by product is displayed.

**2** Click the plug-in you want to download and review information specific to that plug-in, then close the text windows.

**NOTE:** Plug-ins are packaged in modules (NPMs). Those modules are capable of containing one or more plug-ins.

**3** Click the Download button, log in, and review the download agreement.

If you haven't registered yet, you can register for free.

- **4** On the system where iManager is installed, download the *plug-in*.npm.
- **5** Log in to iManager.
- 6 Click the Configure button
- 7 Click iManager Configuration > Modules, then click Install to install the module package.
- 8 Select the *plug-in*.npm file to install.

This install will take a few minutes.

9 Restart Tomcat.

**NOTE:** Tomcat sometimes requires several minutes to fully initialize. Wait at least 5 minutes before trying to log into iManager.

Platform	Restart Command
NetWare 6 or later	Enter <b>TC4STOP</b> . Wait at least 1 minute, then enter <b>TOMCAT4</b> to start the service again.
Windows	Stop and start the Tomcat service.
Solaris	Enter /var/opt/novell/tomcat4/bin/shutdown.sh, then enter /var/opt/novell/tomcat4/bin/startup.sh.
HP-UX	Enter /opt/hpws/tomcat/bin/shutdown.sh, then enter /opt/hpws/tomcat/ bin/startup.sh.
Linux	Enter /etc/init.d/novell-tomcat4 stop, then enter /etc/init.d/novell-tomcat4 start.

- Log in to iManager, then click the Configure button.
- Under RBS Configuration, select Configure iManager.
- Choose Upgrade collections, then click Next.
- Verify that the correct collection is selected, then click Next.

The new plug-ins should be displayed under Modules to Be Installed.

- Select the plug-in you want, assign a scope, then click Start.
- Wait for the Completed message, then click Close.
- Verify that the new Role appears in the Roles and Tasks page.

To add members to the new Role, use the Modify Member Association task.

## Configuring and Customizing iManager

This section discusses how to customize the following features of Novell<sup>®</sup> iManager 2.0.x:

- "Configuring Contextless Login" on page 41
- "Configuring iManager for SSL/TLS Connection to eDirectory" on page 43
- "Customizing Available Buttons" on page 44
- "Manually Running the exteNd Director Configuration Wizard" on page 44
- "Setting Up Load Balancing and Failover" on page 46
- "Adding Classes of Objects to the Create Object Task" on page 48

## **Configuring Contextless Login**

Contextless login allows users to log in without specifying their directory context. By default, iManager enables this feature and sets users up for contextless login if the users meet the following criteria:

- They are in the same container as the iManager PCO object or the Admin User object for the server. Any subcontainers are automatically searched also.
- They use the CN attribute for logging in.
- They have inetOrgPerson as their user class. inetOrgPerson is the LDAP name for this class. The eDirectory name for this class is User.

If you have users who do not meet this profile, you need to configure contextless login to add additional containers, attributes, or user classes. See the following sections:

- "Adding Portal Containers" on page 41
- "Adding Other Attributes" on page 42
- "Modifying the User Object Class" on page 42
- "Enabling or Disabling Contextless Login" on page 42

#### **Adding Portal Containers**

By default, the context of the iManager PCO object and the context of the Admin user are set up as Portal containers for contextless logins. If your user objects exist in other containers, you need to add these containers to the Contextless Login search path.

To add other containers for contextless logins:

- 1 In iManager, click the Configure button
- **2** In the Contents panel, click iManager Configuration > Portal.

- **3** In the right pane, click Properties.
- **4** Use the Add and Remove buttons to select and add additional containers.

You only have to set up top level containers as Portal containers. Subcontainers under Portal containers automatically work with contextless logins.

5 Save your changes.

The portal should automatically refresh to use the new settings. If you want to refresh the portal manually, click Refresh Portal > Refresh All > Refresh.

#### **Adding Other Attributes**

The portal also has the capability for contextless login with other attributes than the CN attribute of the user object (such as e-mail address, fullname, etc.).

To add other attributes for contextless logins:

- 1 In iManager, click the Configure button
- **2** In the Contents panel, click iManager Configuration > Portal.
- **3** In the right pane, click Configuration.
- **4** In the Attributes to Use for Contextless Login line, click Edit.

In the window, add the attributes to the list. All attributes are in LDAP format. CN is assumed if no attributes are set. If you set any attributes, you must also specify CN.

**5** Save your changes.

#### Modifying the User Object Class

The portal also has the capability for contextless login with object classes other than inetOrgPerson such as Person, Organizational Person, etc. For example, to have contextless login search for all objects that inherit from the Person class which includes the Organizational Person and User classes, you would add the following line to the PortalServlet.properties file located in \$TOMCAT\_HOME\$/webapps/mps/WEB-INF:

System.UserClass=person

NOTE: In eDirectory, User is the class name for the LDAP inetOrgPerson class.

#### Enabling or Disabling Contextless Login

When contextless login is disabled, users must enter their fully distinguished name (for example, cn=user,o=container) in order to log in. When enabled, users do not need to include their directory context, but can log in using just the log in attribute, usually CN. By default, contextless login is enabled.

To enable or disable contextless login:

- 1 In iManager, click the Configure button
- **2** In the Contents panel, click iManager Configuration > Portal.
- **3** In the right pane, click Configuration.
- **4** In the Enable Contextless Login line, select either the Off or the On radio button.
- **5** Save your changes.

## Configuring iManager for SSL/TLS Connection to eDirectory

Some plug-ins require secure LDAP access to function properly. To set up secure access, you must import an root certificate into iManager by completing the following tasks:

- "Exporting a Root Certificate" on page 43
- "Importing an eDirectory Certificate into the Keystore" on page 43

#### **Exporting a Root Certificate**

- 1 Log in to iManager.
- 2 In the Contents panel, click eDirectory Administration > Modify Object.
- **3** In the right pane, enter the distinguished name of the LDAP server in the Object Name box, then click OK.

If you do not know the name, click the Object Selector button that allows you to browse the tree for objects. In the left pane, enter the container in which to begin browsing, select the other criteria for the object, then click Apply. In the right pane, select the object. When the object appears in the Object Name box, click OK.

- **4** Select the Connections tab and note the name of the server certificate listed in the Server Certificate box.
- **5** In the Contents panel, click Modify Object.
- 6 In the right pane, enter the name of the server certificate, then click OK.
- 7 Select the Certificates tab, select Trusted Root Certificate, then click Export.
- 8 Select not to export the private key with the certificate.
- 9 Select to save the certificate in DER format.
- **10** Select to save the certificate to a file.
- **11** Click Close.

#### Importing an eDirectory Certificate into the Keystore

After you have an eDirectory certificate saved in DER format, you need to import the certificate into the iManager keystore.

- 1 Open a command window.
- 2 Change to the bin directory where you have installed the JDK\*. For example, on a Windows system, you would enter the following command:

cd j2sdk1.4.1\_02\bin

**3** Import the certificate into the keystore with the keytool. For example, to import the certificate to iManager on a NetWare server from a Windows machine, you would enter the following command:

```
keytool -J-ns -import -alias alias_name -file
full_path\trustedrootcert.der -keystore
sys:java\lib\security\cacerts
```

The first path in the command, c:\eDirectory.cer, specifies the location and name of the certificate you exported.

The last path in the command, sys:java\lib\security\cacerts, specifies the keystore location. This varies from system to system because it is based on where iManager is installed. The command shows the default NetWare location. The default location for iManager on a Windows server is c:\Program Files\Novell\jre\lib\security\cacerts.

- **4** Enter **changeit** for the keystore password.
- **5** Select Yes to Trust this certificate.

### **Customizing Available Buttons**

The iManager Views task allows an administrator to hide the different buttons that are in the top frame of iManager from the users that access iManager. By default all of the buttons are available to everyone, but some let you perform configuration operations that you might not want all users to be able to access or even see. This task allows you to hide these buttons from users. The settings can be applied to Containers (applies to all users in the container), Users, Persons, or Organizational Persons.

To limit the buttons available to users:

- 1 In iManager, click the Configure button
- 2 In the Contents panel, click View Configuration > iManager Views Access.
- **3** In the right pane, enter the distinguished name of the object to restrict, then click OK.

If you do not know the name, click the Object Selector button that allows you to browse the tree for objects. In the left pane, enter the container in which to begin browsing, select the other criteria for the object, then click Apply. In the right pane, select the object. When the object appears in the Object Name box, click OK.

- **4** Change the flag to limit which buttons are available to users at the selected object in the directory:
  - The Do Not Set flag either allows the button to show (the default) or takes the setting applied to a container above the object if one has been set.
  - The Show flag shows the button, even if the button was hidden at container above the object.
  - The Hide flag hides the button regardless of any other settings in a container above the object.
  - The Read Parent Containers Above This Object setting applies the button settings that have been configured for container above the object to take effect on that object.

**NOTE:** Portal administrators and rbsCollection owners cannot be restricted from seeing the Configure button. Even if you use iManager to hide the button, these users can see and use the Configure button.

## Manually Running the exteNd Director Configuration Wizard

iManager version 2.x runs on top of the exteNd Director<sup>™</sup>, Standard Edition (DEX) portal framework. For iManager to function properly, configuration of DEX needs to be performed in both eDirectory and on the Web server where iManager is running.

The DEX configuration is typically performed silently during the iManager 2.x install on most platforms. However, you might find it necessary to manually configure these settings if there were errors during the silent configuration or if you require custom configuration. iManager provides

the exteNd Director Configuration Wizard to allow easy configuration or reconfiguration of these settings.

The eDirectory configuration information is largely stored on the CN=PCO,OU=Extend object, which is usually found in your servers container. The Web server configuration information is stored in the PortalServlet.properties file located in \$TOMCAT\_HOME\$/webapps/nps/WEB-INF.

The PCO object allows multiple iManager Web servers (Portal Heads) to synchronize content and to share Role-Based Services configuration and other settings. While running the exteNd Director Configuration Wizard, if one or more iManager servers have previously been installed into the tree, you are prompted to select to Install into an Existing PCO Object or to Create a New PCO Object. Be aware that if you select to create a new PCO object, the configured iManager cannot be associated in any way with the other iManager servers in the tree.

**WARNING:** Running the exteNd Director Configuration Wizard can destroy data. Do not complete the steps in the following sections unless you have been instructed to do so in either Chapter 2, "Installing iManager," on page 13 or Chapter 8, "Troubleshooting," on page 49.

#### Preparing to Run the Wizard

**1** Get the PCO password seed.

If you are configuring to an existing PCO object, you are required to know the password seed for that PCO object. The password seed can be found in the System.Password entry in the PortalServlet.properties file of any iManager that has been configured to that PCO.

To find the list of all iManagers that are configured to an existing PCO, look at the bhLocation attribute on the PCO object.

**2** Unconfigure the portal on the web server by renaming the PortalServlet.properties file. For example:

PortalServlet.properties.OLD

The exteNd Director Configuration Wizard contains an Unconfigure feature; however, in case you ever need to revert to the previous configuration, we recommend that you rename the PortalServlet.properties file instead of using the Unconfigure feature.

3 Restart Tomcat.

#### **Running the Wizard**

1 Run exteNd Director Configuration Wizard, based upon your iManager configuration. Enter

http://server\_ip\_address/nps/servlet/configure

or

#### https://server\_ip\_address/nps/servlet/configure

- 2 Click Start.
- **3** Type the IP address or DNS name of your eDirectory LDAP server and credentials for administration access.

You need to authenticate to the LDAP directory with admin rights before you install iManager. Use LDAP syntax for the authentication credentials. Passwords are case sensitive.

LDAP syntax refers to only the Distinguished name. For example, cn=admin,ou=mydepartment,o=mycompany.

**IMPORTANT:** If you select SSL, you must use an SSL port such as 636. The port number 389 is not an SSL port. We recommend you use SSL; otherwise, your password information will be sent over the wire in a clear text format.

- **4** Select the platform.xar from the list or browse for the platform.xar file.
- **5** Accept the license agreement, then click Next.
- 6 Select Typical, then click Next.

If a previous install exists, there is an option to connect to the existing PCO or create a new one.

**IMPORTANT:** Be aware that if you select to create a new PCO object, the configured iManager cannot be associated in any way with the other iManager servers in the tree.

- 7 Click Next.
- 8 After the configure is completed, restart Tomcat.
- **9** Log in to iManager, based upon your iManager configuration:

http://server\_ip\_address/nps/iManager.html

or

```
https://server_ip_address/nps/iManager.html
```

## Setting Up Load Balancing and Failover

If you have multiple servers in your tree, you can configure how LDAP connections are handled. You can configure iManager so that the same server does not establish all or most of the LDAP connections or so that one server handles all the LDAP connections unless it fails. For configuration instructions, see the following sections:

- "Configuring Load Balancing" on page 46
- "Configuring Failover" on page 47

**IMPORTANT:** Either load balancing or failover can be active at a time, never both.

#### Configuring Load Balancing

Load balancing is performed in a round-robin style. The first server is used for the first connection established. The second server is used for the second connection and so on until the last server has been accessed and the loop returns to the first server in the active servers list. As the server list is accessed, if one of the servers goes down, it is removed from the list of active servers and placed in a inactive servers queue. A process runs at periodic intervals to recheck the inactive server to see if it is now active. If it is active, it is appended to the end of the active servers list. The interval for rechecking inactive servers is configurable. See "Configuring the Server Check Interval" on page 47.

The LDAP connection stays with the same server it started with unless that server goes down. It can be thought of as a sticky connection as far as which server is used.

Load balancing supports up to three additional servers to use for load balancing. Therefore, a maximum of four servers can be used for load balancing purposes. This is accomplished by adding additional server address as listed below to your PortalServlet.properties file located in \$TOMCAT\_HOME/webapps/nps/WEB-INF/:

```
System.DirectoryAddress=137.65.1.2:636
System.DirectorySSL=true
System.Directory1Address=137.65.1.7:389
System.Directory1SSL=false
System.Directory2Address=137.65.1.14:389
System.Directory3Address=137.65.1.21:636
System.Directory3SSL=true
```

Load balancing supports up to four total server addresses with any combination of SSL and non-SSL LDAP connections. If the DirectorySSL line is omitted for any server address, false is assumed. False means that SSL is not used for communication.

#### **Configuring Failover**

Failover is implemented in much the same fashion as load balancing. The only significant difference is that the active server list stays with the first server in the list. If the first server goes down for some reason, it is removed from the active server list and the new server that is now first in the list is used for all new connections.

To enable failover mode, add the following line to the PortalServlet.properties file located in \$TOMCAT\_HOME/webapps/nps/WEB-INF/:

System.FailoverOnly=true

With this line in the file, the list of servers in the PortalServlet.properties file are used in a failover fashion and are not used for load balancing.

When an inactive server comes back up, it is appended to the end of the active servers list. If you want it to become the primary server again, you need refresh the iManager configuration. See "Refreshing the Load Balancing or Failover Configuration" on page 47.

#### **Configuring the Server Check Interval**

By default, the servers in the inactive server list are checked every 180 seconds. You can change this interval by adding the following line to the PortalServlet.properties file located in \$TOMCAT\_HOME/webapps/nps/WEB-INF/:

```
System.ServerCheckInterval=180000
```

The number specified is in milliseconds.

#### **Refreshing the Load Balancing or Failover Configuration**

To reset the server list for load balancing or failover:

- 1 In iManager, click the Configure button
- 2 In the Contents panel, click iManager Configuration > Portal.
- **3** In the right pane, click Refresh Portal.

When the iManager configuration is refreshed, the bad servers list is thrown away and the active servers list is re-read from PortalServlet.properties.

## Adding Classes of Objects to the Create Object Task

The eDirectory Administration role contains a task called Create Object. This task enables you to create an object of any class in the schema that uses one of the standard eDirectory syntaxes. When you select the Create Object task, it presents a list of available object classes. By default, the Create Object task lists only the most commonly-used object classes in the list. You can add additional object classes to the list, enabling users to create corresponding objects.

**IMPORTANT:** Role-based Services must be configured before you can use the iManager Development role.

To add additional items to the Available object classes list:

- 1 Click the Developer button 🙆.
- 2 Click iManager Development > Add Object Class To Creation List.
- **3** Select an object class from the list of available object classes, then click Next.
- 4 At the summary page, verify that the value of the <class-name> entry is com.novell.emframe.fw.GenericCreator, then click Finish.
- **5** To add another object class, click Repeat Task; otherwise, click OK.
- 6 Return to the Create Object task by clicking the Roles and Tasks button . then clicking eDirectory Administration > Create Object.
- 7 Verify that the object classes you added are in the list of available object classes.

**TIP:** If you want to have a separate task to create an object instead of using the Create Object task, use the Plug-In Studio to create a task for that class.

## 8 Troubleshooting

This section provides some troubleshooting tips found while testing iManager in Novell<sup>®</sup> test labs. These tips are arranged alphabetically in the following topics:

- "Blank Page" on page 49
- "Debugging Settings for Install and Configure" on page 50
- "Dynamic Group LDAP Errors" on page 50
- "eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors" on page 51
- "HTTP 404 Error" on page 51
- "HTTP 500 Errors" on page 51
- "Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors" on page 52
- "NPS Is an Unrecognized Context Error" on page 52
- ""There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors" on page 52
- ""Unable to Determine Universal Password Status" Error" on page 52
- "Cookies Must be Enabled" on page 53

## **Blank Page**

There are many causes for a blank page:

- You are running NetWare<sup>®</sup> 6 with a Novonyx server.
- You installed Apache as a standalone product on a nonstandard port.
- The Custom\_Backend\_Renderer\_Portal\_Location directive is not set in the PortalServlet.Properties file.

To correct these problems:

- 1 Stop Tomcat.
- 2 Edit the PortalServlet.properties file located in \$TOMCAT\_HOME/webapps/nps/WEB-INF:
  - If you did not install Apache, modify the following line to use the specified port and replace <ip\_address> with the IP address of your server.

Custom\_Backend\_Renderer\_Portal\_Location=http\://<ip\_address>:8080/
nps

• If you installed Apache but used a nonstandard port, for example 81, modify this line to reflect the configured port and replace <ip\_address> with the IP address of your server.

Custom\_Backend\_Renderer\_Portal\_Location=http\://<ip\_address>:81/nps

• If the Custom\_Backend\_Renderer\_Portal\_Location directive is not set, add this line, making sure the port specified is correct. Replace <ip\_address> with the IP address of your server

```
Custom_Backend_Renderer_Portal_Location=http\://<ip_address>:80/nps
```

- **3** Restart Tomcat.
- **4** Log in to iManager.

If the blank page persists, you might need to manually reconfigure the iManager portal. See "Manually Running the exteNd Director Configuration Wizard" on page 44 for instructions.

## **Debugging Settings for Install and Configure**

If installation fails, you can run some debugging tools to help determine what is wrong.

You can run the installation program in debugging mode for Windows, HP-UX, and Solaris installations.

- On Solaris and HP-UX, export LAX\_DEBUG=true in the terminal session from which you start the iManager InstallAnywhere program.
- On Windows, hold the Ctrl key down as you start the iManager InstallAnywhere program and continue holding it until the debugging screen appears.

The Linux installation program does not have a debugging mode, but the program creates the imanager\_install.log and iManagerConfigWizard.log during the install for informational and troubleshooting purposes. These are located in /var/log. The imanager\_install.log contains informational/error messages logged during the general install. The iManagerconfigWizard.log contains information/error messages logged during the configuration of iManager.

On all platforms, you can run the iManager servlet in debugging mode. Add ?DEBUG=LOG\_LOW to the end of your iManager URL. For example:

https://<ip address>/nps/servlet/configure?DEBUG=LOG LOW

Replace <ip\_address> with the IP address of your server. This command generates debug information in your Tomcat log files.

### **Dynamic Group LDAP Errors**

After you have logged in using the Login to a Different Tree button 🔄, you might receive the following messages when modifying a dynamic group:

LDAP Error Unable to obtain a valid LDAP context. Creating secure SSL LDAP context failed:

simple bind failed: 151.155.159.49:636

The Dynamic Groups role requires secure LDAP access to function properly. To set up secure access, see "Configuring iManager for SSL/TLS Connection to eDirectory" on page 43.

## eDirectory Maintenance Task Errors

In order to run eDirectory Maintenance Tasks, Role-Based Services must be configured through iManager to the tree that is being administered. For RBS configuration information, see Chapter 5, "Setting Up Role-Based Services," on page 29.

For additional information, see the Novell eDirectory<sup>™</sup> documentation (http://www.novell.com/ documentation/lg/edir871/index.html?page=/documentation/lg/edir871/edir871/data/ agabn4a.html).

## HTTP 404 Error

If you receive this error the first time you attempt to access iManager, you need to unconfigure NPS for iManager and then reconfigure it.

1 Use a Web browser to connect to the exteNd Director<sup>™</sup> Configuration wizard. Enter the following URL

https://<ip\_address>/nps/servlet/configure

Replace <ip\_address> with the IP address of the server where you installed iManager.

- **2** In the Welcome page, click the Current Configuration button.
- **3** Click the Unconfigure button.

You are asked for the credentials of the user that installed iManager (the Portal Admin). Follow any other on-screen instructions.

**4** Run the exteNd Director Configuration Wizard to manually configure NPS. For instructions, see "Manually Running the exteNd Director Configuration Wizard" on page 44.

## **HTTP 500 Errors**

If you receive an internal server error or servlet container error (either unavailable or being upgraded), iManager is having problems with Tomcat:

- Tomcat has not fully initialized after a reboot.
- Tomcat has failed to start.

Wait a few minutes and try again to access iManager. If you still receive the same errors, you need to verify the status of Tomcat and if the error persists, the status of Apache.

#### Checking the Status of Tomcat

- Restart Tomcat.
- **2** Check the Tomcat logs for any errors.

The log file is located in the \$TOMCAT\_HOME\$/logs directory on the Unix/Linux and Windows platforms. On Unix/Linux, the logs are named catalina.out or localhost\_log.<date>.txt, and on Windows, the log files are named stderr and stdout.

On NetWare, any errors are sent to the logger screen.

#### **Checking the Status of Apache**

- **1** Restart Apache.
- **2** Check the Apache log files for errors.

The files are located in the \$APACHE\_HOME\$/logs directory.

## **Missing Attribute, Object, or Value Errors**

If you have a large installation with synchronization delays, you can force iManager to communicate with the master replica. This ensures that you have access to any attributes, objects, or values that have been recently added or modified. This is not recommended for regular use of iManager, but can be helpful when you are experiencing synchronization delays.

To use this parameter when first logging in to iManager, add ?forceMaster=true to the end of the URL. For example:

http://ip\_address/nps/iManager.html?forceMaster=true

## NPS Is an Unrecognized Context Error

When installing iManager without Tomcat4 on NetWare 6.0, Tomcat needs to be manually restarted after the installation completes. If you try to access iManager without restarting Tomcat, you receive an error that NPS is an unrecognized context.

To solve this problem, restart Tomcat.

**NOTE:** This problem does not happen if you select both Tomcat4 and iManager during the iManager 2.0.2 install. It only happens if Tomcat is already installed.

## "There Was a Problem Starting the Servlet" Errors

Most errors that begin with "There was a problem starting the servlet" indicate that information is missing from the PortalServlet.properties file, located in \$TOMCAT\_HOME/webapps/nps/WEB-INF. The error message also contains suggestions on possible causes and solutions.

If this is the second iManager portal you are installing into the same eDirectory tree, please copy the PortalServlet.properties file from another server to remedy the problem. Make sure to update IP addresses of settings to match the new server such as the Custom\_Backend\_Renderer\_Portal\_Location directive.

If the suggested solution fails, you might need to rerun the exteNd Director Configuration wizard. For instructions, see "Manually Running the exteNd Director Configuration Wizard" on page 44.

## "Unable to Determine Universal Password Status" Error

If an eDirectory for UNIX server is configured to use SSL for LDAP communications, you might receive the following error when you select the option in iManager to set a Simple Password:

"Unable to determine universal password status"

To resolve this error, run the nmasinst utility on the eDirectory for UNIX server. The nmasinst utility lets you install login methods into eDirectory from a UNIX machine, and is required to run the Universal Password feature. The nmasinst utility is located in the \usr\bin\nmasinst directory.

For more information, see the *Universal Password Deployment Guide* (http://www.novell.com/documentation/lg/nw65/universal\_password/data/front.html).

## **Cookies Must be Enabled**

If you try to use iManager with a browser that has disabled cookies, you receive no warning message and are allowed to log in. However, after a successful login, you cannot do anything. iManager cannot function without cookies enabled.

## Configuration Settings in the PortalServlet.properties File

Various settings can be configured for Novell<sup>®</sup> iManager. These settings affect the way that iManager and the Web server behave. PortalServlet.properties is the configuration file for iManager 2.0.*x*, it is located in the "...\webapps\nps\WEB-INF\" directory of the Tomcat servlet engine.

Many of these settings can also be configured through iManager 2.0.x in the iManager Configuration role. Be aware that, upon restarting the Tomcat servlet engine, directives in the PortalServlet.properties file will override any of the same settings that have been configured through the iManager Configuration role in iManager 2.0.x.

The following are descriptions and examples of many of the directives that can be configured for iManager 2.0.x.

## **Default Tree Setting**

#### System.AllowiManagerDefaultLogin

Turns on or off the default tree feature. By default, the feature is off.

true - Turns on default tree feature.

**false** - Turns off default tree feature (default).

For example:

System.AllowiManagerDefaultLogin=true

## **LDAP Server Settings**

#### System.DirectoryAddress

Specifies the IP address and port of the LDAP server. The LDAP server is where the portal configuration object is located.

For example:

System.DirectoryAddress=127.1.1.1:389

#### System.DirectorySSL

Specifies that iManager should attempt to connect to LDAP securely.

NOTE: If set to true, the System.DirectoryAddress will use the default LDAP SSL port of 636.

**true** - SSL connection to LDAP server (default).

false - Clear text connection to LDAP server.

For example:

System.DirectorySSL=false

#### System.Directory#Address

Specifies the IP address and port of the secondary LDAP server(s). iManager is designed to have up to three secondary addresses specified. Replace # with number 1 - 3.

For example:

System.Directory1Address=127.1.1.1

System.Directory2Address=127.1.1.2

System.Directory3Address=127.1.1.3

NOTE: All Directory Addresses specified must be in the same tree as the System.DirectoryAddress.

#### System.Directory#SSL

Specifies if iManager attempts to connect to the secondary LDAP server(s) securely. Replace # with number 1 - 3.

**NOTE:** If this setting is true, the System.Directory#Address will need to use the LDAP SSL port (Default LDAP SSL port is 636).

**true** - SSL connection to LDAP server.

false - Clear text connection to LDAP server (default).

For example:

System.Directory1SSL=true

System.Directory2SSL=true

System.Directory3SSL=false

#### System.FailoverOnly

Enable fail over mode for LDAP directory access. If disabled, load balancing is used. This setting requires System.Directory#Address to be specified in order to work correctly.

**true** - Failover between LDAP servers.

false - Load balance between LDAP servers (default).

For example:

System.FailoverOnly=true

## **Portal Configuration Object Settings**

#### System.PortalConfigurationObjectDN

Full LDAP directory name of the portal configuration object. For example: System.PortalConfigurationObjectDN=cn=portal,o=nps

#### System.GUID

Globally Unique Identifier (GUID) for the portal configuration object.

For example:

System.GUID={E5BAE001-0000-00F1-1D4E-C6AB89419537}

#### System.Password

Password seed of the portal configuration object.

For example:

System.Password=MyPassword

#### Custom\_Backend\_Renderer\_Portal\_Location

Specifies where iManager will retrieve the style sheets for backend rendering. For more information on this setting, refer to TID #10070553 on the Novell Support Web site (http:// support.novell.com/cgi-bin/search/searchtid.cgi?/10070553.htm).

**NOTE:** This setting should be considered as required when running iManager behind Novell iChain<sup>™</sup> or any other reverse proxy.

For example:

Custom\_Backend\_Renderer\_Portal\_Location=http://127.1.1.1/nps

## **Session Manager Settings**

#### System.SessionManager.Render System.SessionManager.RenderOverride

These settings are used to force rendering on the iManager server.

true - Information is always returned as html to the browser.

false - Information can be returned as html or xml/xsl (default).

NOTE: These settings are commented out by default.

For example:

!System.SessionManager.Render=true

## Render DontCacheStylesheets Settings

#### System.Render.DontCacheStylesheets

This setting is used for development purposes.

**true** - Style sheets are read from the file system on every request. This setting should only be used in development because of the impact on performance.

false - Style sheets are read from iManagers cache (default).

For example:

System.renderer.DontCacheStylesheets=true

## Log Settings

#### Logging Enabled

Enables iManager to keep a log of debug, error, and informational output.

true - Information is logged (default).

**false** - Information is not logged.

For example:

System.Logging=true

#### **Logging Priority**

This determines the type and amount of information written to the output.

**NOTE:** This flag is only used if System.Logging is set to true.

high - Very little information is logged to the output (default).

medium - A moderate amount of information logged to the output.

**low** - All information is written to the output.

For example:

System.Logging.Priority=high

#### Logging Output

This determines the location where logger information is output to.

**NOTE:** This flag is only used if System.Logging is set to true.

err - Information is sent to Standard Error for the system (default).

out - Information is sent to Standard Output for the system.

file - Information is written to the .../webapps/NPS/WEB-INF/Debug.xml file by default.

For example:

System.Logging.Output=err

**NOTE:** Logger output may be configured to be sent to multiple locations. For example: System.Logging.Output=err,file,out

#### Logging Output File

This allows the user to specify a output log file other than the default.

For example:

System.Logging.File=myDebugFile.xml

NOTE: This flag is only used if System.Logging.Output is set to "file".

## **SSL Settings**

#### Warning on Non-Secure Connection

Shows a warning message when accessing iManager with a non-secure connection (using http instead of https).

true - Show a warning for non-secure connections (default).

false - Do not show a warning for non-secure connections.

For example:

Security.Warn.nonSecure=true

#### **Require Secure eDirectory Communication**

Specifies to iManager that it should use SSL when establishing JNDI/LDAP contexts.

NOTE: This only applies to the LDAP connections that are made by iManager tasks, not gadgets.

Additional configuration of the web server and eDirectory is typically required in order to allow secure communication between eDirectory and the web server.

This setting only applies when authenticated to a secondary tree.

Use the System.DirectorySSL directive for specifying a SSL connection to the tree where Portal has been configured.

**true** - When receiving a JNDI/LDAP context from the authentication broker, the connection will be secure.

**false** - The connection will be clear text (default).

For example:

Provider.eMFrame.ssl=false

## **Role-Based Services (RBS)**

#### Show All Roles to Collection Owners

Specifies whether or not to show all of the roles in the administrator's owned collections in their roles and tasks view.

**true** - Show all roles in the Roles and Tasks view to authenticated User objects who are designated owners of an rbsCollection (default).

**false** - Show only assigned roles in the roles and tasks view.

For example:

Provider.eMFrame.ShowRolesInOwnedCollections.enable=true

#### Enable Self Provisioning

Specifies whether to enable the [this] keyword in iManager. This allows the assignment of rights for a user specifically to its own eDirectory object.

**IMPORTANT:** All servers in the tree must be running eDirectory version 8.62 or higher.

For example:

Provider.eMFrame.This.enable=false

#### **RBS Discovery Domain**

Specifies how far to traverse up the tree looking for roles that are assigned to a container.

Valid values are *parent*, *partition* and *root*. A value of parent will discover roles only assigned to the immediate parent container of the user logging in. A value of partition will discover roles assigned to the containers from the parent of the user to the first parent partition. A value of root will discover roles assigned to any container from the user to the root of the tree.

parent - Search from the parent container of the logged in user and all subdirectories (default).

partition - Search from the parent partition of the logged in user and all subdirectories.

**root** - Search from the root of the tree and all subdirectories.

For example:

Provider.eMFrame.Role.discoveryDomain=parent

#### Allow Dynamic Group Role Members

Specifies whether or not a dynamic group can be assigned as the member of a RBS role.

true - Dynamic groups can be assigned as a member of a role.

**false** - Dynamic groups cannot be assigned as a member of a role (default).

For example:

Provider.eMFrame.DynamicGroup.enable=true

#### **Dynamic Group RBS Discovery Domain**

Specifies how far to traverse up the tree looking for Dynamic Groups that are assigned to roles for a container.

Valid values are *parent*, *partition* and *root*. A value of parent will discover Dynamic Groups in the immediate parent container of the user logging in. A value of partition will discover Dynamic Groups in the containers from the parent of the user to the first parent partition. A value of root will discover roles assigned to any container from the user to the root of the tree.

NOTE: This flag is only used if Provider.eMFrame.DynamicGroup.enable is set to true.

parent - Search from the parent container of the logged in user and all subdirectories(default).

**partition** - Search from the parent partition of the logged in user and all subdirectories.

**root** - Search from the root of the tree and all subdirectories.

For example:

Provider.eMFrame.DynamicGroup.discoveryDomain=parent

#### **Dynamic Group Search Types**

Specifies the types of objects to allow as members of RBS roles.

This flag is only used if Provider.eMFrame.DynamicGroup.enable is set to true.

DynamicGroupObjectsOnly - Search for dynamic group objects only (default).

**DynamicGroupObjects&AuxClasses** - Search for dynamic group objects and any object that has the dynamic group auxiliary class.

For example:

Provider.eMFrame.DynamicGroup.Searchtype=DynamicGroupObjectsOnly

#### System.UserClass

By default, the only class searched for contextless login is inetOrgPerson (this is the User object in eDirectory). If you subclass inetOrgPerson it will work in contextless login. However, if you want to use something else, you must specify this setting to over-ride that behavior.

For example:

System.UserClass=person

**NOTE:** The example setting would cause contextless login to search for "person" objects instead of inetOrgPerson objects.

### eGuide Administration

#### eGuide Server Location

Specifies the URL to eGuide. This is used in the eGuide launch button on the header and in the eGuide role and task management tasks. This must be a full URL, (for example, https://my.dns.name/eGuide/servlet/eGuide), or the keyword EMFRAME\_SERVER. Using

EMFRAME\_SERVER causes eMFrame to look for eGuide on the same server that eMFrame is located on.

For example:

Provider.eMFrame.eGuide.location=EMFRAME\_SERVER

## Sample PortalServlet.properties File

This section provides an example of the PortalServlet.properties file included with iManager 2.0.x.

#
# LDAP Server Settings:
#
#
# System.DirectoryAddress:
# Specifies the IP address and port of the LDAP server. The LDAP server is where
# the portal configuration object is located.
#
System.DirectoryAddress=137.65.150.253:389
#
# System.DirectorySSL:
# Specifies that iManager should attempt to connect to LDAP securely.
# NOTE: If this setting is true, the System.DirectoryAddress will need to use
# the LDAP SSL port (Default LDAP SSL port is 636).
# true - SSL connection to LDAP server.
<pre># false - Clear text connection to LDAP server (default).</pre>
#
System.DirectorySSL=false
#
# System.Directory#Address:
# Specifies the IP address and port of the secondary LDAP server(s). iManager is
# designed to have up to three secondary addresses specified. Replace # with
# number 1 - 3.
# EXAMPLE:
#System.Directory1Address=137.65.1.1
#System.Directory2Address=137.65.1.2
#System.Directory3Address=137.65.1.3
# NOTE: All Directory Addresses specified must be in the same tree as the
# System.DirectoryAddress.
#

#
# System.Directory#SSL:
# Specifies if iManager attempts to connect to the secondary LDAP server(s)
# securely. Replace # with number 1 - 3.
# NOTE: If this setting is true, the System.Directory#Address will
# need to use the LDAP SSL port (Default LDAP SSL port is 636).
# true - SSL connection to LDAP server.
<pre># false - Clear text connection to LDAP server (default).</pre>
# EXAMPLE:
#System.Directory1SSL=true
#System.Directory2SSL=true
#System.Directory3SSL=false
#
#
# System.FailoverOnly:
# Enable fail over mode for LDAP directory access. If disabled, load balancing
# is used. This setting requires System.Directory#Address to be specified in order to work
# correctly.
# true - Failover between LDAP servers.
<pre># false - Load balance between LDAP servers (default).</pre>
# EXAMPLE:
#System.FailoverOnly=true
#
#
# Portal Configuration Object Settings:
#
#
<pre># System.PortalConfigurationObjectDN:</pre>
# Full LDAP directory name of the portal configuration object.
#
System.PortalConfigurationObjectDN=cn=portal,o=nps
#
# System.GUID:
# Globally Unique Identifier (GUID) for the portal configuration object.
#
System.GUID={E5BAE001-0000-00F1-1D4E-C6AB89419537}
#

#	System.Password:
#	Password seed of the portal configuration object.
#	
S	ystem.Password=DiscoNNected
#	
#	Custom_Backend_Renderer_Portal_Location:
#	Specifies where iManager will retrieve the style sheets for backend rendering.
#	Please review http://support.novell.com/cgi-bin/search/searchtid.cgi?/10070553.htm
#	for additional information.
#	EXAMPLE:
#	Custom_Backend_Renderer_Portal_Location=http://137.65.147.1/nps
#	
#	NOTE: This setting should be considered as required when running iManager behind Novell
#	iChain or any other reverse proxy.
#	
#	
#	Session Manager Settings:
#	
#	
#	System.SessionManager.Render:
#	System.SessionManager.RenderOverride:
#	These settings are used to force rendering on the iManager server.
#	true - Information is always returned as html to the browser.
#	false - Information can be returned as html or xml/xsl (default).
#	NOTE: These settings are commented out by default.
#	
!	System.SessionManager.Render=true
!	System.SessionManager.RenderOverride=true
#	
#	Render DontCacheStylesheets Settings:
#	
#	
#	System.Render.DontCacheStylesheets:
#	This setting is used for development purposes.
#	true – Stylesheets are read from the file system on every request (This
#	setting should only be used in development because of the
#	performance hit).

# false - Stylesheets are read from iManagers cache (Default). #-----System.renderer.DontCacheStylesheets=true # Log Settings: # Logging Enabled: # Enables iManager to keep a log of debug, error, and informational output. # true - Information is logged (default). false - Information is not logged. # #------System.Logging=true #-----# Logging Priority: # This determines the type and amount of information written to the output. # NOTE: This flag is only used if System.Logging is set to true. high - Very little information is logged to the output (default). # # medium - A moderate amount of information logged to the output. # low - All information is written to the output. #-----System.Logging.Priority=high #-----# Logging Output: # This determines the location where logger information is output to. # NOTE: This flag is only used if System.Logging is set to true. # NOTE: Logger output may be configured to be sent to multiple locations. Example: System.Logging.Output=err,file,out # # err - Information is sent to Standard Error for the system (default). # out - Information is sent to Standard Output for the system. # file - Information is written to the .../webapps/nps/WEB-INF/Debug.xml file by default. System.Logging.Output=err #-----# Logging Output File:

# This allows the user to specify a output log file other than the default.

# NOTE: This flag is only used if System.Logging.Output is set to "file". #-----System.Logging.File=myDebugFile.xml # SSL Settings: #\_\_\_\_\_\_ # Warning on Non-Secure Connection: # Show a warning message when accessing iManager with a non-secure connection (using http instead of https) true - Show a warning for non-secure connections (default). false - Do not show a warning for non-secure connections. Security.Warn.nonSecure=true #-----# Require Secure eDirectory Communication: # Specifies to iManager that it should use SSL when establishing JNDI/LDAP # Contexts. NOTE: This ONLY applies to the LDAP connections that are # made by iManager tasks, not gadgets. NOTE: Additional configuration of the web server and eDirectory is # typically required in order to allow secure communication between # eDirectory and the web server. # NOTE: This setting only applies when authenticated to a secondary tree. # # Use the System.DirectorySSL directive for specifying a SSL connection to the tree where Portal has been configured. # true - When receiving a JNDI/LDAP context from the authentication broker, # the connection will be secure. # # false - The connection will be clear text (default). Provider.eMFrame.ssl=false # Role Based Services: #\_\_\_\_\_\_ # Show All Roles to Collection Owners: # Specify whether or not to show all of the roles in the administrator's owned

# collections in their roles and tasks view. true - Show all roles in the Roles and Tasks view to authenticated # Users who are designated owners of an rbsCollection (default). # false - Show only assigned roles in the roles and tasks view. # #-----Provider.eMFrame.ShowRolesInOwnedCollections.enable=true #-----# Enable Self Provisioning: # Specifies whether to enable [this] in iManager. This allows the assignment # of rights for a user specifically to its own eDirectory object. # Note that all servers in the tree must be version 8.62 or higher. #------Provider.eMFrame.This.enable=false #-----# RBS Discovery Domain: # Specifies how far to traverse up the tree looking for roles that are assigned # to a container. Valid values are parent, partition and root. A value of # parent will discover roles only assigned to the immediate parent container of # the user logging in. A value of partition will discover roles assigned to # the containers from the parent of the user to the first parent partition. # A value of root will discover roles assigned to any container from the user # to the root of the tree. parent - Search from the parent container of the logged in user and all # # subdirectories (default). # partition - Search from the parent partition of the logged in user and all subdirectories. # - Search from the root of the tree and all subdirectories. # root #-----Provider.eMFrame.Role.discoveryDomain=parent #------# Allow Dynamic Group Role Members: # Specify whether or not a dynamic group can be assigned as the member of a # RBS role.

# false - Dynamic groups cannot be assigned as a member of a role (default).
# true - Dynamic groups can be assigned as a member of a role.
#-----

Provider.eMFrame.DynamicGroup.enable=true

\_\_\_\_\_ # Dynamic Group RBS Discovery Domain: # Specifies how far to traverse up the tree looking for Dynamic Groups that # are assigned to roles for a container. Valid values are parent, partition and root. A value of parent will discover Dynamic Groups in the immediate # parent container of the user logging in. A value of partition will discover # Dynamic Groups in the containers from the parent of the user to the first # parent partition. A value of root will discover roles assigned to any container from the user to the root of the tree. # Note that this flag is only used if Provider.eMFrame.DynamicGroup.enable is # set to true. parent - Search from the parent container of the logged in user and all subdirectories (default). # partition - Search from the parent partition of the logged in user and all # # subdirectories. - Search from the root of the tree and all subdirectories. # root \_\_\_\_\_ Provider.eMFrame.DynamicGroup.discoveryDomain=parent \_\_\_\_\_ # Dynamic Group Search Types: # Specifies the types of objects to allow as members of RBS roles. # Note that this flag is only used if Provider.eMFrame.DynamicGroup.enable is # set to true. DynamicGroupObjectsOnly - Search for dynamic group objects only (default). DynamicGroupObjects&AuxClasses - Search for dynamic group objects and any object that has the dynamic group auxiliary class #------Provider.eMFrame.DynamicGroup.Searchtype=DynamicGroupObjectsOnly #------# System.UserClass: # By default, the only class searched for contextless login is "inetOrgPerson" (this is # the User object in eDirectory). If you subclass inetOrgPerson it will work in # contextless login. # However, if you want to use something else, you must specify this setting to over-ride # that behavior. # EXAMPLE: #System.UserClass=person

# NOTE: The example setting would cause contextless login to search for "person" objects
<pre># instead of inetOrgPerson objects</pre>
#
#
# eGuide Administration:
#
#
# eGuide Server Location:
# Specifies the url to eGuide. This is used in the eGuide launch button on
# the header and in the eGuide role and task management tasks. This must be
# a full url, (ie. https://my.dns.name/eGuide/servlet/eGuide), or the keyword
# EMFRAME_SERVER. Using EMFRAME_SERVER causes eMFrame to look for eGuide on
# the same server that eMFrame is located on.
#
Provider.eMFrame.eGuide.location=EMFRAME_SERVER

#